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Index to FAA Office of Aviation Medicine Reports: 1961 Through 2000

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Final Report

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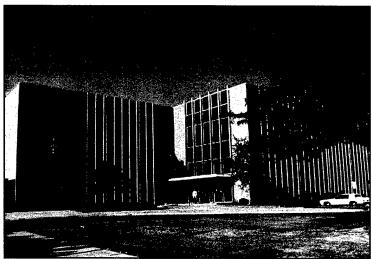
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An index to Federal Aviation Administration Office of Aviation Medicine Reports (1964-2000), CARI Reports (1961-1963), and Civil Aeromedical Institute Reports is presented for those engaged in aviation medicine and related activities. The index lists all FAA aviation medicine reports published from 1961 through 2000: chronologically, alphabetically by author, and alphabetically by subject. A foreword describes historical aspects of the Civil Aeromedical Institute's 40 years of service, describes the index's sections, and explains how to obtain copies of published Office of Aviation Medicine technical reports.				
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Foreword

INDEX TO FAA OFFICE OF AVIATION MEDICINE REPORTS: 1961 THROUGH 2000

Some Historical Observations of CARI/CAMI 1960-1984

S.R. Mohler, M.D., K.A. Hayes, and W.E. Collins, Ph.D.



Completed in 1962, the Civil Aeromedical Institute is the home of aeromedical research, certification, education, and occupational health programs (photo circa 1985).

The Civil Aeromedical Research Center, later called the Civil Aeromedical Research Institute (CARI), was established in August 1960 to develop medical data to meet the problems of civil air operations as civil aviation moved into higher altitudes and supersonic speeds. CARI was placed under the executive and technical direction of the Research Requirements Division, Bureau of Aviation Medicine. Hilliard D. Estes, M.D., a physician in the U.S. Public Health Service, was appointed the first Medical Director of CARI, and Robert P. Clark, Ph.D., was appointed the first Research Director. This dual-directors situation resulted in some confusion regarding primacy of roles, but was resolved when, on August 7, 1961, S.R. Mohler, M.D., was appointed Director of the Civil Aeromedical Research Institute and W.E. Collins, Ph.D., was already recently onboard instituting vestibular and visual research. There were approximately 20 full-time scientists and research support personnel at the new institute plus additional administrative and secretarial staff.

CARI consisted of an Office of the Director, Audio Visuals Service and Research Engineering, and six branches specializing in the areas of biochemistry, biodynamics, environmental physiology, psychology, protection and survival, and neurophysiology. A total of 21 positions was authorized in the operations appropriation for CARI at that time. Researchers concentrated on the following types of projects: (1) man's aging process and the relation to chronological age and pilot proficiency; (2) selection criteria for and environmental stress factors experienced by air traffic controllers; and (3) inflight fatigue affecting flight engineering on jet aircraft. Researchers were housed in several temporary wooden buildings and a gymnasium that were owned by the University of Oklahoma and located at Westheimer Field (a former World War II naval aviation training base) in Norman, Oklahoma, until the CARI Building was completed in October 1962.

The scientists noted above had drawn up their respective aeromedical research projects and had planned and designed the layout for their individual laboratory space in the emerging new 220,000 square foot, four level (one level underground) medical research building at the Aeronautical Center, Will Rogers Field, Oklahoma City. This was said to be the first time that an enthusiastic cadre of scientists had a major role in the design and preparation of their future institute's laboratories.

The scientists were drawn from the US Air Force at Randolph Field, the US Army, the University of Oklahoma Medical School, Ohio State University (the group of protection and survival research personnel led by John J. Swearigen who had previously been moved from the Aeronautical Center to Ohio State University by the Civil Aviation Administration and were now being returned by the FAA to Oklahoma), and other organizations.

In June 1962, the Office of the Deputy Civil Air Surgeon for Research and Operations and the Certification, Research, and Standards Divisions under the Civil Air Surgeon in FAA Headquarters were all moved to Oklahoma City. Also, as a part of this move, the Washington Office Clinic became a part of a new medical Clinical Services Division. The Deputy Civil Air Surgeon was established to provide centralized medical standards, certification, research, and clinic activities for the agency. The only medical operation retained at FAA Headquarters at that time was program planning and management in the immediate Office of the Civil Air Surgeon. The Deputy Civil Air Surgeon's charge consisted of a Medical Research Division (which included CARI and FAA's Clinical Research Institute in Georgetown), Medical Clinical Services Division, Medical Certification Division, and Medical Standards Division. A total of 112 positions was allocated to this organization. This included 50 positions in the operations appropriation and 62 in the facilities, engineering, and development (FE&D) appropriation.

As the scientists settled into the new CARI facility during the fall of 1962 and began their respective aeromedical research studies, a troubling cloud appeared in the form of a Congressional House of Representatives mandated budget ceiling on personnel and funding for the new institute, imposed by Mr. Albert Thomas, then congressman from Houston, Texas, and a powerful appropriations committee chairman. There was, at that time, some tension between Mr. Thomas and Oklahoma Senator Robert S. Kerr regarding the establishment of several FAA and NASA sites.

The planned institute staffing of 212 persons was formally cut back to 100. Recruiting activities for scientists and research support personnel were slowed and the number of planned projects was reduced. The time of the institute's scientists was concentrated on regrouping and reformulating their research plans, and the new Director and the branch chiefs spent much time juggling priorities. When the new institute building was dedicated in October 1962, Mr. Najeeb Halaby, FAA Administrator, invited Mr. Thomas to participate in the proceedings, but that participation had no ameliorative effect on the budget ceiling for the institute.

A peculiar development had occurred in 1960-61 in that the FAA instituted the Georgetown Clinical Research Facility (approximately 20 persons in 1961), later renamed the Georgetown Clinical Research Institute (GCRI). The purpose of the GCRI was to study "longitudinal" pilot aging and look for ways to make individual exceptions to the 1961 FAA "age 60" mandatory retirement regulation for airline pilots. It developed that a similar longitudinal research program on airline pilots was established in 1960 by the National Institutes of Health (NIH) at the Lovelace Foundation, Albuquerque, New Mexico, with the help of S.R. Mohler, M.D., a Public Health Service officer in the Center for Aging Research at NIH, who was about to be offered the Directorship of CARI. Moreover, some FAA Headquarters personnel suggested closing CARI and enlarging the GCRI as they felt it more convenient to administer a medical research program in the same town as FAA headquarters rather than one in Oklahoma.

An assessment of the FAA Headquarters/Aeronautical Center medical structure in December 1962 resulted in the abolishment of the Office of the Deputy Civil Air Surgeon and the transfer of the Standards Division back to FAA Headquarters to augment the Civil Air Surgeon in a major realignment of the Aviation Medical Service. The other existing medical divisions at the Aeronautical Center were retained and reported directly to the Civil Air Surgeon.

In January 1964, CARI was placed under the executive and technical direction of the new Washington-based Aeromedical Education and Research Division in the Aviation Medicine Service. At that time, under Federal Air Surgeon M.S. White, M.D., the Georgetown Clinical Research Institute became a branch of this new division which was established to plan and direct research activities at a national level. The restructuring was part of a poorly executed and unsuccessful decision to reorganize

and reduce CARI research staffing and functions. This decision received significant public attention and contributed to later changes in Washington leadership. As one further, but temporary result, in July 1965, Administrator Halaby directed that the medical research program be managed directly by the Federal Air Surgeon.

The CARI medical certification, research, and clinic activities were reorganized into one division in October 1965. At that time, the Institute was renamed the Civil Aeromedical Institute (CAMI) and was placed under the executive direction of the new Aeronautical Center Director, Mr. Lloyd Lane. Technical direction continued to be provided by the Federal Air Surgeon. CAMI consisted of four branches – Administrative and Technical Branch, Aeromedical Certification Branch, Aeromedical Research Branch, and Aeromedical Services Branch. J. Robert Dille, M.D., was named chief of CAMI in December 1965. A total of 172 positions (93 operations and 79 RE&D) were authorized to CAMI at that time, representing what proved to be a one-year reduction of 21 RE&D positions.

The issue of CARI versus GCRI was settled by the Government Accounting Office in a report that recommended closing GCRI, due in part to its duplication of the NIH supported Lovelace longitudinal aging study of pilots. The new Federal Air Surgeon, Peter Siegal, M.D., also had received an Ad Hoc Advisory Committee report to the effect that the GCRI was not following a clear statistical design relative to its study population and, accordingly, had made no notable progress toward achieving the goal for which it had been established. Moreover, the cost of maintaining two medical research facilities – one overcrowded (GCRI) and one underutilized due to the Congressional ceiling situations - was more than difficult to defend. The GCRI positions and dollars were moved to CAMI in 1966 restoring the CAMI level to 100 positions.

At that time, newly appointed FAA Administrator, William McKee, gave a speech to an Aerospace Medical Association annual meeting and stated that CARI would contract for a large moveable hydraulic lift platform that had capabilities of tilting and would raise the fuselage of an airline-type aircraft for passenger emergency evacuation studies. The money from GCRI was used for this platform and, as only one GCRI person elected to move to Oklahoma, the position authorizations began to be melded into the Institute in Oklahoma. By this time, S.R. Mohler, M.D., had moved to Washington and had assisted in preparing the Administrator's speech. The

evacuation simulator proposal seemed very timely as several airline accidents involving passenger evacuation problems had occurred in the relatively recent past.

In 1966, a Clinical Research Laboratory was established in the Aeromedical Research Branch in which to place the scientists from the FAA's closed out Georgetown Clinical Research Institute. In August 1968, the aeromedical education function was moved from the Aviation Medical Service in FAA Headquarters to CAMI so that existing CAMI facilities (altitude chambers, etc.) could be utilized. At that time, the Aeromedical Education Branch was established. With this came the responsibility of aeromedical education and information programs supporting safety and promotion of civil aviation; and development of standards and procedures governing the selection, designation, training, and management of physicians appointed to conduct aviation medical examinations of civil airmen in the U.S. and abroad. Also in 1968, a Technical Staff and Administrative Staff were established to assume functions of the former Administrative and Technical Branch; however, these functions were later moved to the Aeromedical Research Branch and the division office in July 1979. A biostatistical staff was established in June 1968 but was later moved to the Aeromedical Research Branch in April 1975. The Aeromedical Services Branch was retitled Aeromedical Clinical Branch in June 1968; that branch was abolished by the Federal Air Surgeon in May 1981 based on new funding restrictions and established priorities, but the Aeronautical Center Director reestablished and staffed it in October 1981, under CAMI direction, in order to support the training aspects of the air traffic recovery program. (For most of the decade, the Aeronautical Center budgeted for the clinic function and transferred funding to CAMI; CAMI negotiated successfully to reestablish budgeting authority through OAM in the early 1990s.) CAMI was thus structured with an Aeromedical Research Branch, Aeromedical Certification Branch, Aeromedical Education Branch, and Aeromedical Clinical Branch.

In the late 1960s and into the early 1970s, a series of events arose in aviation that led to the vitiation of the earlier mentioned resource ceiling on FAA medical research resources. Serious labor problems with the FAA air traffic controllers and FAA management at the facility, area, regional, and Washington headquarters levels began to develop throughout the National Aerospace System. The "vacuum tube" air traffic control hardware and the problems with the new software along with the necessary

shift work rotations began to escalate air traffic controller stress concerns. The contributions by researchers at CAMI and the need to properly support CAMI scientists with respect to air traffic controller psychological, physiological, and medical aspects were becoming apparent. Mr. Albert Thomas had passed away in 1966, but the funding ceiling for CAMI persisted through 1983 (although by 1972 overall RE&D funding for OAM began to increase). Moreover, in 1973 the number of authorized research positions dropped from 100 to 97, a loss that was later attributed to an error on the part of the FAA budget office. When the loss was called to the attention of the budget office, a decision was allegedly made to leave it at 97 on the grounds that the budget document was too far along in the process to seek a correction. The correction was never made. In addition to the in-house research at CAMI, the FAA made available to OAM an additional \$700,000 for a longitudinal study by Boston University's Dr. Robert Rose on controller stress and illness. The FAA designated a Headquarters medical officer to help Dr. Rose to develop the contract for the proposed landmark study during the subsequent four-year period (1974-78), and the physician who was assigned to help develop this contract and to help Dr. Rose during the four-year period it was in force and monitored by the Office of Aviation Medicine was S.R. Mohler, M.D. That influx of those contract funds established a higher dollar base for the Office of Aviation Medicine's overall research programs. It also established the use of those types of funds by the Washington office so that some research projects came to be funded and monitored outside of CAMI.

The Rose study reflected one of the agency's thrusts to evaluate scientifically issues related to air traffic controller stress. Other research was being conducted at CAMI on related stress topics. Specifically, field studies of controller shift schedules and air traffic workload along with psychological assessments of anxiety, job attitudes, and interest patterns were completed.

In the late 1970's, an interesting option began to be considered by the FAA and the Department of Transportation. Specifically, there was a proposal to convert CAMI to a departmental function as the Transportation Biomedical Research Institute (TBRI). That proposal received considerable attention over a number of months and appeared to be favorably viewed at the highest levels of DOT. However, interest waned and the proposal was never acted upon.

In 1979, the FAA conducted an "early out" program to reduce staffing levels. A number of research staff took advantage of the opportunity to retire early and, as a

result, the authorized position levels were subsequently reduced from 97 to 90 (although actual staffing levels never approached these numbers, due, in major part, to the insufficiency of funding).

In the summer of 1981, a major event occurred in the history of the FAA and of U.S. labor law. The Professional Air Traffic Controllers Organization (PATCO) went on strike and refused to return to work at the order of U.S. President Ronald Reagan. President Reagan fired the striking controllers, and the FAA undertook a strike recovery program which included the unprecedented hiring and basic training of over 8,000 air traffic controller applicants in a 2-year period. CAMI played a key role in the recovery program.

As the need for an FAA recovery plan developed, the significant skills of CAMI scientists and their considerable knowledge about air traffic controller selection and training were recognized by then FAA Administrator J. Lynn Helms. A CAMI scientist, Dr. James O. Boone, was appointed to the Administrator's staff and moved to Washington Headquarters to assist in the strategic and operational recovery planning. Other scientists, led by Allan D. VanDeventer, took full charge of CAMI's controller selection research program and provided the local research leadership for the FAA Academy to help make strike recovery work; that included changing the ATC Screen program to make it more efficient with respect to success in Academy training. The importance of CAMI's contributions to strike recovery was underscored by Administrator Helms when he provided certificates of commendation and appreciation from Pan American World Airways dated May 6, 1982, to regional and center headquarters offices, air route traffic control centers, level IV and V terminals; level III Flight Service Stations, the FAA Academy—and to CAMI. The certificate recognized the "outstanding performance of FAA employees in maintaining a high level of safety and operations following the controller strike." Helms also noted in his August 2, 1982, memorandum that he believed that "this is the first time in the history of Pan American World Airways that the Board of Directors has authorized a commendation for a total organization."

As part of the strike recovery effort, following outcomes from contract studies of air traffic controllers (the "Jones Committee Report") and with support from CAMI psychologists, Administrator Helms requested that CAMI scientists develop a questionnaire to assess the FAA's organizational culture as a means of establishing a baseline to determine the effects of organizational interventions. That effort was designed to provide a base of information

that could help to prevent the type of impasse that led to the air traffic controller strike and firings. The first FAA Employee Survey was conducted in 1984 as a census of all FAA employees. It was a major undertaking. All aspects of the survey from development of the items, to printing, mailing, scoring, statistical analyses, and preparation of reports were conducted at CAMI under the direction of David J. Schroeder, Ph.D. The scannable survey form comprised 66 substantive items, was distributed to about 47,000 employees at their home addresses (a considered decision by agency management, reflecting some of the continuing concerns of that period), and yielded a 55% return rate. Although there had been considerable managerial anxiety about the conduct of this first agency-wide survey, and although the results showed a number of areas in need of improvement, the survey project was a highly successful one - it led to consideration by management of plans to improve aspects of the work environment, and identified successful policies. In support of the perceived value of the survey approach, the Administrator decided to continue use of the survey on a biennial basis.

A confluence of events during this time led to some later organizational changes involving both the research branch and the Institute as a whole. Specifically, in 1981 OAM had been moved by departing Administrator Langhorne M. Bond from reporting directly to his office and was organizationally placed under the Associate Administrator for Aviation Standards (AVS). In 1983, Walter S. Lufsey (AVS-1), at the request of FAA Administrator Helms, assigned a study of CAMI research to a staff member, William Smith, Ph.D., who had a background in physics. The so-called "Smith Report," formally released in 1984, presented a plan for modifying the CAMI research structure (removing some aeromedical areas from a research to an operations category), introduced the rather cumbersome term "workplace performance optimization" — to cover selection, training, and survey studies — as an area of acceptable research along with "protection and survival" and "workload and performance", emphasized the need for research sponsorship by an operational agency element, and led AVS-1 to recommend that the Institute be re-aligned under the Associate Administrator for Development and Logistics (ADL-1), noting that CAMI's Aeromedical Research Branch was receiving executive direction from the Aeronautical Center, programmatic direction from the Federal Air Surgeon

(under AVS), and was funded from research budgets managed by ADL. The "workplace performance optimization" category survived for about a decade while the enhanced sponsorship recommendation was addressed and developed in future years. However, CAMI's basic research structure stayed intact. Meanwhile, the strike, the successful recovery efforts, and the successful survey project emphasized the need by the agency to direct more attention to its human resources. In that regard, CAMI psychologists had provided leadership and accomplishments significant enough by 1984 to lead agency executives, particularly the highly respected Associate Administrator for Administration, Mr. Gene Weithoner, to seek actively to assure a more prominent role for that group in the organization. The Aeronautical Center Director, Mr. Benjamin Demps, strongly supported the enhancement of human resources research (he had also had very positive first-hand experience with CAMI psychologists when he had served as Superintendent of the FAA Academy). Mr. Demps developed a chronology of CARI/CAMI organizational events and a position paper in 1984 for the FAA Administrator, drafted by K. A. Hayes, to establish a Human Resources Research Institute at the Aeronautical Center by converting the Aviation Psychology Laboratory to that role. (A similar, less formalized attempt to effect the same type of result was generated among the human resources offices in Washington Headquarters in late 1988). However, no immediate action was taken on those initiatives.

Postscript: The major outcome of the 1984 organizational suggestions was the 1986 decision and the January 1987 conversion of the Aviation Psychology Laboratory within the Aeromedical Research Branch to its own branch status as the Human Resources Research Branch. Moreover, in a determination order by Brooks Goldman, Associate Administrator for Administration, dated May 30, 1986, CAMI was formally transferred back under the Office of Aviation Medicine and became a tenant organization at the Aeronautical Center—the position it had originally held from 1960-1965. (That order also acknowledged the "loan" by the Aeronautical Center of aeromedical clinical resources.) In December 1988, all of the CAMI branches were elevated to division status with the Aeromedical Clinical Branch renamed the Occupational Health Division. These organizational changes remained effective through the year 2000.

Additional References

Other CARI/CAMI historical vignettes appear immediately following this article and as prefaces in previous Index reports, viz, FAA Report Nos. DOT/FAA/AM87-1, DOT/FAA/AM97-1, and DOT/FAA/AM98-1.

A Brief History of OAM Research Funding, Staffing, and Technical Report Production

W.E. Collins, Ph.D. and Gale G. Dills

With the establishment of the Civil Aeromedical Research Institute (CARI) in 1960, research staffing, funding, and the production of technical reports by the Office of Aviation Medicine (OAM) were initially centered in CARI. Indeed, the first three years of research publications (1961-63) were termed CARI reports. The use of the OAM logo and the like change in the designation of those reports began in 1964. Research funding also was tied to CARI/CAMI during the 1960s; later, Washington Headquarters retained funds designated as contract dollars and issued and monitored contracts in such areas as air traffic controller (ATC) selection, aspects of air piracy research, ATC color vision, aspects of aircraft maintenance, and others over the years. The discrepancies between CARI/CAMI funding and overall Office of Aviation Medicine research funding is largely accounted for by the allocation and use of contract dollars from Washington Headquarters. CAMI has always been primarily a handson conductor of research and had relatively little or no annually contracted research until the 1990s. During that decade, an expansion of the vision for CAMI research and a concomitant increase in resources – both personnel and dollars – led to an enhanced approach to contracting and, for the first time in 1993, to awarding research grants in support of internal programmatic goals.

Nevertheless, the first two contracted studies by CARI/ CAMI were initiated early in its history, at about the same time, and resulted in final reports in October and November 1964. One of these, not surprisingly, dealt with air traffic controllers (Investigation of the Training-Performance Criteria for Several Federal Aviation Agency Occupational Specialties by M. Clinton Miller III, Department of Preventive Medicine and Public Health, University of Oklahoma Medical Center); the other (Vestibular Investigations in Mammals by R.D. Burns, Ph.D., University of Oklahoma, University of Oklahoma Research Institute, June 1962-July 1964) had the added benefit of providing CARI/CAMI with a model RS-2 Stille-LKB rotating chair for vestibular stimulation. The Stille device was employed extensively for decades as a research tool and to demonstrate aspects of spatial disorientation; it later became the basis for commercially produced disorientation trainers, and, to date, is still operable and used as needed.

Figures 1 and 2 show the history of appropriations and authorized positions for the OAM and for CARI/CAMI, respectively. Because the Institute always received the major share of the appropriations, the time course of dollar support in both graphs is similar and, during the 1960s, was veridical.

A similar situation is evident in the position allocation data in both curves with the exception of 1965 and 1986-88. The former case represented a peculiar drop from 100 to 79 as part of the agency order that changed CARI to CAMI; the level reverted back to 100 the following year. Except for 1965 and the 1986-88 period, during which three positions were moved from CAMI to the Washington office, all the research positions were nominally located in Oklahoma City. The displacement of those three positions was effected by Federal Air Surgeon Frank Austin, M.D., who used them to support the Headquarters OAM staff that was monitoring contract research. The positions were returned to CAMI in 1990.

Aeromedical research positions moved up from 62 in 1962 to a 100-level ceiling beginning in 1963, shortly after Stanley R. Mohler, M.D., had become CARI Director. The ceiling of 100 had been set initially by Mr. Albert Thomas' Congressional appropriations committee and was never exceeded. In 1965, the level dropped to 79 as part of the order when CARI was reorga-



Dr. S.R. Mohler (c. 1962)

nized as CAMI, but rose back to 100 in 1966 when positions at the defunct Georgetown Clinical Research Institute were transferred to CAMI. In 1974, the level dropped to 97 – allegedly on the basis of an error by the agency budget office at Washington Headquarters that was never corrected. Somewhat ironically, OAM research funding increased at about the same time due, in part, to agency support of the so-called "Rose Study" of air traffic controllers.

Overall OAM funding showed a modest linear increase from 1970-1978 and then leveled off for 5 years, but CAMI research dollars remained level over the same

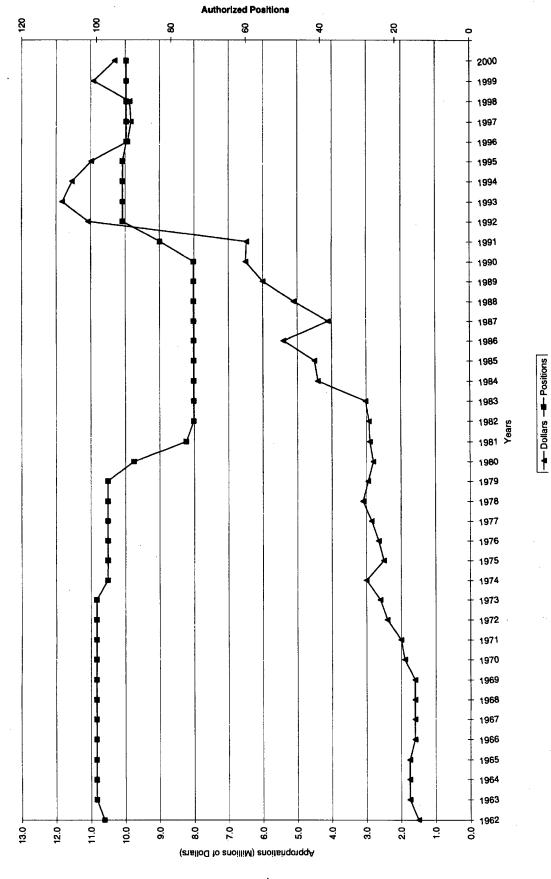


Figure 1. History of appropriations for the Office of Aviation Medicine: 1961-2000.

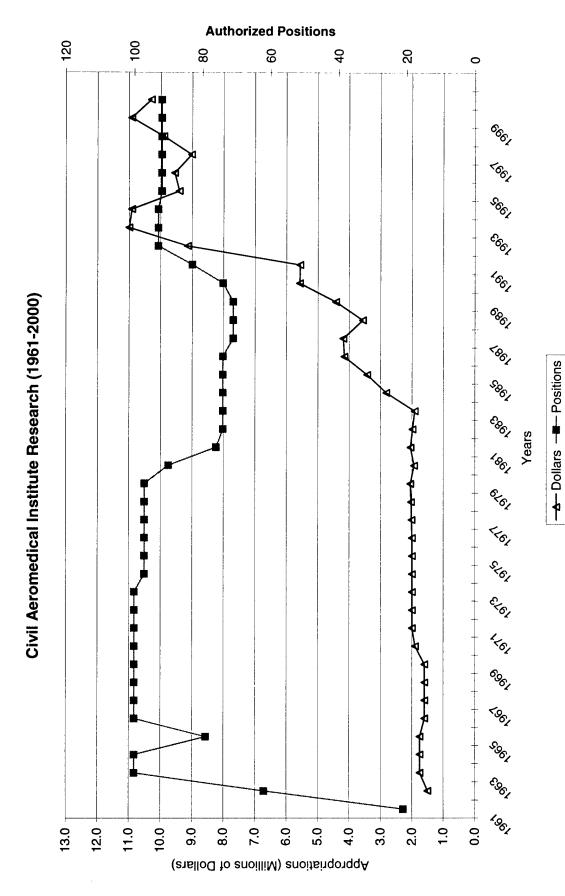


Figure 2. History of appropriations for the Civil Aeromedical Institute: 1961-2000.

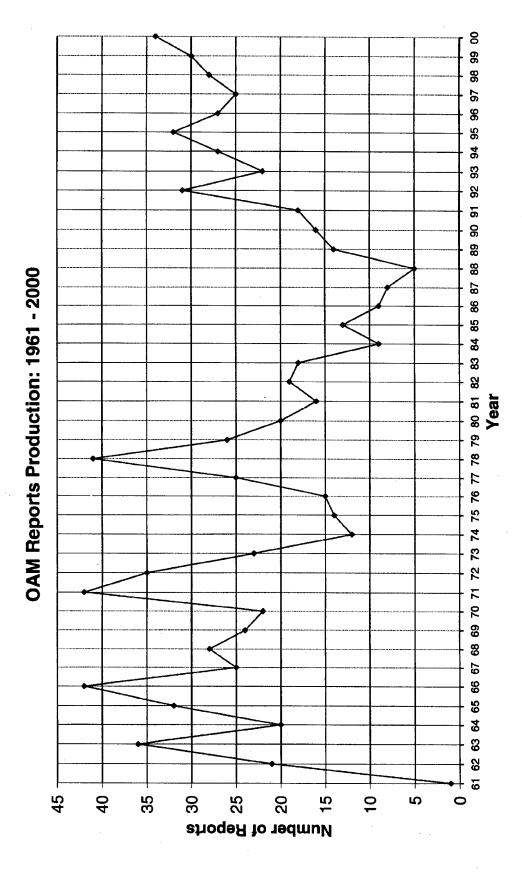


Figure 3. Office of Aviation Medicine Technical Reports: By Year, 1961-2000.

time period. During the 1978-83 period, the number of authorized positions fell on three occasions. The first (1980) was related to an "early out" program conducted by the agency and reduced the authorized number to 90 positions. Subsequent reductions occurred in 1981 (to 76 positions) and 1982, leveling off at 74 positions. Also, during this period, a change occurred in the allocation of positions. While previously (and subsequently) all positions were RE&D (i.e., Research, Engineering, and Development), during 1975-1983 from 58 to 77 of the positions were FE&D (Facilities, Equipment, and Development) slots; the remaining 16-20 positions were designated as RE&D. Those variations reflected Washington budget office decisions related to much larger FE&D and RE&D issues. Partly as a result of the increased emphases related to the controller strike, strike recovery, the Employee Attitude Survey, and a new look at selecting and training controllers (along with the diminishing amounts of research resources after CAMI personnel costs were deducted), some increase in OAM funding occurred from 1984-1986, a major part of which was assigned to the Institute.

J. Robert Dille, M.D., who had served as CAMI Director since 1965, retired at the end of 1987. Following several months of rotating acting CAMI managers, William E. Collins, Ph.D., was appointed deputy manager (the term "Director" was temporarily not used because agency officials had come to feel it conflicted with the titles of FAA regional and cen-



Dr. J. Robert Dille (c. 1963)

ter directors - it was later restored) in 1988 and CAMI Director in 1989. During that time negotiations to return the three CAMI research positions that had been relocated to the Washington office in 1987 were successful; the positions were reallocated to CAMI in 1990 by Federal Air Surgeon Robert R. McMeekin, M.D. Although the Institute had 74 authorized research positions, by 1988 only 57 full-time permanent personnel were on board and CAMI's research funding was not adequate for a larger base of personnel. It should be noted that CAMI had never been fully staffed, based jointly on the restricted funding issues and on the budgetary application of a limiting number of FTEs (full time equivalent) for staffing levels; those FTEs were always below the position levels. Given the approximate 2-year lag in the normal budget process, an immediate concerted effort to

negotiate an improvement in resources was needed at every level (Agency, Department, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and the Congress). Those efforts were successfully undertaken and resulted in significant increases in both positions and dollars. Positions jumped from 74 to 83 in 1991 and then to 93 in 1992. Funding went from less than \$4 million in 1987-88 to over \$5 million in 1990 to more than \$11 million in 1993.

It is perhaps of some interest that these staffing increases were almost topped during the 1993 budget process. At that time CAMI had successfully requested 5 more positions - uniquely the Agency was requesting no others - and had seen them retained during the first FAA-DOT-OMB pass through of the budget (although no new funding was being requested). The positions survived the final FAA cut but were dropped during the final DOT pass through by Admiral James B. Busey who had served as the FAA Administrator from 1989 - 1991 and had moved from there to a DOT position. The grounds reported for removing the 5 positions at that stage were that no new air traffic control or safety positions were

being requested in the budget, and no funding for the 5 CAMI positions was in the budget. The OAM-CAMI position level stayed at 93.

Throughout 95.

Throughout the first three decades of CARI/CAMI research, budgets were submitted through the Office of the Federal (nee Civil) Air Surgeon, and funding was provided to that office and distributed to the Institute.



Dr. W.E. Collins (c. 1965)

Aviation Medicine was a research budget line. By 1989, however, as part of a response to industry/professional organization/advisory group recommendations, the agency initiated a "human factors" research emphasis that included the hiring of a scientific and technical advisor for human factors. The appointee, Clay Foushee, Ph.D., began to develop a human factors research plan and to work with the agency budget officials. The agency research budget was divided into chapters and the new human factors thrust was assigned to Chapter 8. There was considerable interaction in the budget meetings regarding the title for Chapter 8 - Dr. Foushee and some others preferred "Human Factors" as the title to subsume aviation medicine, aspects of research at the FAA Technical Center (particularly with respect to air traffic controllers), and Washington-based research contracts in various human factors areas. However, perseverance by aviation medicine in these budget meetings led finally to titling Chapter 8 as "Human Factors and Aviation Medicine" - an accomplishment largely attributable to the onsite work of William T. Shepherd, Ph.D., an OAM-based psychologist. The importance of maintaining the identity of aviation medicine research in this instance, and in a later instance regarding logos, transcends any purely nominal issues. Because the agency is largely geared to, and staffed in, regulatory, engineering, and development areas, the unique person-oriented research approach that typifies the OAM research programs needs to be imbedded in a similarly oriented office if it is to maintain its human-centered thrust. This perhaps not-so-apparent need manifested itself clearly as early as 1991 when the first budget-line "program managers" for the new Chapter 8 expressed strong interest in discontinuing support of various productive human performance research programs at CAMI in favor of engineering-related projects. That approach disappeared with the assignment of new "program managers" with broader agency and research perspectives.

The funding mechanisms subsequently changed. Dr. Foushee developed an office and a staff within the agency's aviation research organization and by 1992 CAMI was being funded directly from the research budget office while the contract research being conducted from the Office of Aviation Medicine was given separate funds. In 1995, the latter transfer of funds ceased and, while aviation medicine's contract research from the Washington office continued with the small staff there, funding was drawn from the Office of Aviation Research (AAR) and not allocated to OAM. In 1997, a similar change was attempted for CAMI funding but a case was vigorously and successfully made to allocate immediately to CAMI each year's funding for all "in-house" costs (i.e., everything except contracts and grants for research by outside organizations) and to follow-up during the first quarter of the year (beginning in FY-98) with CAMI's contract research/grants funding. In 1996, the Congressional appropriation for all of FAA's RE&D funding changed, without notice, from a "no-year appropriation" to a "3year appropriation."

CAMI's research productivity is largely defined by its output of technical reports. Indeed, it is probably the best indicator of its published (or public) research

results. Such a measure, while of singular importance, represents only part of the value derived from its research program. CAMI researchers also publish in scientific journals, make scientific presentations at national and international meetings, give safety lectures, provide data and knowledge for educational purposes, and serve as agency, department, national, and international consultants in their areas of expertise. However, as is evident from Figure 3, productivity as measured by technical reports was highly variable irrespective of funding levels during the first two decades. The peak in 1978 is partly attributable to some extra efforts to complete projects before a 1979 "early out" program by the agency to reduce overall staffing levels. From that peak, however, two clear trends emerged. Productivity dropped steadily from 1978 to 1988 to a low of 5 reports; it then increased steadily to an average of about 28 per year during the later half of the 1990's. It is perhaps of some interest that in 1995, AAR developed a logo and initiated an undertaking to use that logo on OAM reports - first in place of the OAM logo, later along with it. Pursuit of both alternatives was discontinued after several months of intermittent discussions to insure the integrity of the medical programs.

The position gains (to 93) were later tempered when the agency introduced a "buy out" program in 1994 (along with a required change in the ratio of employees to supervisors/managers - to reduce the size of the supervisory staff) as part of U.S. Vice President Gore's goal to reduce the size of government. As a result, the agency's overall research program was required to reduce its number of authorized positions and restrict filling the remaining positions by seven positions per year for the following three years. CAMI was able to retain 92 authorized positions (an initial determination to set the level at 88, based on prior-year vacancies, was successfully changed), and the allowed employment level (staffing ceiling) settled at 89 in meeting these agency goals. Those levels were maintained through the year 2000.

Similarly, the peak funding levels achieved by CAMI in 1993 and 1994 were affected following the 1994 "buyout" by reductions in 1995 - 1997; a return to those peak levels began in 1998 and was sustained in years 1999 and 2000.

How to use the Index

The Index is organized in three sections:

- 1. Chronological Index: A cumulative list of all research reports from 1961 through 2000.
- 2. Author Index: An index of authors, in alphabetical order.
- 3. Subject Index: An index of subjects, listed in alphabetical order.

Some examples are:

00-19 Nakagawara, V.B., Wood, K.J., and Montgomery, R.W: Refractive surgery in aircrew members who fly for scheduled and non-scheduled civilian airlines.

Above: This is an entry from the **Chronological Index** of research reports, shown in cumulative sequence.

Bailey, L.L. 96-24, 98-24, 99-17, 99-24, 99-25, 99-27, 00-14, 00-17, 00-25, 00-28.

Left: This is an entry from the **Author Index**, which lists all of the research reports prepared by an author or co-author.

Accidents

- ... age of pilots, 77-10.
- ... agricultural aircraft, 66-27, 66-30, 72-15, 78-31, 80-3.
- ... alcohol involved, 66-29, 68-16, 78-31, 80-4, 92-24, 98-5, 00-21.
- ... analyses of injuries, 70-16, 71-3, 72-15, 81-10, 82-7.

Left: An example of entries in the **Subject Index**; refers to all reports that pertain to a specific topic.

REPORT NUMBERS

98-23 Broach, D. (Editor): Recovery of the FAA Air Traffic Control specialist workforce, 1981-1992. ADA355135

Above: The first numbers (98-23) refer to the year and chronological number of the report. This is an abbreviated portion of the official number given each report and is found in the upper left of the report's cover page. The full report number of "98-23" is DOT/FAA/AM-98/23. The "ADA355135" is the number appended to the report by the National Technical Information Service. Keep the number system in mind when ordering.

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Contents

Part I Chronological Index	· 1
Part II Author Index	1 9
Part III Subject Index	59

PART I: CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX

FAA Office of Aviation Medicine Reports: 1961 through 2000

1961	1901 tilrough 2000
61-1	Trites, D. K: Problems in air traffic management: I. Longitudinal prediction of effectiveness of air traffic controllers. AD268954
1962	
62-1	Swearingen, J. J., Wheelwright, C. D., and Garner, J. D: An analysis of sitting areas and pressures of man. AD271138
62-2	Cobb, B. B., Jr: Problems in air traffic management: II. Prediction of success in air traffic controller school. N62-10354
62-3	Trites, D. K., and Cobb, B. B., Jr: Problems in air traffic management: III. Implications of age for training and job performance of air traffic controllers. N62-10353
62-4	Swearingen, J. J., and Mohler, S. R: Sonotropic effects of commercial air transport sound on birds. AD280212
62-5	Iampietro, P. F., and Goldman, R: Prediction of energy cost of treadmill work. AD280607
62-6	Balke, B: Human tolerances. AD421156
62-7	Hasbrook, A. H., and Earley, J. C: Failure of rearward-facing seat backs and resulting injuries in a survivable transport accident. AD421157
62-8	Smith, P. W: Toxic hazards in aerial application. AD421158
62-9	Hasbrook, A.H., Garner, J. D., and Snow, C. C: Evacuation pattern analysis of a survivable commercial aircraft crash. AD282893
62-10	Daugherty, J. W., Lacey, D. E., and Korty, P: Problems in aerial application: I. Some biochemical effects of lindane and dieldrin on vertebrates. AD288413
62-11	Hawkes, G. R: Tactile communication. AD288414
62-12	Dille, J.R., Newton, N. L., and Culver, J. F: The effects of simulated altitude on penetrating eye injuries. AD288415
62-13	Swearingen, J. J., Hasbrook, A. H., Snyder, R, G., and McFadden, E. B: Kinematic behavior of the human body during deceleration. AD283938
62-14	Swearingen, J. J: Determination of centers of gravity of man. AD287156
62-15	Gogel, W. C: The visual perception of size and distance. AD287197
62-16	Hawkes, G. R: Absolute identifications of cutaneous stimuli varying in both intensity level and duration. AD295134
62-17	Collins, W. E: Manipulation of arousal and its effects on human vestibular nystagmus induced by caloric irrigation and angular accelerations. AD290348
62-18	Hinshaw, L. B., Brake, C. M., Iampietro, P. F., and Emerson, T. E., Jr: Effect of increased venous pressure on renal

hemodynamics. AD295137

- 62-19 Snyder, R. G: A case of survival of extreme vertical impact in seated position. AD295136
- 62-20 Mohler, S. R: Civil aeromedical research: Responsibilities, aims, and accomplishments. AD295135
- 62-21 McFadden, E. B., Raeke, J. W., and Young, J. W: An improved method for determining the efficiency of crew and passenger oxygen masks. AD297835

- 63-1 Emerson, T. E., Jr., Hinshaw, L. B., Brake, C. M., and Iampietro, P. F: The development of reversible hematuria and oliguria following elevation of renal venous pressure. AD299775
- Mohler, S. R., and Dille, J. R: Resume and index of reports of the Civil Aeromedical Research Institute, 1961-1962. AD431924
- 63-3 Collins, W. E: Observations on the elicitation of secondary and inverted primary nystagmus from the cat by unilateral caloric irrigation. AD413456
- Daugherty, J. W., Lacey, D. E., and Korty, P: Problems in aerial application: II. Effects of chlorinated hydrocarbons on substratelinked phosphorylation. AD418504
- 63-5 Melton, C. E., Jr: Neural control of the ciliary muscle. AD413392
- 63-6 Balke, B: A simple field test for the assessment of physical fitness. AD413393
- 63-7 Tobias, J. V., and Jeffress, L. A: Relation of earphone transient response to measurement of onset-duration. AD413391
- 63-8 McKenzie, J. M., Fowler, P. R., and Lyne, P. J: Calibration of an electronic counter and pulse height analyzer for plotting erythrocyte volume spectra. AD425598
- 63-9 Swearingen, J. J., and McFadden, E. B: Studies of air loads on man. AD602207
- 63-10 Gogel, W. C: The perception of depth from binocular disparity. AD429827
- 63-11 Lategola, M. T: In vivo measurement of total gas pressure in mammalian tissue. AD425537
- 63-12 Nagle, F. J., Balke, B., Ganslen, R. V., and Davis, A. W: The mitigation of physical fatigue with Spartase. AD429001
- 63-13 Collins, W. E: Primary, secondary, and caloric nystagmus of the cat following habituation to rotation. AD428756
- 63-14 Collins, W. E: Nystagmus responses of the cat to rotation and to directionally equivalent and nonequivalent stimuli after unilateral caloric habituation. AD425565
- 63-15 Snyder, R. G: Human survivability of extreme impacts in free-fall. AD425412
- 63-16 Emerson, T. E., Jr., Brake, C. M., and Hinshaw, L. B: Mechanisms of action of the insecticide endrin. AD431299
- 63-17 Tobias, J. V: Application of a "relative" procedure to a problem in binaural beat perception. AD428899
- 63-18 Balke, B: Experimental evaluation of work capacity as related to chronological and physiological aging. AD431301
- 63-19 Wernick, J. S., and Tobias, J. V: A central factor in pure tone auditory fatigue. AD428737
- 63-20 Gogel, W. C: The visual perception of spatial extent. AD432587

- 63-21 Tang, P. C., and Dille, J. R: In-flight loss of consciousness; a case report. AD430394
- 63-22 Hinshaw, L. B., Page, B. B., Brake, C. M., Emerson, T. E., Jr., and Masucci, F. D: The mechanisms of intrarenal hemodynamic changes following acute arterial occlusion. AD431302
- 63-23 Higgins, E. A., Iampietro, P. F., Adams, T., and Holmes, D. D: The effects of a tranquilizer on body temperature. AD432484
- 63-24 Dille, J. R., and Smith, P. W: Central nervous system effects of chronic exposure to organophosphate insecticides. AD434090
- 63-25 Adams, T., Funkhouser, G. E., and Kendall, W. W: A method for the measurement of physiologic evaporative water loss. AD603418
- 63-26 Reins, D. A., Holmes, D. D., and Hinshaw, L. B: Acute and chronic effects of the insecticide endrin on renal function and renal hemodynamics. AD602206
- 63-27 Dille, J. R., Crane, C. R., and Pendergrass, G. E: The flammability of lip, face, and hair preparations in the presence of 100% oxygen. AD602204
- 63-28 Gogel, W. C: Size cues and the adjacency principle. AD602205
- 63-29 Collins, W. E: Task-control of arousal and the effects of repeated unidirectional angular acceleration on human vestibular responses. AD603419
- 63-30 Snyder, R. G., Ice, J., Duncan, J. C., Hyde, A. S., and Leverett, S., Jr: Biomedical research studies in acceleration. AD601531 Supplement—AD801793
- 63-31 Trites, D. K., and Cobb, B. B., Jr: Problems in air traffic management: IV. Comparison of preemployment, job-related experience with aptitude tests as predictors of training and job performance of air traffic control specialists. AD603416
- 63-32 Hinshaw, L. B., Emerson, T. E., Jr., and Brake, C. M: Mechanism of autoregulation in the intact kidney. AD603417
- 63-33 Dill, D. B., Robinson, S. Balke, B., and Newton, J. L: Work tolerance: Age and altitude. AD603932
- 63-34 Ganslen, R. V., Balke, B., Phillips, E. E., and Nagle, F: Effects of some tranquilizing, analeptic, and vasodilating drugs on physical work capacity and orthostatic tolerance. AD603930
- 63-35 Pearson, R. G: Human factors aspects of lightplane safety. AD603931
- Tech. Pub. #1 Collins, W. E., Tobias, J. V., Capps, M. J., and Allen, M. E: Annotated bibliography of recently translated material.

 I. AD424640

- Wentz, A. E: Studies on aging in aviation personnel. AD456652
- Naughton, J., Balke, B., and Nagle, F: The effect of physical conditioning on an individual before and after suffering a myocardial infarction. AD456653
- Nagle, F. J., and Balke, M: The gradational step test for assessing cardiorespiratory capacity: An experimental evaluation of treadmill and step test procedures. AD456654
- 64-4 Spieth, W: Cardiovascular health status, age, and psychological performance. AD453578

- 64-5 Moser, K. M: Current status of clot dissolution therapy. AD453579
- 64-6 Seipel, J. H., and Wentz, A. E: Unsuspected neurologic disease in aviation personnel: Survival following seizures in flight. AD453580
- 64-7 Houk, V. N., Hufnagel, C. A., McClenathan, J. E., and Moser, K. M: Chronic thrombotic obstruction of major pulmonary arteries. AD453581
- 64-8 Moser, K. M., Perry, R. B., and Luchsinger, P. C: Cardiopulmonary consequences of pyrogen-induced hyperpyrexia in man.
- 64-9 Freud, S. L: Duration of spiral aftereffect as a function of retinal size, retinal place, and hemiretinal transfer. AD618588
- 64-10 Freud, S. L: Duration as a measure of the spiral aftereffect. AD618589
- 64-11 Pinkerson, A. L., Kot, P. A., and Knowlan, D. M: Effect of glyceryl trinitrate on pulmonary vasculature of anesthetized dogs.
- 64-12 Scarborough, W. R: Comments on progress in ballistocardiographic research and the current state of the art. AD455651
- 64-13 Gogel, W. C: The size cue to visually perceived distance. AD456655
- 64-14 Capps, M. J., and Collins, W. E: Effects of bilateral caloric habituation on nystagmus responses of the cat. AD455652
- 64-15 Collins, W. E., and Huffman, H. W: Design and performance characteristics of a mechanically driven vestibular stimulator. AD456656
- 64-16 Tobias, J. V., Collins, W. E., and Allen, M. E: Aviation medicine translations: Annotated bibliography of recently translated material. II. AD456670
- 64-17 Freud, S. L: The physiological locus of the spiral aftereffect. AD611881
- 64-18 Melton, C. E., Jr: Physiological recordings from pilots operating an aircraft simulator. AD456671
- 64-19 Perloff, J. K: The recognition of strictly posterior myocardial infarction by conventional scalar electrocardiography. AD611882
- 64-20 FAA Aviation Medical Library: Aviation medical papers and reports: a bibliography. AD613364
- 1965
- 65-1 Capps, M. J., and Collins, W. E: Auditory fatigue: Influence of mental factors. AD459636
- 65-2 Collins, W. E., and Capps, M. J. Effects of several mental tasks on auditory fatigue. AD459637
- 65-3 Reighard. H. L: Medical services at airports. AD611883
- 65-4 Seipel, J. H., Ziemnowicz, S. A. R., and O'Doherty, D. S: Cranial impedance plethysmography—Rheoencephalography as a method of detection of cerebrovascular disease. AD611884
- 65-5 Hauty, G. T., Trites, D. K., and Berkley, W. J. Biomedical survey of ATC facilities: I. Incidence of self-reported symptoms. AD689806

- Hauty, G. T., Trites, D. K., and Berkley, W. J: Biomedical survey of ATC facilities: II. Experience and age. N66-16669
- Mohler, S. R., Swearingen, J. J., McFadden, E. B., and Garner, J. D: Human factors of emergency evacuation. AD459638
- Van Brummelen, A. G. W., Scarborough, W. R., and Josenhans, W. K. T: On the elimination of pulse wave velocity in stroke volume determination from the ultralow frequency displacement ballistocardiogram. AD612450
- 65-9 Lowenstein, 0., Feinberg, R., and Loewenfeld, I: Pupillary movements during acute and chronic fatigue. AD612451
- 65-10 O'Connor, W. F., and Pearson, R. G: ATC system error and appraisal of controller proficiency. N66-16583
- 65-11 Gogel, W. C: The equidistance tendency and its consequences: Problems in depth perception. AD621432
- 65-12 Snyder, R. G: Survival of high-velocity free-falls in water. AD621021
- 65-13 Mohler, S. R: Fatigue in aviation activities. AD620022
- 65-14 Snow, C. C., and Hasbrook, A. H: The angle of shoulder slope in normal males as a factor in shoulder-harness design. AD653920
- 65-15 Scarborough, W. R. (Joint NASA-FAA publication): Ballistocardiography: a bibliography. N65-35520
- 65-16 Hauty, G. T., and Adams, T: Pilot fatigue: Intercontinental jet flight: Oklahoma City-Tokyo. AD621433
- 65-17 Allen, M. E., Collins, W. E., Tobias, J. V., and Crain, R. A: Aviation medicine translations: Annotated bibliography of recently translated material. III. AD617090
- 65-18 Collins, W. E: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation: I. Vertigo and nystagmus following repeated clinical stimulation. AD617091
- 65-19 Cobb, B. B., Jr: Problems in air traffic management: V. Identification and potential of aptitude test measures for selection of tower air traffic controller trainees. AD620722
- 65-20 Swearingen, J. J: Tolerances of the human face to crash impact. AD621434
- 65-21 Trites, D. K: Problems in air traffic management: VI. Interaction of training-entry age with intellectual and personality characteristics of air traffic control specialists. AD620721
- 65-22 Trites, D. K., Miller, M. C., and Cobb, B. B., Jr: Problems in air traffic management. VII. Job and training performance of air traffic control specialists—measurement, structure, and prediction. AD649292
- 65-23 Swearingen, J. J., and Young, J. W: Determination of centers of gravity of children, sitting and standing. AD661865
- 65-24 Collins, W. E: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation. II. Nystagmus and vertigo following high-velocity angular accelerations. AD621435
- 65-25 Feinberg, R., and Podolak, E: Latency of pupillary reflex to light stimulation and its relationship to aging. AD689809
- 65-26 Snow, C. C., and Snyder, R. G: Anthropometry of air traffic control trainees. N66-25185
- 65-27 Brake, C. M., Reins, D., Wittmers, L. E., and Hinshaw, L. B. Intrarenal hemodynamic changes following acute partial renal arterial occlusion. AD649263

- 65-28 Hauty, G. T., and Adams, T: Phase shifts of the human circadian system and performance deficit during the periods of transition: I, East-West flight. AD639637
- 65-29 Hauty, G. T., and Adams, T: Phase shifts of the human circadian system and performance deficit during the periods of transition: II. West-East flight. AD689811
- 65-30 Hauty, G. T., and Adams, T: Phase shifts of the human circadian system and performance deficit during the periods of transition: III. North-South flight. AD689812
- 65-31 Pearson, R. G., Hunter, C. E., and Neal, G. L: Development and evaluation of a radar air traffic control research task. AD660198
- 65-32 Gogel, W. C., and Mertens, H. W: Problems in depth perception: A method of simulating objects moving in depth. AD660171

- Allen, M. E., and Mohler, S. R: Aviation medicine reports: An annotated catalog of Office of Aviation Medicine reports: 1961 through 1965. AD638732
- Allen, M. E., and Crain, R. A: Aviation medicine translations: Annotated bibliography of recently translated material. IV. AD651907
- 66-3 Mohler, S. R., and Swearingen, J. J: Cockpit design for impact survival. AD687411
- 66-4 Tobias, J. V: A table of intensity increments. AD642113
- 66-5 Clark, G: Problems in aerial application: A comparison of the effects of dieldrin poisoning in cold-adapted and room-temperature mammals. N66-30197
- 66-6 Fiorica, V: Fatigue and stress studies: An improved semiautomated procedure for fluorometric determination of plasma catecholamines. AD653748
- 66-7 McFadden, E. B: Evaluation of the physiological protective efficiency of a new prototype disposable passenger oxygen mask. AD644118
- Mohler, S. R: The predominant causes of crashes and recommended therapy. AD639779
- 66-9 Young, J. W: Selected facial measurements of children for oxygen mask design. AD640062
- 66-10 O'Connor, W. F., and Pendergrass, G. E: Effects of decompression on operator performance. AD675774
- 66-11 Hinshaw, L. B., Reins, D. A., Emerson, T. E., Jr., Rieger, J. A., Jr., Stavinoha, W. B., Fiorica, V., Solomon, L. A., and Holmes, D. D: Problems in aerial application: I.—V. AD660199
- 66-12 Swearingen, J. J: Injury potentials of light-aircraft instrument panels. AD642114
- 66-13 McFadden, E. B., and Simpson, J. M: Flotation characteristics of aircraft-passenger seat cushions. AD642349
- 66-14 Iampietro, P. F., Fiorica, V., Dille, J. R., Higgins, E. A., Funkhouser, G., and Moses, R: Problems in aviation personnel: Influence of a tranquilizer on temperature regulation in man. AD638733
- 66-15 O'Connor, W. F., Scow, J., and Pendergrass, G. E: Hypoxia and performance decrement. AD639780

- 66-16 Lategola, M. T., Harrison, H. F., and Barnard, C: The aeromedical assessment of human systolic and diastolic blood-pressure transients without direct arterial puncture. AD639615
- 66-17 Naughton, J., Shanbour, K., Armstrong, R., McCoy, J., and Lategola, M. T: Problems in aeromedical certification: Cardiovascular responses to exercise following myocardial infarction. AD640970
- 66-18 Swearingen, J. J: Evaluation of head and face injury potential of current airline seats during crash decelerations. AD653869
- 66-19 Pearson, R. G: Performance tasks for operator-skills research. AD642115
- 66-20 McFadden, E. B., and Lategola, M. T: Evaluation of the Sierra hanging quick-don crew pressure-breathing oxygen mask. AD645493
- 66-21 Naughton, J., Lategola, M. T., and Shanbour, K: Clinical aviation medicine: A physical-conditioning program for cardiac patients. AD640969
- 66-22 Gogel, W. C., and Mertens, H. W: Problems in depth perception: Perceived size and distance of familiar objects. AD641477
- 66-23 Iampietro, P. F., and Adams, T: The achievement of thermal balance and its maintenance during environmental stress. AD642350
- 66-24 Agee, F. L., Jr., and Gogel, W. C: Problems in depth perception: Equidistance judgments in the vicinity of a binocular illusion. AD641476
- 66-25 Mohler, S. R., Freud, S. L., Veregge, J. E., and Umberger, E. L: Physician flight accidents. AD648768
- 66-26 Clark, G: Problems in aerial application: Histochemistry of Weil stain on liver. AD652599
- 66-27 Dille, J. R., and Morris, Edward W: Human factors in general aviation accidents. AD640971
- 66-28 Mohler, S. R. Oxygen in general aviation. AD645497
- 66-29 Mohler, S. R: Recent findings on the impairment of airmanship by alcohol. AD644119
- 66-30 Mohler, S. R., and Harper, C. R: Protecting the Ag pilot. AD641478
- 66-31 Von Rosenberg, C. W., Keen, F. R., and Mohler, S. R: The "stall barrier" as a new preventive in general aviation accidents. AD642351
- 66-32 Mohler, S. R., and Hasbrook, A. H: In-flight response to a new non-gyroscopic blind flight instrument. AD641479
- 66-33 Young, J. W: Recommendations for shoulder restraint installation in general aviation aircraft. AD646054
- 66-34 Clark, G: Problems in aerial application: A comparison of the acute effects of endrin and carbon tetrachloride on the livers of rats and of the residual effects one month after poisoning. AD645494
- 66-35 Melton, C. E., Jr., and Wicks, S. M: Pilot vision considerations: The effect of age on binocular fusion time. AD645495
- 66-36 Nagle, F. J., Naughton, J., and Balke, B: Clinical aviation medicine research: Comparison of simultaneous measurements of intra-aortic and auscultatory blood pressure with pressure-flow dynamics during rest and exercise. AD645496

- 66-37 Collins, W. E: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation. III. Influence on adaptation of interrupting nystagmic eye movements with opposing stimuli. AD649615
- 66-38 Mertens, H. W: A homogeneous field for light adaptation.
- 66-39 Melton, C. E., Jr., Higgins, E. A., Saldivar, J. T., and Wicks, S. M: Exposure of men to intermittent photic stimulation under simulated IFR conditions. AD646872
- 66-40 Swearingen, J. J: Evaluation of various padding materials for crash protection. AD647048
- 66-41 McKenzie, J. M., and Fiorica, V: Physiological responses of pilots to severe-weather flying. AD646871
- 66-42 Garner, J. D., and Blethrow, J. G: Emergency evacuation tests of a crashed L-1649. AD645423

- 67-1 Cobb, B.B., Jr: The relationships between chronological age, length of experience, and job performance ratings of air route traffic control specialists. AD661468
- 67-2 Mertens, R. A., and Collins, W. E: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation. IV. Responses to angular acceleration and to bilateral caloric stimulation following unilateral caloric habituation. AD653696
- 67-3 McFadden, E. B: Development of techniques for evaluating the physiological protective efficiency of civil aviation oxygen equipment. AD659498
- 67-4 McFadden, E. B., Reynolds, H. I., and Funkhouser, G. E: A protective passenger smoke hood. AD657436
- 67-5 Fowler, P. R., and McKenzie, J. M: Problems in aerial application: Detection of mild poisoning by organophosphorus pesticides using an automated method for cholinesterase activity. AD656211
- 67-6 Collins, W. E., and Guedry, F. E., Jr: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation. V. Eye-movement and subjective turning responses to two durations of angular acceleration. N67-38956
- 67-7 Guedry, F. E., Jr., and Collins, W. E: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation. VI. Eye-movement and subjective turning responses to varied durations of angular acceleration. AD671855
- 67-8 Lewis, M. F., and Ashby, F. K: Diagnostic tests of color-defective vision: Annotated bibliography, 1956-1966. AD660200
- 67-9 McFadden, E. B., Harrison, H. F., and Simpson, J. M: Performance characteristics of constant-flow phase dilution oxygen mask designs for general aviation. AD660201
- 67-10 Rowland, R. C., Jr., and Tobias, J. V: Interaural intensity difference limen. AD661235
- 67-11 Seipel, J. H: The biophysical basis and clinical applications of rheoencephalography. AD673082
- 67-12 Collins, W. E: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation. VII. Special effects of brief periods of visual fixation on nystagmus and sensations of turning. AD659192
- 67-13 Young, J. W: A functional comparison of basic restraint systems. AD660202
- 67-14 Swearingen, J. J: An evaluation of potential decompression hazards in small pressurized aircraft. AD660203
- 67-15 Melton, C. E., Jr., and Wicks, S. M: In-flight physiological monitoring of student pilots. AD665660

- 67-16 Lewis, M. F: Cross-modality matching of loudness to brightness for flashes of varying luminance and duration. AD664463
- 67-17 Funkhouser, G. E., and Billings, S. M: A portable device for the measurement of evaporative water loss. AD664465
- 67-18 Gogel, W. C: Cue-enhancement as a function of task-set. AD664466
- 67-19 Collins, W. E: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation. VIII. "Coriolis" vestibular stimulation and the influence of different visual surrounds. N68-16799
- 67-20 Gogel, W. C., and Mertens, H. W: Perceived depth between familiar objects. AD665293
- 67-21 Crane, C. R., and Sanders, D. C: Evaluation of a biocidal turbine-fuel-additive. AD665661
- 67-22 Mohler, S. R., Bedell, R. H. S., Ross, A., and Veregge, E. J. Aircraft accidents by older persons. AD663688
- 67-23 Veregge, E. J: Type airman certification as related to accidents. AD663688
- 67-24 Lewis, M. F., and Mertens, H. W: Reaction time as a function of flash luminance and duration. AD664464
- 67-25 Siegel, P. V: Aviation medicine, FAA-1966. AD675943

- 68-1 Index to FAA Office of Aviation Medicine Reports: 1961 through 1967. AD673666
- 68-2 Collins, W. E: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation: IX. Influence of head position on the habituation of vertical nystagmus. AD677460
- 68-3 Podolak, E., Kinn, J. B., and Westura, E. E: Biomedical applications of a commercial capacitance transducer. AD683292
- 68-4 Fiorica, V., Burr, M. J., and Moses, R: Contribution of activity to the circadian rhythm in excretion of magnesium and calcium. AD674416
- 68-5 Booze, C. F., Jr: Usage of combined airman certification by active airmen: An active airman population estimate. AD678947
- 68-6 Crosby, W. M., Snyder, R. G., Snow, C. C., and Hanson, P. G. Impact injuries in pregnancy. I. Experimental studies. AD674861
- 68-7 Allen, M. E., and Mertens, R. A: Aviation medicine translations: Annotated bibliography of recently translated material. V. AD673665
- 68-8 Mohler, S. R., Dille, J. R., and Gibbons, H. L: Circadian rhythms and the effects of long-distance flights. AD672898
- 68-9 Siegel, P. V., and Booze, C. F., Jr: A retrospective analysis of aeromedical certification denial actions. January 1961—December 1967. AD675521
- 68-10 Collins, W. E., and Schroeder, D. J: The spiral aftereffect: Influence of stimulus size and viewing distance on the duration of illusory motion. AD673644
- 68-11 Hasbrook, A. H., and Young, P. E: Pilot response to peripheral vision cues during instrument flying tasks. AD684804

- 68-12 Hasbrook, A. H., and Young, P. E: Peripheral vision cues: Their effect on pilot performance during instrument landing approaches and recoveries from unusual attitudes. AD683305
- Vaughan, J. A., Higgins, E. A., Funkhouser, G. E., and Galerston, E. M: The effects of body thermal state on manual performance. AD675522
- 68-14 Cobb, B. B., Jr: A comparative study of air traffic trainee aptitude-test measures involving Navy, Marine Corps, and FAA controllers. AD686669
- 68-15 Higgins, E. A., Davis, A. W., Jr., Fiorica, V., Iampietro, P. F., Vaughan, J. A., and Funkhouser, G. E: Effects of two antihistamine containing compounds upon performance at three altitudes. AD676502
- 68-16 Dille, J. R., and Mohler, S. R: Drug and toxic hazards in general aviation. AD686670
- 68-17 Thackray, R. I., and Pearson, D. W: The effects of cognitive appraisal of stress on heart rate and task performance. AD687413
- 68-18 Higgins, E. A., Davis, A. W., Jr., Vaughan, J. A., Funkhouser, G. E., and Galerston, E. M: The effects of alcohol at three simulated aircraft cabin conditions. AD686671
- 68-19 Snyder, R. G., and Snow, C. C: Fatal injuries resulting from extreme water impact. AD688424
- 68-20 Lewis, M. F: Two-flash thresholds as a function of flash luminance and area. AD686672
- 68-21 Tobias, J. V: Cockpit noise intensity: Fifteen single-engine light aircraft. AD686425
- 68-22 Hasbrook, A. H: A comparison of effects of peripheral vision cues on pilot performance during instrument flight in dissimilar aircraft simulators. AD688425
- 68-23 Fiorica, V: A table for converting pH to hydrogen ion concentration [H+] over the range 5-9. AD688120
- 68-24 Snyder, R. G., Snow, C. C., Crosby, W. M., Hanson, P., Fineg, J., and Chandler, R: Impact injury to the pregnant female and fetus in lap belt restraint. AD689359
- 68-25 Tobias, J. V: Cockpit noise intensity: Eleven twin-engine light aircraft. AD688111
- 68-26 Melton, C. E., Jr., Wicks, M., Saldivar, J. T., Morgan, J., and Vance, F. P. Physiological studies on air tanker pilots flying forest fire retardant missions. AD690090
- 68-27 Lewis, M. F., and Mertens, H. W: Assessment of the Broca-Sulzer phenomenon via inter- and intra-modality matching procedures: Studies of signal-light brightness. AD689358
- 68-28 Collins, W. E: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation. X. Modification of vestibular nystagmus and "vertigo" by means of visual stimulation. AD691405
- 1969
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- 69-2 Siegel, P. V., and Mohler, S. R: Medical factors in U.S. general aviation accidents. AD689740
- 69-3 Snyder, R. G., Snow, C. C., Young, J. W., Crosby, W. M., and Price, G. T: Pathology of trauma attributed to restraint systems in crash impacts. AD690415

- 69-4 Snyder, R. G., Young, J. W., and Snow, C. C: Experimental impact protection with advanced restraint systems: Preliminary primate tests with air bag and inertia reel/inverted-Y yoke torso harness. AD695416
- 69-5 Snyder, R. G., Crosby, W. M., Snow, C. C., Young, J. W., and Hanson, Seat belt injuries in impact. AD698298
- 69-6 Chiles, W. D., Bruni, C. B., and Lewis, R. A: Methodology in the assessment of complex human performance: The effects of signal rate on monitoring a dynamic process. AD697943
- 69-7 Pearson, D. W., and Thackray, R. I: Consistency of performance change and autonomic response as a function of expressed attitude toward a specific stress situation. AD697944
- 69-8 Thackray, R. I: Patterns of physiological activity accompanying performance on a perceptual-motor task. AD697945
- 69-9 Chiles, W. D., Gibbons, H. L., and Smith, P. W: Effects of two common medications on complex performance. AD703631
- 69-10 Iampietro, P. F., Chiles, W. D., Higgins, E. A., Gibbons, H. L., Jennings, A. E., and Vaughan, J. A: Complex performance during exposure to high temperatures. AD703632
- 69-11 Booze, C. F., Jr: Occupations of active airmen. AD704474
- 69-12 Melton, C. E., Jr., Hoffmann, S. M., and Delafield, R. H: The use of a tranquilizer (chlordiazepoxide) in flight training. AD703221
- 69-13 Snyder, R. G., Snow, C. C., Young, J. W., Price, G. T., and Hanson, P. G: Experimental comparison of trauma in lateral (+Gy), rearwardfacing (+Gx), and forward-facing (-Gx) body orientations when restrained by lap belt only. AD707185
- 69-14 Chiles, W. D., and Jennings, A. E: Effects of alcohol on complex performance. AD703633
- 69-15 Williams, M. J., and Collins, W. E: The spiral aftereffect. II. Some influences of visual angle and retinal speed on the duration and intensity of illusory motion. AD703634
- 69-16 Chiles, W. D., Bruni, C. B., and Lewis, R. A: Methodology in the assessment of complex performance: The effects of signal rate on monitoring a static process. AD703635
- 69-17 Siegel, P. V., Gerathewohl, S. J., and Mohler, S. R: Time-zone effects on the long-distance air traveler. AD702443
- 69-18 Siegel, P. V., Mohler, S. R., and Cierebiej, A: The safety significance of aircraft accident post mortem findings. AD704473
- 69-19 Pearson, D. W., Clark, G., and Moore, C. M: A comparison of the behavioral effects of various levels of chronic disulfoton poisoning. AD704470
- 69-20 Collins, W. E., and Updegraff, B. P: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation. XI. The influence of specific and nonspecific gravireceptors on nystagmic responses to angular acceleration. AD704471
- 69-21 Thackray, R. I., and Touchstone, R. M: Recovery of motor performance following startle. AD704472
- 69-22 Swearingen, J. J., Badgley, J. M., Braden, G. E., and Wallace, T. F: Determination of centers of gravity of infants. AD708514
- 69-23 Brecher, M. H., and Brecher, G. A: Motor effects from visually induced disorientation in man. AD708425
- 69-24 Gerathewohl, S. J.: Fidelity of simulation and transfer of training: A review of the problem. AD706744

- 70-1 Index to FAA Office of Aviation Medicine Reports: 1961 through 1969. AD714027
- 70-2 Brecher, M. H., and Brecher, G. A: Quantitative evaluation of optically induced disorientation. AD709329
- 70-3 Ryan, L. C., Endecott, B. R., Hanneman, G. D., and Smith, P. W: Effects of an organophosphorus pesticide on reproduction in the rat. AD709327
- 70-4 Crane, C. R., Sanders, D. C., and Abbott, J. K: Studies on the storage stability of human blood cholinesterases: I. AD714028
- 70-5 Higgins, E. A., Vaughan, J. A., and Funkhouser, G. E: Blood alcohol concentrations as affected by combinations of alcoholic beverage dosages and altitudes. AD709328
- 70-6 Tobias, J. V: Auditory processing for speech intelligibility improvement. AD717394
- 70-7 Hasbrook, A. H., and Rasmussen, P. G: Pilot heart rate during in-flight simulated instrument approaches in a general aviation aircraft. AD711268
- 70-8 Fiorica, V., Higgins, E. A., Lategola, M. T., Davis, A. W., Jr., and Iampietro, P. F: Physiological responses of men during sleep deprivation. AD713590
- 70-9 Gerathewohl, S. J., Morris, Everett W., and Sirkis, J. A: Anti-collision lights for the supersonic transport (SST). AD713488
- 70-10 Collins, W. E., Schroeder, D. J., Rice, N., Mertens, R. A., and Kranz, G: Some characteristics of optokinetic eyemovement patterns: A comparative study. AD715440
- 70-11 Revzin, A. M: Some acute and chronic effects of endrin on the brain. AD715452
- 70-12 Mohler, S. R: Physiologically tolerable decompression profiles for supersonic transport type certification. AD713055
- 70-13 Crane, C. R., Sanders, D. C., and Abbott, J. K: A comparison of three serum cholinesterase methods. AD715439
- 70-14 Karson, S., and O'Dell, J. W: Performance ratings and personality factors in radar controllers. AD715247
- 70-15 Lewis, M. F., and Mertens. H. W: Two-flash thresholds as a function of comparison stimulus duration. AD716645
- 70-16 Snow, C. C., Carroll, J. J., and Allgood, M. A: Survival in emergency escape from passenger aircraft. AD735388
- 70-17 Collins, W. E: Effective approaches to disorientation familiarization for aviation personnel. AD719003
- 70-18 Lategola, M. T., Fiorica, V., Booze, C. F., Jr., and Folk, E. D: Comparison of status variables among accident and nonaccident airmen from the active airman population. AD722148
- 70-19 Garner, J. D., and Blethrow, J. G: Evacuation tests from an SST mockup. AD720627
- 70-20 McFadden, E. B., and Smith, R. C: Protective smoke hood studies. AD727021
- 70-21 Lategola, M. T., and Harrison, H. F: A device and method for rapid indirect measurement of human systolic and diastolic blood pressures. AD722032
- 70-22 Iampietro, P. F: Tolerances to thermal extremes in aerospace activities. AD722001

- 1971
- 71-1 Tobias, J. V: Noise audiometry. AD723464
- Melton, C. E., Jr., McKenzie, J. M., Polis, B. D., Funkhouser, G. E., and Iampietro, P. F. Physiological responses in air traffic control personnel: O'Hare Tower. AD723465
- 71-3 Swearingen, J. J: General aviation structures directly responsible for trauma in crash decelerations. AD728728
- 71-4 Iampietro, P. F: Use of skin temperature to predict tolerance to thermal environments. AD723466
- 71-5 Mertens, R. A., Goulden, D. R., Lacy, C. D., and Jones, K. N: Aviation medicine translations: Annotated bibliography of recently translated material. VI. AD723467
- 71-6 Schroeder, D. J: Alcohol and disorientation-related responses. I. Nystagmus and "vertigo" during caloric and optokinetic stimulation. AD728314
- 71-7 Thackray, R. I., and Jones, K. N: Effects of conflicting auditory stimuli on color-word interference and arousal. AD727018
- 71-8 Lategola, M. T: Biodynamic evaluation of air traffic control students between 1960-1963. AD726254
- 71-9 Cierebiej, A., Mohler, S. R., and Stedman, V. G: Physician pilot- in-command flight accidents, 1964 through 1970. AD724286
- 71-10 Gerathewohl, S. J., Mohler, S. R., and Siegel, P. V: Medical and psychological aspects of mass air transportation. AD726286
- 71-11 Fiorica, V., Burr, M. J., and Moses, R: Effects of low-grade hypoxia on performance in a vigilance situation. AD727019
- 71-12 Swearingen, J. J: Acceptance tests of various upper torso restraints. AD726253
- 71-13 Swearingen, J. J: Tolerances of the human brain to concussion. AD726287
- 71-14 Smith, R. C: Assessment of a "stress" response-set in the Composite Mood Adjective Check List. AD727020
- 71-15 Fiorica, V., and Moses, R: Automated differential fluorometric analysis of norepinephrine and epinephrine in blood plasma and urine. AD729535
- 71-16 Schroeder, D. J: Alcohol and disorientation-related responses. II. Nystagmus and "vertigo" during angular acceleration. AD730629
- 71-17 Chiles, W. D., Iampietro, P. F., Higgins, E. A., Vaughan, J. A., West, G., and Funkhouser, G. E: Combined effects of altitude and high temperature on complex performance. AD729536
- 71-18 Gibbons, H. L., and Fromhagen, C: Aeromedical transportation and general aviation. AD728315
- 71-19 Lategola, M. T: Changes in cardiovascular health parameters over an eight-year interval in an ATC population segment. AD729537
- 71-20 Collins, W. E., Gilson, R. D., Schroeder, D. J., and Guedry, F. E., Jr: Alcohol and disorientation-related responses. III. Effects of alcohol ingestion on tracking performance during angular acceleration. AD728843

- 71-21 Smith, R. C., Melton, C. E., Jr., and McKenzie, J. M: Affect adjective check list assessment of mood variations in air traffic controllers. AD729832
- 71-22 Brecher, M. H., and Brecher, G. A: Effect of a moving optical environment on the subjective median. AD728316
- 71-23 Melton, C. E., Jr., and Fiorica, V: Physiological responses of low-time private pilots to cross-country flying. AD728317
- 71-24 Hasbrook, A. H., and Rasmussen, P. G: Aural glide slope cues: Their effect on pilot performance during in-flight simulated ILS instrument approaches, AD731848
- 71-25 Norwood, G. K: The philosophy and limitations of FAA aeromedical standards, policies, and procedures. AD729538
- 71-26 Friedberg, W., and Nelson, J. M: Calibration of the Concorde radiation detection instrument and measurements at SST altitude. AD732789
- 71-27 Lewis, M. F., and Steen, J. A: Color-defective vision and the recognition of aviation color signal light flashes. AD729539
- 71-28 Chiles, W. D., and Smith, R. C: A nonverbal technique for the assessment of general intellectual ability in selection of aviation personnel. AD728844
- 71-29 Thackray, R. I., Touchstone, R. M., and Jones, K. N: The effects of simulated sonic booms on tracking performance and autonomic response. AD729833
- 71-30 Smith, R. C., Cobb, B. B., Jr., and Collins, W. E: Attitudes and motivational factors in terminal area air traffic control work. AD730630
- 71-31 Mehling, K. D., Collins, W. E., and Schroeder, D. J: The spiral aftereffect: III. Some effects of perceived size, retinal size, and retinal speed on the duration of illusory motion. AD729834
- 71-32 Steen, J. A., and Lewis, M. F: Color defective vision and day and night recognition of aviation color signal light flashes. AD730631
- 71-33 Mohler, S. R., and Gerathewohl, S. J: Civil aeromedical standards for general-use aerospace transportation vehicles. AD728318
- 71-34 Gilson, R. D., Schroeder, D. J., Collins, W. E., and Guedry, F. E., Jr: Alcohol and disorientation-related responses. IV. Effects of different alcohol dosages and display illumination on tracking performance during vestibular stimulation. AD729835
- 71-35 Smith, R. C: Personality assessment in aviation: An analysis of the item ambiguity characteristics of the 16PF and MMPI. AD736266
- 71-36 Cobb, B. B., Jr., Lay, C. D., and Bourdet, N. M: The relationship between chronological age and aptitude test measures of advanced-level air traffic control trainees. AD733830
- 71-37 McFadden, E. B., and Young, J. W: Evaluation of an improved flotation device for infants and small children. AD729836
- 71-38 Norwood, G. K: Senior aviation medical examiners conducting FAA first-class medical examinations. AD731849
- 71-39 Hill, R. J., Collins, W. E., and Schroeder, D. J. Alcohol and disorientation-related responses: V. The influence of alcohol on positional, rotatory, and coriolis vestibular responses over 32-hour periods. AD735389

- 71-40 Cobb, B. B., Jr: Air traffic aptitude test measures of military and FAA controller trainees. AD737871
- 71-41 Higgins, E. A., Fiorica, V., Davis, H. V., and Thomas, A. A: The acute toxicity of brief exposure of HF, HCl, and N02 and HCN singly and in combination with CO. AD735160
- 71-42 Mertens, H. W., and Lewis, M. F: Discrimination of short-duration (two-pulse) flashes as a function of signal luminance and method of measurement. AD737872

- 72-1 Dille, J. R., and Grimm, M. H: Index to FAA Office of Aviation Medicine Reports: 1961 through 1971. AD742607
- 72-2 Yanowitch, R. E., Mohler, S. R., and Nichols, E. A: The psycho-social reconstruction inventory: A postdictal instrument in aircraft accident investigation. AD738464
- 72-3 Sirkis, J. A: The benefits of the use of shoulder harness in general aviation aircraft. AD739943
- 72-4 Billings, C. E., Wick, R. L., Jr., Gerke, R. J., and Chase, R. C: The effects of alcohol on pilot performance during instrument flight. AD740778
- 72-5 Chiles, W. D., Jennings, A. E., and West, G: Multiple-task performance as a predictor of the potential of air traffic controller trainees. AD741736
- 72-6 Lowrey, D. L., Langston, E. D., Reed, W., and Swearingen, J. J. Effectiveness of restraint equipment in enclosed areas. AD739944
- 72-7 Langston, E. D., and Swearingen, J. J. Evaluation of a fiberglass instrument glare shield for protection against head injury. AD740732
- 72-8 Zeiner, A. R., and Brecher, G. A: Effects of backscatter of brief high-intensity light on physiological responses of instrument-rated pilots and non-pilots. AD744234
- 72-9 Rasmussen, P. G., and Hasbrook, A. H: Pilot tracking performance during successive in-flight simulated instrument approaches. AD743392
- 72-10 McFadden, E. B: Physiological evaluation of a modified jet transport passenger oxygen mask. AD743422
- 72-11 Chiles, W. D., and Jennings, A. E: Effects of alcohol on a problem-solving task. AD743423
- 72-12 Crane, C. R., Sanders, D. C., and Abbott, J. K: A comparison of serum cholinesterase methods: II. AD744866
- 72-13 Booze, C. F., Jr: Attrition from active airman status during 1970. AD742608
- 72-14 Thackray, R. I., Jones, K. N., and Touchstone, R. M: The color-word interference test and its relation to performance impairment under auditory distraction. AD743424
- 72-15 Swearingen, J. J., Wallace, T. F., Blethrow, J. G., and Rowlan, D. E: Crash survival analysis of 16 agricultural aircraft accidents. AD745257
- 72-16 Jones, K. N., Goulden, D. R., and Grimm, E. J. Aviation medicine translations: Annotated bibliography of recently translated material. VII. AD747125
- 72-17 Iampietro, P. F., Melton, C. E., Jr., Higgins, E. A., Vaughan, J. A., Hoffman, S. M., Funkhouser, G. E., and Saldivar, J. T: High temperature and performance in a flight task simulator. AD746057

- 72-18 Cobb, B. B., Jr., and Mathews, J. J: A proposed new test for aptitude screening of air traffic controller applicants. AD746058
- 72-19 Chiles, W. D., and West, G: Residual performance effects of simulated sonic booms introduced during sleep. AD747989
- 72-20 Lategola, M. T: The use of simple indicators for detecting potential coronary heart disease susceptibility in the air traffic controller population. AD747990
- 72-21 Jennings, A. E., Chiles, W. D., and West, G: Methodology in the measurement of complex human performance: Twodimensional compensatory tracking. AD745259
- 72-22 Cobb, B. B., Jr., Mathews, J. J., and Lay, C. D: A comparative study of female and male air traffic controller trainees. AD751312
- 72-23 Smith, R. C: A study of the State-Trait Anxiety Inventory and the assessment of stress under simulated conditions. AD747991
- 72-24 Smith, R. C., and Hutto, G. L: Sonic booms and sleep: Affect change as a function of age. AD749277
- 72-25 Thackray, R. I., Jones, K. N., and Touchstone, R. M: Self-estimate of distractibility as related to performance decrement on a task requiring sustained attention. AD751396
- 72-26 Lategola, M. T: The use of simple indicators for detecting potential coronary heart disease susceptibility in the third-class airman population. AD749278
- 72-27 Karim, B., Bergey, K. H., Chandler, R. F., Hasbrook, A. H., Purswell, J. L., and Snow, C. C: A preliminary study of maximal control force capability of female pilots. AD753987
- 72-28 Mohler, S. R: G effects on the pilot during aerobatics. AD751397
- 72-29 Lewis, M. F., Mertens, H. W., and Steen, J. A: Behavioral changes from chronic exposure to pesticides used in aerial application: Effects of Phosdrin on the performance of monkeys and pigeons on variable interval reinforcement schedules. AD749893
- 72-30 Folk, E. D., Garner, J. D., Cook, E. A., and Broadhurst, J. L: GPSS/360 computer models to simulate aircraft passenger emergency evacuation. AD755542
- 72-31 Tobias, J. V: Binaural processing of speech in light aircraft. AD753637
- 72-32 Tobias, J. V: Auditory effects of noise on air-crew personnel. AD757239
- 72-33 Cobb, B. B., Jr., Mathews, J. J., and Nelson, P. L: Attrition-retention rates of air traffic controller trainees recruited during 1960-1963 and 1968-1970. AD757933
- 72-34 Schroeder, D. J., Gilson, R. D., Guedry, F. E., and Collins, W. E: Alcohol and disorientation-related responses. VI. Effects of alcohol on eye movements and tracking performance during laboratory angular accelerations about the yaw and pitch axes. AD766937
- 72-35 Collins, W. E., and Iampietro, P. F: Simulated sonic booms and sleep: Effects of repeated booms of 1.0 psf. AD762988

- 1973
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- 73-2 Smith, R. C: Job attitudes of air traffic controllers: A comparison of three air traffic control specialties. AD763508
- 73-3 Revzin, A. M: Subtle changes in brain functions produced by single doses of mevinphos (Phosdrin). AD763509
- 73-4 Revzin, A. M: Transient blindness due to the combined effects of mevinphos and atropine. AD763555
- 73-5 Yanowitch, R. E., Bergin, J. M., and Yanowitch, E. A: The aircraft as an instrument of self-destruction. AD763556
- 73-6 Lewis, M. F: Frequency of anticollision observing responses by solo pilots as a function of traffic density, ATC traffic warnings, and competing behavior. AD763557
- 73-7 Cobb, B. B., Jr., Nelson, P. L., and Mathews, J. J: The relationships of age and ATC experience to job performance rating of terminal area traffic controllers. AD773449
- 73-8 Booze, C. F., Jr: Prevalence and incidence of disease among airmen medically certified during 1965. AD773544
- 73-9 Hasbrook, A. H., and Rasmussen, P. G: In-flight performance of civilian pilots using moving-aircraft and moving-horizon attitude indicators. AD773450
- 73-10 Lategola, M. T., Lynn, C. A., Folk, E. D., Booze, C. F., Jr., and Lyne, P. J: Height and weight errors in aeromedical certification data. AD773452
- 73-11 Thackray, R. I., Rylander, R., and Touchstone, R. M: Sonic boom startle effects: Report of a field study. AD773451
- 73-12 Lewis, M. F., and Ferraro, D. P: Flying high: The aeromedical aspects of marihuana. AD775889
- 73-13 Tobias, J. V., and Irons, F. M: Reception of distorted speech. AD777564
- 73-14 Thackray, R. I., Jones, K. N., and Touchstone, R. M: Personality and physiological correlates of performance decrement on a monotonous task requiring sustained attention. AD777825
- 73-15 Smith, R. C., and Melton, C. E., Jr: Susceptibility to anxiety and shift difficulty as determinants of state anxiety in air traffic controllers. AD777565
- 73-16 Thackray, R. I., Touchstone, R. M., and Bailey, J. P: A comparison of the startle effects resulting from exposure to two levels of simulated sonic booms. AD777581
- 73-17 Schroeder, D. J., Collins, W. E., and Elam, G. W: Effects of secobarbital and d-amphetamine on tracking performance during angular acceleration. AD777582
- 73-18 Steen, J. A., Collins, W. E., and Lewis, M. F: Utility of several clinical tests of color-defective vision in predicting daytime and nighttime performance with the aviation signal light gun. AD777563
- 73-19 Constant, G. N., Goulden, D. R., and Grimm, E. J. Aviation medicine translations: Annotated bibliography of recently translated material. VIII. AD776136
- 73-20 Tobias, J. V., and Irons, F. M: Ear-protector ratings. AD779552

- 73-21 Melton, C. E., Jr., McKenzie, J. M., Polis, B. D., Hoffmann, S. M., and Saldivar, J. T: Physiological responses in air traffic control personnel: Houston Intercontinental Tower. AD777838
- 73-22 Melton, C. E., Jr., McKenzie, J. M., Smith, R. C., Polis, B. D., Higgins, E. A., Hoffmann, S. M., Funkhouser, G. E., and Saldivar, J. T: Physiological, biochemical, and psychological responses in air traffic control personnel: Comparison of the 5-day and 2-2-1 shift rotation patterns. AD778214
- 73-23 Leeper, R. C., Hasbrook, A. H., and Purswell, J. L: Study of control force limits for female pilots. AD777839

- 74-1 Dille, J. R., and Grimm, M. H: Index to FAA Office of Aviation Medicine Reports: 1961 through 1973. AD779553
- 74-2 Mathews, J. J., Collins, W. E., and Cobb, B. B: A sex comparison of reasons for attrition of nonjourneyman FAA air traffic controllers. AD780558
- 74-3 Collins, W. E: Adaptation to vestibular disorientation. XII. Habituation of vestibular responses: an overview. AD780562
- 74-4 Young, J. W., Fisher, R. G., Price, G. T., and Chandler, R. F: Experimental trauma of occipital impacts. AD780668
- 74-5 Booze, C. F., Jr: Characteristics of medically disqualified airman applicants during calendar year 1971. AD781684
- 74-6 Lategola, M. T., and Layne, P. J: Amplitude/frequency differences in a supine resting single-lead electrocardiogram of normal versus coronary heart diseased males. AD781685
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- 00-22 Canfield, D.V., Chaturvedi, A.K., Boren, H.K., Véronneau, S.J.H., and White, V.L: Abnormal glucose levels found in transportation accidents.
- 00-23 Nakagawara, V.B., and Montgomery, R.W: Gender differences in a refractive surgery population of civilian aviators.
- 00-24 Pfleiderer, E.M: Multidimensional scaling analysis of controllers' perceptions of aircraft performance characteristics. ADA382823
- 00-25 Bailey, L., and Thompson, R: The effects of performance feedback on air traffic control team coordination: A simulation study. ADA382812
- 00-26 Schvaneveldt, R., Beringer, D.B., Lamonica, J., Tucker, R., and Nance, C: Priorities, organization, and sources of information accessed by pilots in various phases of flight. ADA382818
- 00-27 Naff, K.C., and Thompson, R.C: The impact of teams on the climate for diversity in government: The FAA experience. ADA382809

- 00-28 Bailey, L.L., Peterson, L.M., Williams, K.W., and Thompson, R.C: Controlled flight into terrain: A study of pilot perspectives in Alaska. ADA382989
- 00-29 Lewis, R.J., Southern, T.L., Cardona, P.S., Canfield, D.V., and Garber, M: Distribution of butalbital in biological fluids and tissues.
- 00-30 Mills, S.H: The computerized analysis of ATC tracking data for an operational evaluation of CDTI/ADS-B technology.
- 00-31 Williams, K: Impact of aviation highway-in-the-sky displays on pilot situation awareness. ADA384535
- 00-32 Fiedler, E.R., Della Rocco, P.S., Schroeder, D.J., and Nguyen, K: The relationship between aviators' home-based stress to work stress and self-perceived performance. ADA384889
- 00-33 Nicholas, J., Copeland, K., Duke, F., Friedberg, W., and O'Brien, K: Galactic cosmic radiation exposure of pregnant aircrew members II.
- 00-34 Chaturvedi, A.K., Smith, D.R., and Canfield, D.V: A fatality caused by hydrogen sulfide produced from an accidental transfer of sodium hydrosulfide into a tank containing iron sulfate and sulfuric acid.

PART II: AUTHOR INDEX

•	Report Number	Author	Report Number
	Δ	Bergey, K.H	72-27.
	n	Bergin, J.M	73-5.
		Berkley, W.J	
Abbatt IV	70-4, 70-13, 72-12, 77-9, 83-		96-15, 96-16, 97-24, 00-26
ADDUIT, J.K	12, 85-4, 86-3, 86-5.	Berninger, D	
Adams, H.J		Besco, R.O	
	63-23, 63-25, 65-16, 65-28,	Billings, C.E	
nuallis, 1	65-29, 65-30, 66-23.	Billings, S.M	
Acco ET In		Birkey, M	
Agee, F.L., Jr Agen, R.A		Biron, W.J	
		Blanchard, R.E	
Agnew, B.O		Blank, C.L	
Albright, C.A		Bleckley, M.K	
Allen, M.E	Tech.Pub.#1, 64-16,	1	66-42, 70-19, 72-15, 77-1
A11 J. X.f. A	65-17, 66-1, 66-2, 68-7.	, ,	78-3, 79-22, 80-12.
	70-16, 75-2, 75-13.	Blossom, C.W	
Alluisi, E.A		Bolding, F.A	
Anderson, J.A			78-10, 78-36, 79-14, 79-2
Armstrong, R		, ,	80-5, 80-7, 80-15, 82-2, 8
Ashby, F.K			11, 82-18, 83-6, 83-9.
Antuñano, M.J		Booze, C.F., Ir	68-5, 68-9, 69-11, 70-18, 7
Armenia-Cope, R		,, j	13, 73-8, 73-10, 74-5, 75-
Arnell, F			76-7,77-10,77-20,78-21,7
Atocknie, P.A			19, 80-8, 81-9, 81-14, 83-1
Aul, J.C	92-5.		84-3, 84-8, 85-6, 87-7, 89-
Aviation Medical	64.00		90-7.
Library, FAA	64-20.	Boren, H.K	
		Bourdet, N.M	
	В		94-17, 94-26, 95-23, 96-9.
	D	Braden, G.E	
Padalan TM	60.22		62-18,63-1,63-16,63-22,6
Badgley, J.M			32, 65-27.
Daney, J.P	73-16, 74-9, 75-8, 77-18, 78- 11.	Branson, D.M	
Railor I I	96-24, 98-24, 99-17, 99-24,	-	69-23, 70-2, 71-22, 72-8.
Dailey, L.L.		Brecher, M.H	
	99-25, 99-27, 00-14, 00-17, 00-25, 00-28.	Brecht-Clark, J	
Bain, D.L		Britton, T.W.	
Baker, S.P		1	91-4,91-11,91-18,92-26,9
	62-6, 63-6, 63-12, 63-18, 63-		4, 94-4, 94-9, 96-6, 96-1
Daike, D			97-4, 97-15, 97-19, 98-8, 9
Rannistar J.D.	33, 63-34, 64-2, 64-3, 66-36.		22, 98-23, 99-16, 99-2
Bannister, J.R Barile, A.B			00-15.
Barnard, C		Broadhurst, J.L	
		van Brummelen, A.G.	
Bartanowicz, R.S Baxter, N.E		Bruni, C.B	
•		Bryant, K.D	
Bedell, R.H.S		Busby, D.E	
	97-12, 99-19, 00-3.	5000), 5.2.	,,
Beiergrohslein, D	70.26	l .	

Author	Report Number	Author	Report Number
	C		81-16, 82-19, 83-6, 84-6, 85-3, 85-5, 86-9, 87-4, 88-2, 88-3,
Caldwell, L	- 00-10.		89-7, 90-1, 90-4, 91-8, 92-1,
	- 91-12, 92-23, 92-24, 92-25,		93-2, 94-1, 95-1, 95-3, 95-7,
	94-14, 94-16, 95-26, 95-28,		95-13, 96-1, 96-21, 96-22, 97-
	96-14, 96-17, 98-5, 98-18, 98-		1, 98-1, 99-1, 00-1.
	21, 99-14, 99-15, 99-29, 00-9,	Coltman, J.W	
	00-16, 00-21, 00-22, 00-29,	Constant, G.N	
	00-34.	Contempore, C	
Capps, M.J	- Tech.Pub.#1,64-14,65-1,65-	Convey, J.J	
	2.	Cook, E.A	
Cardona, P.S	- 00-29.	Copeland, K	
Carroll, J.J		Cosper, K.K	
	- 68-24, 72-27, 74-4, 76-9, 77-	Court, M.C	
	11, 78-6, 78-12, 78-23, 78-24,	Crain, R.A.	
	79-17, 80-12, 82-8, 83-16.	Crane, C.R	- 63-27, 67-21, 70-4, 70-13, 72-
Chase, R.C.			12, 77-9, 78-26, 83-12, 85-4,
-	- 91-17, 93-7, 93-8, 94-7, 94-		86-1, 86-3, 86-5,
,	18, 95-8, 95-26, 97-14, 98-10,		86-8, 89-4, 90-15.
	98-18, 98-21, 99-11, 99-14,	Cremer, R.L	
	99-15, 99-29, 00-9, 00-16, 00-		- 68-6, 68-24, 69-3, 69-5.
	22, 00-34.	Crutchfield, J	
Chesterfield, B.P		l.	- 95-12, 95-19, 96-23, 00-10.
	- 69-6, 69-9, 69-10, 69-14,	Culver, J.F	- 62-12.
,	69-16,71-17,71-28,72-5,72-		
	11, 72-19, 72-21, 74-10,		D
	75-10,75-14,76-1,76-11,77-		U
	15, 77-17, 78-19, 78-33,	Dailan IT	77 25 70 25 02 11 0/ 2
	78-34, 79-7.		- 77-25, 78-35, 82-11, 84-2.
Chittum, C.B	- 89-14, 92-27, 95-22, 96-18, 98-	Darden, E.B., Jr	- 76-10,78-25,80-19,83-5,84-
	2, 98-3, 99-10.	Dark, S.J	9, 85-9, 86-7, 90-5.
Chubb, G.P	96-19, 97-6.	Daugherty, J.W	
Cierebiej, A	69-18, 71-9.		- 63-12, 68-15, 68-18, 70-8, 77-
Clark, G	66-5, 66-26, 66-34, 69-19.	Davis, A. W., Ji	17, 78-20, 78-25, 80-8, 84-4,
Clough, D.L	88-5.		85-12. 90-7.
Cobb, B.B., Jr	62-2, 62-3, 63-31, 65-19,	Davis, H.V	0, 12, , 0 , .
	65-22, 67-1, 68-14, 71-30, 71-	Dean, M.A	
	36,71-40,72-18,72-22,72-33,	Deimler, J.D	
	73-7, 74-2, 74-7, 74-8, 75-3,	Delafield, R.H	
	76-6.		- 89-6,90-13,92-30,95-12,95-
Coffey, J.D		Dena Rocco, 1.o.	19, 96-23, 99-2, 00-10, 00-32.
Colangelo, E.J		Deloney, J.R	
Collins, W.E	62-17, 63-3, 63-13, 63-14, 63-		- 78-4, 80-18, 83-10, 83-14.
	29, Tech.Pub.#1, 64-14,	DeJohn, C.A.	
	64-15, 64-16, 65-1, 65-2, 65-	(-	- 92-20, 93-14, 94-19, 95-30,
	17,65-18,65-24,66-37,67-2,		98-11.
	67-6, 67-7, 67-12, 67-19, 68-	Diehl, A.E	•
	2, 68-10, 68-28, 69-15, 69-20,	Dill, D.B	
	70-10, 70-17, 71-20, 71-30,		- 62-12, 63-2, 63-21, 63-24, 63-
	71-31, 71-34, 71-39, 72-34,		27, 66-14, 66-27, 68-8, 68-16,
	72-35,73-17,73-18,74-2,74-		72-1, 74-1, 76-7, 77-1, 77-20,
	3, 74-7, 75-1, 75-3, 75-4,		79-19, 80-11, 81-1, 81-14, 83-
	76-12, 76-14, 77-24, 78-13, 79-		1, 83-18, 84-7, 87-1.
	7, 79-9, 79-26, 80-7, 81-15,	1	

Author	Report Number	Author	Report Number
Dillon, R.D	81-7.	Fowler, P.R	63-8, 67-5, 75-7, 77-17, 80-
Dittmar, M.J			10, 83-2.
Dodd, R.S		Freud. S.L	64-9, 64-10, 64-17, 66-25.
Dollar, C.S	87-4, 90-8, 94-13, 96-21,		- 71-26, 78-8, 80-2, 82-12, 92-
	97-17.		2, 00-33.
Donnelly, S.S		Fromhagen, C	
Dougherty, M.R.P		Fulk, G.W	
Downey, L.E		Fuller, D.K	
Drechsler, G.K		l .	- 63-25, 66-14, 67-4, 67-17, 68-
Driskill, W.E			13, 68-15, 68-18, 70-5, 71-2,
Druray, C.G			71-17, 72-17, 73-22, 75-10,
Duke, F			75-14,76-11,77-8,77-17,78-
Duncan, J.C			19,79-10,80-10,81-8,82-10,
Durso, F.T	98-26, 99-3, 00-5.		83-2, 83-14,
			85-10, 87-2, 89-8, 89-11, 91-
	E		6,92-27,95-20,95-22,96-18,
	E		98-3, 99-10.
Earley, J.C	62-7.		
	92-31, 94-3, 95-4, 95-9.		G
	73-17, 81-16, 82-19.		
Emanuel, T		Galaxy Sci Corp	- 93-5,93-15,94-12,95-14,96-
Emerson, T.E., Jr	62-18, 63-1, 63-16, 63-22, 66-	Galaxy oci.corp.	2.
	11.	Galerston, E.M	
Endecott, B.R	70-3, 77-9, 77-19, 83-12,	Ganslen, R.V	
	85-4, 86-1, 86-3, 86-5,	Garber, M	
	89-4, 90-15, 90-16 91-17, 93-		- 62-1, 62-9, 65-7, 66-42, 70-
	7, 93-8, 94-7, 94-18, 00-21.	,,,	19,72-30,77-11,78-3,78-23,
Endsley, M.R			79-22, 80-12.
England, H.M	89-10, , 92-18, 92-22, 93-6,	Garner, R.P.	- 94-10, 95-17, 95-29, 96-4, 97-
	94-10.		7, 98-4, 98-27, 99-4, 00-6.
Enos, R.J	99-24.	Gay, D.J	- 77-24.
		Geiwitz, K.L	- 00-6.
	E	George, M.H	- 91-2, 91-3, 95-20, 95-22, 95-
		-	25, 96-18, 98-3, 99-5, 99-10.
Fairlie, G.W	01 6 02 27	Gerathewohl, S.J	- 69-17, 69-24, 70-9, 71-10, 71-
	91-6, 92-27. 96-13, 97-4, 98-24, 99-16, 00-		33, 75-5, 77-6, 78-16, 78-27.
ratifici, w.L.	3	Gerke, R.J	
Faulkner, D.N	78-8 82-12 92-2		- 68-8, 69-9, 69-10, 71-18.
Feinberg, R		Gilcher, R.O	
Ferraro, D.P	-	Giles, E	
Fiedler, E.R			- 93-13, 97-5, 97-25, 99-20.
Fineg, J		Gilson, R.D	
	66-6, 66-11, 66-14, 66-41, 68-	Gogel, W.C	- 62-15, 63-10, 63-20, 63-28,
·	4, 68-15, 68-23, 70-8,		64-13,65-11,65-32,66-22,66-
	70-18,71-11,71-15,71-23,71-	Caldana D.E.	24, 67-18, 67-20.
	41.	Goldman, R.F.	
Fisher, R.G	74-4.	Gouldell, D.K	- 71-5, 72-16, 73-19, 76-4, 81-
Flemig, J.W		Cowdy P V	4, 83-17. - 90-11, 92-20, 93-14, 94-19,
Flux, M		Goway, N. V.	- 90-11, 92-20, 95-14, 94-19, 98-11, 99-5.
	70-18, 72-30, 73-10, 82-8,	Grape P.M	- 77-8, 78-13, 80-3, 81-15, 82-
I OIR, D.D.	92-27.	Grape, 1.1v1	15, 85-8.
Estauli CU			17, 67-6.
Fotouhi, C.H	70-0.	1	

Author	Report Number	Author	Report Number
	72-16, 73-19, 75-4, 76-4.	Hinshaw, L.B	62-18, 63-1, 63-16, 63-22, 63-
Grimm, M.H			26, 63-32, 66-11.
Gronlund, S.D		Hoffman, S.M	69-12, 72-17, 73-21, 73-22,
Guedry, F.E., Jr	67-6, 67-7, 71-20, 71-34,		74-11, 75-7, 76-13, 77-5.
a	72-34.	Holloway, F.A	
Guilkey, J.E		l .	63-23, 63-26, 66-11.
Gurman, E.B	94-21.	Hordinsky, J.R	91-2, 91-3, 92-11, 92-19,
			92-23, 94-14, 94-16, 95-28,
	H	11 1 1/21	97-2, 98-10, 00-21.
	•	Houk, V.N	
Hackworth, C.A	98-26 99-3	Houston, E.R.	
	70-3, 77-8, 78-8, 81-11, 84-	Hudgins, C.B	
Transieman, G.D.	5, 87-3, 87-8.	Hudson, L.S	
Hand, D.K		Huffine, E.F.	
	68-6, 68-24, 69-5, 69-13.	Huffman, H.W	
Hansrote, R.W.		Hufnagel, C.A	
Haraway, A		Hulin, C.L	
Harper, C.R		1	
	- 95-3, 95-7, 96-16, 97-24,	Tiunter, D.R.	95-27, 96-19, 97-3, 97-6,
,,	99-22.		97-16, 97-23, 98-6, 98-7, 99-7.
Harris, J.L	84-7.	Huntley, M.S., Jr	
Harris, R.M		Hurst, M.W	
Harrison, H.F		Hutto, G.L	
Hart, I.S	00-3.	Hyde, A.S	
Hartel, C.E.J	95-21.	Hynes, M.K	
Hartel, G.F		Hyland, D.T	
Hartman, S		,	
Hasbrook, A.H	62-7, 62-9, 62-13, 65-14,		
	66-32, 68-12, 68-22, 70-7,		
	71-24, 72-9, 72-27, 73-9,		
и ст	73-23, 75-12, 77-24.	lampietro, P.F	62-5, 62-18, 63-1, 63-23,
Hauty, G. I	65-5, 65-6, 65-16, 65-28,		66-14, 66-23, 68-15, 69-10,
U.u.less C D	65-29, 65-30.		70-8, 70-22, 71-2, 71-4, 71-
Hawkes, G.R Heil, M.C			17, 72-17, 72-35, 75-10, 75-14.
Hellman, C.M		Ice, J	
Hendrix, A		Irons, F.M	
	63-23, 66-14, 66-39, 68-13,	110113, 1.141.	/ 5-15, / 5-20.
11166.110, 21111	68-15, 68-18, 69-10, 70-5,		_
	70-8, 71-17, 71-41, 72-17,		J
	73-22, 75-10, 75-14, 76-11,		
	77-8, 77-17, 78-5, 78-19,	Jahns, D.W	
	79-10, 79-20, 80-9, 80-10,	Jeffress, L.A	
	81-8, 82-10, 83-2, 83-4, 83-	Jenkins, C.D	
	14,85-5,85-10,85-11,87-2,	Jennings, A.E	69-10, 69-14, 72-5, 72-11,
	87-5, 89-5, 89-8, 89-10, 89-		72-21, 75-10, 75-14, 76-1,
7.711 D. 7	11, 89-12.		76-11,77-17,78-19,78-33,
Hill, R.J		Janson D C	78-34, 78-37.
Hill, T.J		Johnson, R.D	96-19, 97-6, 98-6, 99-7. 00-20
Hillman, D.J		Johnson, W.B	
	97-8, 97-12, 99-19, 00-3.	Jones, J.P	
Hilton Systems, Inc	- 74-2U.	joines, j.1) = J1.

Author	Report Number	Author	Report Number
Jones, K.N	71-5, 71-7, 71-29, 72-14,	Leeper, R.C	73-23.
	72-16, 72-25, 73-14, 75-1.	Lieberman, P	98-20.
Jordan, J.L	82-14.	Lennon, A.O.	
Josenhans, W.K.T	65-8.	Lentz, J.M	
Joseph, K.M	99-9, 99-17, 99-25, 99-27,	Lester, L.F	
	00-4, 00-14.	Leverett, S., Jr	
Kupfer, D.M			78-7, 78-36, 79-3, 79-14.
r ,		I	67-8, 67-16, 67-24, 68-20,
	==	LCW15, 1V1.1 .	68-27, 70-15, 71-27, 71-32,
			71-42, 72-29, 73-6, 73-12,
Kanki, B.G	96-10.	Lawis DA	73-18,75-6,79-4,81-6,82-6.
Karim, B		Lewis, R.A.	
Karson, S			99-15, 00-20, 00-29.
Kay, E.J		Li, G	
Keen, F.R		Linder, M.K	
Kegg, P.S		Lintern, G	
Kendall, W.W		Loewenfeld, I	
Key, O.R		Lofberg, M.S	
•		Loochan, F.K.	
Kidd, G.D., Jr Kinn, J.B		Lowenstein, O	
		Lowrey, D.L	72-6,77-11,78-3,79-22,80-
Kirkbride, L.A			12, 80-13, 82-7, 82-13, 83-8.
Nirknam, W.R	78-13, 80-3, 80-6, 81-10,	Luchsinger, P.C	
V. 1. D.M	81-15, 82-7, 82-13, 83-8.	Lyne, P.J	63-8, 73-10, 77-3, 77-16,
Knowlan, D.M			78-20, 81-2, 82-3, 82-4, 84-
Kochan, J.A			4, 85-10, 87-2, 89-8, 89-10,
Korty, P			89-11, 89-12.
Kot, P.A		Lynn, C.A	73-10.
Kranz, G.			
Kupiec, T.C	92-24, 96-14, 96-17, 97-14.		
	_		
	L	Maclin, O	96-20.
		Madakasira, S	
Lacefield, D.J	78-31, 82-15, 85-8.	Mandella, J.G., Jr	
Lacey, D.E	62-10, 63-4.	1	84-6, 88-3, 89-6, 90-4, 90-6,
Lacy, C.D	71-5.	8,	90-13, 91-9, 92-5, 92-26,
LaJonchere, C.M	99-28.		92-31,94-3,94-9,95-4,95-9,
Lamb, M.W			96-5, 97-15, 97-22, 98-16,
Lambrou, P	99-22.		98-26, 99-3, 00-2, 00-5.
Lamonica, J	00-26.	Marcus, I.H	93-14, 94-11, 96-7, 96-11,
Langston, E.D	72-6, 72-7.		97-18, 97-20.
Larcher, J.G	00-13.	Marsh, D.K., II	
Lategola, M.T	63-11, 66-16, 66-17, 66-20,	Mastrullo, A.R	
-	66-21, 70-8, 70-18, 70-21,	Masucci, F.D.	
	71-8, 71-19, 72-20, 72-26,		72-18, 72-22, 72-33, 73-7,
	73-10, 74-6, 77-3, 77-16,		74-2, 74-7, 75-3.
	78-5, 78-20, 79-8, 79-20,	May, N.D	
	80-9, 81-2, 82-3, 82-4, 82-	McClenathan J.E	
	5, 84-4.	McConville, J.T	
Lay, C.D		McCoy, J	
Layton, C.F.		1,1000y, j	00-1/.
Layne, P.J			
, , ,			

Author	Report Number	Author	Report Number
McFadden, E.B	- 62-13, 62-21, 63-9, 65-7, 66-7,	Morgan, J.C	- 68-26.
,	66-13, 66-20, 67-3, 67-4, 67-9,	Morris, Edward W	
	70-20, 71-37, 72-10, 78-1, 78-	Morris, Everett W	
	4, 78-9, 79-13.	Morrison, J.E	
McKenzie, I.M	- 63-8, 66-41, 67-5, 71-2, 71-	Morrow, D.G	
	21,73-21,73-22,74-11,75-7,	Moser, E	
	75-10, 75-14, 76-11, 76-13,	Moser, K.M	
	76-15, 77-17, 77-23, 78-18,		- 66-14,68-4,71-11,71-15,80-
	78-19, 78-30, 78-40, 79-10,	1410363, 14.	10.
	79-20, 80-10, 81-8, 81-13, 82-	Mullen, S.R	
	10, 83-2, 83-4.	Murcko, L.E	
McLean GA	- 89-8, 89-10, 89-11, 89-12, 91-	Murphy, R.E	
Wickeri, G.M.	12, 92-18, 92-22, 92-27, 93-6,		- 90-4, 98-27, 00-6. - 90-2, 91-5, 91-10, 92-15, 92-
	93-19, 95-22, 95-25, 96-18, 98-	iviyets, J.G	
			16, 95-10.
M.H. ED	2, 98-3, 98-19, 99-5, 99-10.		
Mehling, K.D			N
Melton, C.E., Jr	- 63-5, 64-18, 66-35, 66-39, 67-		N
	15, 68-26, 69-1, 69-12, 71-2,	N	
	71-21, 71-23, 72-17, 73-15,	Naff, K.C	
	73-21,73-22,74-11,75-7,76-		- 63-12, 63-34, 64-2, 66-36.
	2, 76-13, 77-5,77-23, 78-5,	Nakagawara, V.B	- 90-10,91-1,91-14,92-14,93-
	78-18, 78-40, 79-20, 80-9, 80-		11, 93-21, 94-10, 94-15,
	16, 81-13, 82-17, 85-2, 86-2,		95-11, 96-12, 96-27, 98-25,
	89-13.		99-6, 00-18, 00-19, 00-23.
Melton, R.J	- 79-23.	Nance, C	
Mertens, H.W	- 65-32, 66-22, 66-38, 67-20,		- 64-2, 66-17, 66-21, 66-36.
	67-24, 68-27, 70-15, 71-42,	Neal, G.L	- 65-31.
	72-29, 75-6, 77-12, 78-15, 79-	Neas, B.R	
	4, 79-25, 81-6, 81-8, 82-6,	Neddick, M	- 99-9.
	82-10, 83-4, 83-15, 85-3, 85-	Nelson, J.M	- 71-26.
	5, 88-2, 90-9, 92-6, 92-28,	Nelson, P.L	- 72-33, 73-7, 74-8.
	92-29, 92-30, 93-16, 93-17,	Nesthus, T.E	- 95-5, 95-7, 97-7, 97-9, 97-25,
	95-13, 96-22, 97-10, 99-8.		99-20.
Mertens, R.A	- 67-2, 68-7, 70-10, 71-5.	Newton, J.L	- 63-33.
	- 82-10, 92-28, 92-29, 92-30,	Newton, N.L	
	93-16, 93-17, 95-13, 96-22,	Nguyen, K	
	97-10, 99-8.	Nicholas, J	
Milke, R.M	-	Nichols, E.A	
Millett, D.P		Nikolic, D	
Mills, S.H		Norwood, G.K	
Moertl, P			- 89-7, 90-4, 90-8, 91-8, 92-7,
Mogford, L.S	=	1., 0, 2.0.	92-8, 92-9, 92-10, 94-13.
Mogford, R.H)2 0,)2),)2 10,)1 13.
	- 62-4, 62-20, 63-2, 65-7, 65-		
wionier, S.K	13, 66-1, 66-3, 66-8, 66-25,		0
	66-29, 66-30, 66-31, 66-32,		
	67-22, 68-8, 68-16, 69-2, 69-	O'Brien, K	
	17,69-18,70-12,71-9,71-10,	O'Connor, W.F	
	71-33, 72-2, 72-28, 75-5, 80-	O'Dell, J.W	
	4, 96-25.	O'Doherty, D.S	- 65-4.
Moise, S	• •	O'Donnell, R.D.	
	93-21, 94-15, 95-11, 96-12,	Ohrt, D.D	- 97-22, 98-16.
wionigomery, ic. w		OU Vortac	- 92-31, 94-3, 95-4, 95-9, 96-5.
Moore CM		Ozur, H	- 82-11.
Moore, C.M	99-6, 00-19, 00-23. - 69-19.		

P	Reynolds, H.I 67-4.
	Reynolds, H.M 75-2, 75-13, 76-9, 82-9.
Packingham, K.D 99-28.	Rice, N 70-10.
Parker, J.F., Jr 89-9, 90-14, 95-2.	Rieger, J.A., Jr 66-11.
Page, B.B 63-22.	Ritter, R.M93-7, 93-8, 94-7, 98-18, 98-
Palmerton, D.A 98-3, 98-13.	21.
Pearson, D.W 68-17, 69-7, 69-19.	Rizutti, B.L 76-6.
Pearson, R.G 63-35, 65-10, 65-31, 66-19.	Roberts, P.A 78-31, 82-15, 85-8.
Pendergrass, G.E 63-27, 66-10, 66-15.	Robinette, K.M 83-16.
Penland, T 85-1.	Robinson, C.P 77-19, 78-26.
Pennybaker, A.L 96-25.	Robinson, S 63-33.
Perloff, J.K 64-19.	Rock, D.B
Perry, J.L 98-16.	Rodgers, M.D 93-1, 93-9, 93-12, 93-22, 94-
Perry, R.B 64-8.	27, 95-16, 95-18, 97-13,
Peterson, L.M 00-28.	98-14.
Pfleiderer, E.M 00-24.	Roe, B.A 00-16.
Phillips, E.E 63-34.	Rohrbaugh, J.W 99-28.
Phillips, S 97-11.	Rosa, R.R 95-32.
Pickett, E 98-20.	Rose, R.M78-39.
Pickrel, E.W 77-25, 79-18, 82-11, 83-11, 84-2.	Ross, A 67-22.
Pidkowicz, J.K 80-8.	Rotter, A.J 92-31.
Pinkerson, A.L 64-11.	Rowlan D.E72-15.
Pinski, M.S 78-4, 78-14.	Rowland, R.C., Jr 67-10.
Podolak, E 65-25, 68-3.	Rubenstein, C.J 93-19.
Polis, B.D 71-2, 73-21, 73-22.	Rueschhoff, B.J 85-11.
Pollard, D.W 78-3, 79-6, 79-23, 82-8, 84-1,	Rush, L
85-1.	Russell, C.J 00-15.
Pounds, J 99-12.	Russell, J.C 85-12, 89-3. Ryan, L.C 70-3, 75-5, 80-4.
Price, G.T 69-3, 69-13, 74-4, 77-8.	Rylander, R 73-11.
Prinzo, O.V 93-20, 95-15, 96-10, 96-20,	Kylander, 16 / J-11.
96-26, 98-17, 98-20.	_
Purswell, J.L 72-27, 73-23.	\$
•	Sahiar, F 96-25.
y	St. George, R 99-9.
O l . I	Saldivar, J.T 66-39, 68-26, 72-17, 73-21,
Quebe, J 97-3, 98-7.	73-22,74-11,75-7,76-13,77-
	5,77-23,78-18,78-40,80-18,
R	81-1383-10,83-14,85-10,87-
₹#	2.
Raeke, J.W 62-21.	Salazar, G.J 97-21.
Rana, B 75-9.	Sanders, D.C 67-21, 70-4, 70-13, 72-12, 77-
Rasmussen, P.G 70-7, 71-24, 72-9, 73-9, 75-12,	9, 83-12, 85-4, 86-1, 86-3,
77-2, 77-7, 77-13, 77-14, 78-	86-5, 86-8, 89-4, 90-15, 90-
17, 78-22, 78-28, 78-29, 78-41,	16, 91-17, 93-7, 93-8, 94-7,
79-22, 80-13, 81-7, 89-14, 92-	94-18, 95-8, 98-10.
12, 94-8.	Sangal, S.P 95-5.
Reed, W 72-6, 73-1.	Scarborough, W.R 64-12, 65-8, 65-15.
Reighard, H.L 65-3, 76-8, 78-35.	Schlegel, R.E 93-13, 97-5, 97-25, 98-13, 99-
Reins, D.A 63-26, 65-27, 66-11.	20.
Revzin, A.M 70-11, 73-3, 73-4, 77-22, 78-	Schlegel, T.T 89-10.
2, 79-15, 92-12, 94-8.	
!	

Author	Report Number	Author	Report Number
Schroeder, D.J	- 68-10,70-10,71-6,71-16,71-	Steen, J.A	- 71-27, 71-32, 72-29, 73-18,
	20, 71-31, 71-34, 71-39,		75-1, 75-6, 80-5, 80-15, 84-1,
	72-34,73-17,79-9,81-16,82- 19, 83-7, 83-17, 87-4, 89-7,	Starn I A	85-1. - 94-6, 94-17, 94-26, 96-9, 99-
	90-6, 90-8, 92-7, 93-4, 94-6,	Stern, J.A	- 94-0, 94-17, 94-20, 90-9, 99- 28.
	94-13, 94-17, 94-26, 95-3, 95-	Stoliarov, N	==:
	7, 95-32, 96-9, 97-17, 99-17,	Stutzman, T.M	
	99-22, 00-32.		- 62-1, 62-4, 62-13, 62-14, 63-9,
Schvaneveldt, R	- 00-26.		65-7, 65-20, 65-23, 66-3, 66-
Scow, J			12, 66-18, 66-40, 67-14, 69-22,
Seipel, J.H			71-3, 71-12, 71-13, 72-6, 72-7,
Sells, S.B			72-15, 73-1.
Sershon, J.L.			
Shanbour, K			T
Shappell, S.AShaw, R.V			•
Shehab, R.L		Talleur, D	- 97-11.
	- 89-9, 90-14, 91-16, 95-2, 95-	Tang, P.C.	
onephera, w.r.	14, 95-31, 96-2.		- 75-9, 81-15, 83-6, 84-6.
Siegel, P.V	- 67-25, 68-9, 69-2, 69-17, 69-	Taylor, H.L	
510801, 21.11	18, 71-10.	Taylor, J.C	
Simcox, L.S	- 84-3.	Teague, S.M	
Simpson, J.M	- 66-13, 67-9, 78-13, 80-3.	Thackray, R.I	- 68-17, 69-7, 69-8, 69-21, 71-
Simpson, L.P.			7,71-29,72-14,72-25,73-11,
Sirevaag, E.J			73-14, 73-16, 74-9, 75-8, 77-
Sirkis, J.A			18, 78-11, 79-12, 79-24, 80-1, 80-17, 81-5, 81-12, 82-1, 82-
Smith, D.R			16, 83-13, 85-13, 86-4, 88-1,
Smith, L.T			88-4, 89-1, 90-3, 92-3, 92-6,
	- 62-8, 63-24, 69-9, 70-3, 77-9,		94-6.
Omici, 1. W.	77-19, 78-26.	Thomas, A.A	- 71-41.
Smith, R.C	- 70-20, 71-14, 71-21, 71-28,	Thompson, J.J	- 00-3.
,	71-30, 71-35, 72-23, 72-24,	Thompson, K.E	
	73-2,73-15,73-22,74-12,75-	Thompson, R.C	- 97-8, 97-12, 98-8, 98-24, 99-
	7, 75-9, 76-2, 76-13, 77-21,		17, 99-19, 99-24, 99-25,
	77-23, 78-32, 79-11, 80-14,		99-27, 00-14, 00-17, 00-25, 00-27, 00-28.
6 66	81-5.	Thomson, G.L	•
Snow, C.C	- 62-9, 65-14, 65-26, 68-6, 68- 19, 68-24, 69-3, 69-4, 69-5,		- 63-7, 63-17, 63-19, Tech.
	69-13,70-16,72-27,75-2,79-	1001, j	Pub.#1, 64-16, 65-17, 66-4, 67-
	2, 82-9.		10, 68-21, 68-25, 70-6, 71-1,
Snyder, L			72-31, 72-32, 73-13, 73-20, 75-
	- 62-13, 62-19, 63-15, 63-30,		11, 76-3, 79-5, 79-16.
•	65-12, 65-26, 68-6, 68-19, 68-	Touchstone, R.M	- 69-21, 71-29, 72-14, 72-25,
	24, 69-3, 69-4, 69-5, 69-13,		73-11,73-14,73-16,74-9,75-
	76-9.		8,77-18,78-11,79-12,79-24,
Solomon, L.A			80-17, 81-12, 82-1, 82-16, 83- 13, 85-13, 86-4, 88-1, 89-1,
Soper, J	- yb-1/, yy-2y, 00-16.		90-3, 92-6, 94-6, 94-26, 96-9.
Southern, T.LSpieth, W		Trent, C.C	
Staggs, C.M			- 61-1, 62-3, 63-31, 65-5, 65-6,
Stavinoha, W.B	- 66-11.		65-21, 65-22.
Stedman, V.G		Trout, E.M	- 78-6, 78-12, 78-24, 79-17.
•			

Author	Report Number	Author	Report Number
Truitt, T.R	96-5, 98-26, 99-3, 00-5.	White, V.L	92-23, 94-16, 96-14, 96-17
Tucker, R	00-26.		00-22.
Turner, J.W	91-7, 91-13.	Wick, R.L., Jr	
,			66-35, 66-39, 67-15, 68-26
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	69-1, 77-23, 78-18, 78-40
	U		80-10, 81-13, 82-7, 82-13
			83-8.
Umberger, E.L	66-25.	Wickens, C.D	- -
Updegraff, B.P			91-12, 92-18, 92-22, 93-6
1 0		W HCOX, D.C., J1.	94-10, 96-25.
		Williams, C.A	
	V	1	94-25, 95-6, 96-8, 98-12
		Williams, K. W.	
Valdez, C.D	77-4, 90-12.		99-13, 99-26, 00-8, 00-28
VanBuskirk, L.K		307:11: 3.4.1	00-31.
Vance, F.P		Williams, M.J	
	80-7, 83-6, 84-6.	Willis, D.M	
Vant, J.H.B		Wing, H	
Vant, J.11.B Vardaman, J.J		Winget, C.M	
		Wise, R.A	
v augnan, J.A	68-13, 68-15, 68-18, 69-10,	Witt, L.A	91-10, 91-11, 91-15, 92-7
	70-5,71-17,72-17,75-10,75-		92-8, 92-9, 92-10, 92-13
	14, 76-5, 76-11, 77-2, 77-7,		92-17, 92-21, 93-18, 94-2
	77-13, 77-14, 78-17, 78-22,		95-32, 97-8.
	78-28, 78-29, 78-41, 79-20,	Wittmers, L.E	65-27.
	80-9.	Wolbrink, A.M	00-13.
Vedeniapin, A.B		Wolf, M.B	
	66-25, 67-22, 67-23.		91-14, 92-14, 93-11, 93-21
Veronneau, S.J.H	94-14, 95-5, 96-25, 97-2, 00-	,	94-15, 95-11, 96-27, 98-25
	13, 00-18, 00-22.		99-6, 00-19.
Ververs, P.M	98-28.	Worley I A	99-17, 99-25, 99-27, 00-14
Von Rosenberg, C.W	V 66-31.	Wreggit, S	
Voros, R.S	94-22.	W 10861t, O.	<i>71 9</i> , 70 <i>7</i> .
Vu, N	94-7, 98-18, 99-14, 00-16.		V
	w		1
	**	Yanowitch, E.A	
Walless T.E	60 22 72 15 70 12 00 2	Yanowitch, R.E	
	69-22, 72-15, 78-13, 80-3.	Young, C.L	
Warner, D		Young, F.A	79-2.
w ayda, M.E	90-1, 92-1, 94-1, 96-1, 97-1,	Young, J.W	62-21, 65-23, 66-9, 66-33
377	98-1, 99-1, 00-1.	= "	67-13, 69-3, 69-4, 69-5, 69
Weigmann, D.A			13,71-37,74-4,76-9,78-14
	97-3, 97-23, 98-7.		82-9, 83-16, 89-8, 89-11
	76-5, 77-2, 77-7, 77-13,		93-10.
	, 78-28, 78-29, 78-41.	Young, P.E	
Wentz, A.E		Young, W.C.	
Wernick, J.S		2000, 1110.	70 -, 70 10, 77 1
West, G	71-17,72-5,72-19,72-21,74-		_
	10, 75-14.		7
West, R.W	•		-
Westura, E.E		Zeiner, A.R	72-8
Wheelright, C.D			
White, M.A		Zehner, G.F.	
		Zelenski, J.D Ziemnowicz, S.A.R	
White, M.E			

PART III: SUBJECT INDEX

Subject and Report Number

Subject and Report Number

Acceleration, angular

- ...adaptation, 66-37, 67-6, 67-7, 67-12, 67-19, 69-20, 74-3.
- ...antimotion sickness drugs effects, 81-16, 82-19.
- ...alcohol effects, 71-6, 71-16, 71-20, 71-34, 71-39, 72-34, 95-3.
- ... arousal effects on nystagmus, 62-17.
- ...arousal effects on vestibular response, 63-29.
- ...dextroamphetamine effects on performance, 73-17, 76-12.
- ...nystagmus after caloric habituation, 63-14, 64-14, 65-18, 67-2.
- ...nystagmus after rotation habituation, 63-13, 65-24, 68-2.
- ...rotation device, 64-15.
- ...secobarbital effects on performance, 73-17.
- ...sleep loss effects on performance, 76-12, 86-9.

Acceleration, linear (see also Deceleration)

...bibliography, 63-30.

Accidents

- ...age of pilots, 77-10.
- ...agricultural aircraft, 66-27, 66-30, 72-15, 78-31, 80-3.
- ...alcohol involved, 66-29, 68-16, 78-31, 80-4, 92-24, 98-5, 00-21.
- ...analyses of injuries, 70-16, 71-3, 72-15, 81-10, 82-7.
- ...bloodborne pathogens, 97-21.
- ...cabin injuries, 79-23, 82-8.
- ...carbon monoxide levels without fire, 80-11, 00-18, 00-34.
- ...causes, 66-8, 66-27, 66-29, 67-23, 68-16, 69-2, 70-18, 78-13, 82-15.
- ...cockpit delethalization, 66-3, 66-12, 71-3.
- ...coronary atherosclerosis in pilot fatalities, 80-8, 85-6.
- ...drugs and toxic chemicals as causes, 68-16, 78-31, 85-8, 95-28, 96-17, 00-9, 00-21, 00-29, 00-34.
- ...evacuation injuries, 79-6, 80-12, 99-30, 00-11.
- ...evacuation patterns, 62-9, 65-7, 70-16, 96-18.
- ...experience of pilots, 77-10.
- ...fatalities identification, 79-2, 98-18.
- ...fire, smoke protection, 67-4, 70-16, 70-20, 78-4, 83-10, 85-10.
- ...glucose levels, abnormal, 00-22.
- ...HFACS, human factors analysis and classification system for human error, 00-7.

- applied to Alaskan CFIT accidents, 00-28.
- ...in-flight incapacitation, 87-7.
- ...in-flight vertigo and unconsciousness, 63-21.
- ...injuries from seat impacts, 66-18.
- ...injuries in extreme vertical impacts, 62-19.
- ...injuries in rearward-facing seats, 62-7.
- ...instructional flights, 96-3.
- ...investigations, human factors findings, 63-35, 69-18, 72-2, 73-5, 80-6.
- ...lapbelt-restraint injuries to pregnant females, 68-24.
- ...lost/disoriented, 95-1.
- ...occupation of pilots, 77-10.
- ...older pilots, 67-22, 70-18.
- ...padding for crash protection, 66-40.
- ...physician pilots, 66-25, 71-9.
- ...pilots with static physical defects, 76-7, 77-20, 79-19, 81-14, 83-18, 93-11.
- ...post mortem findings, 69-18, 92-23, 92-24, 92-25, 94-14, 95-28, 97-14, 98-18, 00-9, 00-16, 00-29.
- -quality assurance of forensic analyses, 99-11, 99-14, 99-15, 99-29.
- ...predisposition, 72-2, 73-5, 93-9.
- ...prevention with blind flight instrument, 66-32.
- ...propeller-to-person, 81-15, 93-2.
- ...railroad, 73-1.
- ...risk factors, for controlled flight into terrain (Alaska), 00-28.
- ...seat cushions for flotation, 66-13, 98-19.
- ...shoulder harnesses to increase survival, 72-3, 83-8, 89-3.
- ...spatial disorientation, 78-13, 95-1, 96-21.
- ...stall warning, 66-31.
- ...suicide, 72-2, 73-5.
- ...survivability, fire/smoke, 95-8.
 - free-fall impacts, 63-15.
 - water impacts, 65-12, 68-19.
- ...triamterene in blood, identification of, 92-23.
- ...visual acuity of pilots, 75-5, 81-14, 83-18, 00-18.
- ...water spray systems, 98-4.
- ...water survival, analysis of training programs, 98-19.
 - frequency of occurrence, 98-19.

Aerial application

- ...accidents, 66-27, 66-30, 68-16, 72-15, 78-31, 80-3.
- ...biochemical effects of lindane and dieldrin, 62-10, 63-4.
- ...chlordimeform toxicity, 77-19.

Subject and Report Number

- ...cholinesterase determination, 67-5.
- ...comparison of serum cholinesterase methods, 70-13, 72-12.
- ...dieldrin effects on liver, 66-5, 66-26.
- ...endrin effects, 66-11, 66-26, 66-34, 70-11.
- ...mechanisms of endrin action, 63-16, 63-26.
- ...organophosphate insecticides effects, 63-24, 69-19, 70-3.
- ...Phosdrin effects on performance, 72-29, 73-3.
- ...Phosdrin effects on vision, 73-4.
- ...storage stability of human blood cholinesterase, 70-4.
- ...toxic hazards, 62-8, 68-16, 78-31.
- ...treatment of methamidophos poisoning, 78-26.

Aerobatics

- ...blood donation effects, 84-4.
- ...G effects on pilots, 72-28, 82-13.

Age

- ...age 60 rule, 94-20, 94-21, 94-22, 94-23.
- ...air traffic controller health, 65-6, 71-8, 71-19, 72-20.
- ...air traffic controller performance, 61-1, 62-3, 65-21, 67-1, 71-36, 73-7, 84-6, 90-4.
- ...aircraft accident survival, 70-16.
- ...aircraft accidents, pilots involved, 67-22, 70-18, 77-10, 95-11.
- ...alcohol and altitude interaction, 88-2.
- ...alcohol effects on performance, 95-3, 95-7.
- ...aviation personnel, 64-1, 94-20, 94-21, 94-22, 94-23.
- ...binocular fusion time effects, 66-35.
- ...cardiovascular disease and performance, 64-4.
- ...cardiovascular health changes in airmen, 72-26.
- ...cockpit visual problems of senior pilots, 77-2, 77-7, 77-13, 77-14, 78-17.
- ...complex monitoring performance effects, 81-12, 82-16, 83-15, 85-3, 88-2.
- ...index for pilots, 77-6, 78-16, 78-27, 82-18.
- ...pupillary reflex relationship, 65-25.
- ...shift work, 95-19.
- ...sonic boom effects during sleep, 72-19, 72-24, 72-35.
- ...work capacity, 63-18, 63-33.

Air ambulance

- ...cardiopulmonary factors in perinatal air transport, 82-5
- ...status of civilian air ambulance services, 71-18.

Air bags

...restraint tests, 69-3, 69-4.

Air loads

- ...effects on man, 63-9.
- ...small-aircraft decompressions, 67-14.

Air piracy

...deterrence, 78-35.

Air traffic control

- ...ability requirements, 92-26, 98-8, 98-16.
- ...Air Traffic Selection and Training (AT-SAT) project, 00-2.
- ...automation issues, 90-13, 92-31, 94-3, 95-4.
- ...blink parameters and display highlighting, 99-8.
- ...boredom with simulated radar control, 75-8, 80-1.
- ...Cockpit Display of Traffic Information (CDTI), 00-30.
- ...cognitive style aspects, 99-12.
- ...color highlighting and color deficiency, 92-6.
- ...communications, 96-10, 96-26, 99-21.
- ...conspicuity of colored and flashing targets, 90-3.
 - target blink amplitudes, 97-10, 99-8.
- ...density, warnings, and collision avoidance, 73-6.
- ...flight progress strips, use of, 92-31, 94-3, 95-4, 95-9, 96-5, 00-5.
- ...information requirements, TRACON, 95-16.
- ...job task taxonomy, 93-1.
- ...memory, 97-22.
- ...napping and night shift performance, 00-10.
- ...noise effects on performance of radar task, 79-24.
- ...operational errors and incidences, role of shift work and fatigue, 99-2.
- ...ophthalmic requirements, 96-12.
- ...radar performance with and without a sweepline, 79-12.
- with and without computer aiding, 89-1.
- ...radar training facility, 80-5, 80-15, 83-9.
- ...resource management, crew, 95-21.
- ...SATORI, 93-12, 97-13.
- ...selection and supervisory training, 92-16.
- ...situation assessment through re-creation of incidents (SATORI), 93-12, 98-14.
- ...situation awareness, 94-27, 95-16, 97-13, 98-16, 99-3.
- ...simulator for research, 65-31.
- ...systematic air traffic operations research initiative (SATORI), 97-13, 98-14.
- ...teamwork, performance feedback in simulation,
 - teamwork, training platform, 99-24

- ...vigilance at three radar display target densities, 77-18.
- ...vigilance of men and women on simulated radar task, 78-11, 80-17.
- ...visual taskload effects on CFF change during complex monitoring, 85-13.
- ...visual taskload effects on complex monitoring, 88-1, 90-3.
- ...voice communications from, 93-20, 98-17, 98-20.

Air traffic controllers

- ...age effects on performance, 61-1, 62-3, 65-21, 67-1, 71-36, 73-7, 81-12, 82-16, 84-6, 90-4, 96-23, 99-18, 99-23.
- ...anthropometry, 65-26.
- ...anxiety with training, 89-7, 91-8.
- ...anxiety with workload, 73-15, 80-14, 81-5.
- ...aptitude tests for selection, 65-19, 68-14, 71-28, 71-36, 71-40, 72-18, 89-6, 90-8, 97-15, 98-23, 99-16, 00-2.
- ...attitudes, 74-7, 74-12, 75-3, 79-11, 91-10, 00-17.
- ...attrition, 72-33, 74-2, 74-7, 75-3.
- ...biochemical stress index, 74-11, 75-7, 77-23, 78-5, 78-40.
- ...biodynamic evaluation, 71-8.
- ...biographical factors associated with training success, 83-6, 84-6, 90-4, 94-13.
- ...biomedical survey, 65-5, 65-6.
- ...collegiate training initiative, 98-22.
- ...color perception and job performance, 83-11, 90-9, 92-6, 92-28, 92-29, 96-22.
- ...color vision tests, 85-7, 90-9, 92-28, 92-29, 95-13, 96-22.
- ...communication, 93-20, 95-15, 96-10, 96-20, 96-26, 98-17, 98-20, 99-21.
- ... Composite Mood Adjective Check Lists to measure fatigue, 71-21.
- ...disease incidence and prevalence, 78-21, 84-3.
- ...education as selection factor, 76-6, 90-4.
- ...experience as selection criterion, 63-31, 71-36, 74-8, 00-12.
- ...fatigue and shiftwork, 99-2.
- ...flight progress strips, use of, 92-31, 94-3, 95-4, 95-9, 96-5, 98-26, 00-5.
- ...flight service station, training, 86-6, 91-4.
- organizational climate, 97-12.
- ...headset interference tones, 92-4.
- ...health changes, 71-19, 72-20, 78-39, 84-3.
- ...height and weight data, errors in, 73-10.
- ...incident reporting, 65-10.
- ...memory, 97-22, 98-16.
- ...military experience and selection, 92-5.
- ...motivational factors, 71-30, 73-2.

- ...Multiple Task Performance Battery for selection, 72-5, 74-10.
- ...napping and night shift performance, 00-10.
- ...occupational vision, 96-12, 96-27.
- ... operational errors/deviations, 99-2.
- ...performance and personality factors, 70-14, 93-4, 94-13.
- ... perceptions of aircraft performance, 00-24.
- ...performance evaluation, 61-1, 65-22, 73-7, 93-12, 98-14, 00-2.
- ...performance on radar monitoring tasks, 82-1, 83-13, 86-4, 88-1, 88-4. 90-3, 94-26, 95-23, 97-10, 98-16, 99-8.
- ... performance during CDTI evaluation, 00-30.
- ...physiological responses, 71-2, 73-21, 73-22, 74-11, 76-13, 77-23, 82-17.
- ...pilot satisfaction with services, 90-6.
- ...presbyopic, 96-12, 96-27.
- ...psychological testing, 61-1, 62-2, 80-14, 81-5, 92-30, 97-17, 98-23, 99-16, 99-23.
- ...selection, 62-2, 72-33, 74-8, 76-6, 77-25, 78-7, 78-36, 79-3, 79-14, 79-21, 80-7, 80-15, 80-17, 82-11, 83-6, 84-2, 84-6, 88-3, 89-6, 89-7, 90-4, 90-8, 90-13, 91-4. 91-8, 91-9, 91-18, 92-5, 92-26, 94-4, 94-8, 96-6, 96-13, 97-4, 97-15, 97-17, 97-19, 98-23, 99-16, 99-18, 99-23, 00-2, 00-12, 00-15.
- ...sex differences in selection, training, and attrition, 72-22, 74-2, 74-7, 75-3, 96-13, 98-23.
- ...shift rotation patterns, effects, 73-22, 75-7, 77-5, 85-2, 86-2, 95-12, 95-19, 96-23, 99-2, 00-10.
- ...situation awareness, 99-3.
- ...Sixteen Personality Factor test, air traffic controllers, 97-17.
- ...sleep patterns, 77-5, 95-12, 95-19, 00-10.
- ...symptoms reported, 61-1.
- ...team work, performance feedback in simulation, 00-25.
- ...training, 78-10, 79-3, 79-18, 80-5, 80-15, 82-2, 83-9, 88-3, 89-6, 89-7, 90-4, 90-8, 91-4, 94-9, 94-13, 95-4, 96-6, 98-8, 98-22, 98-23, 99-16, 00-12.
- ...voice communications, 93-20, 95-15, 98-20, 99-21.

Air transportation

- ...animals, 77-8, 81-11, 84-5.
- ...high risk pregnant women and neonates, 82-5, 00-33.
- ...human external loads, 98-13.
- ...infectious disease substances, 95-29.
- ...in-flight medical care, 00-13.
- ...medical kits, 91-2, 91-3, 97-1, 00-13.
- ...medical and psychological aspects, 71-10.
- ...sports parachutists, restraint systems, 98-11.

...standards for advanced systems, 71-33. ...wheel-well stowaways, 96-25.

Aircraft

...accident causes, 66-8, 66-25, 66-27, 66-29, 66-30, 67-23, 68-16, 69-2, 69-18, 71-9, 72-2, 73-5, 78-13, 78-31, 80-4, 82-15, 89-3, 98-5, 99-14, 99-15.

...accident investigation, 62-7, 62-9, 63-21, 63-35, 67-22, 69-18, 72-2, 73-5, 79-2, 79-6, 80-3, 80-6, 80-11, 81-10, 82-7, 83-8, 85-8, 97-21, 98-10, 99-11, 00-7, 00-22.

...aging and maintenance, 92-3.

...attitude indicators, 73-9.

...aural glide slope cues for instrument approaches, 71-24.

...biocidal fuel additive, 67-21.

...cabin safety data bank, 79-23, 82-8.

...cabin safety subject index, 84-1, 85-1.

...cargo compartment environment, 81-11.

...checklists, 91-7.

...cockpit delethalization, 66-3, 66-12, 71-3, 72-6, 72-7, 72-15.

...cockpit visual problems, 77-2, 77-7, 77-13, 77-14, 78-17.

...communication in light aircraft, 72-31.

...control forces and female pilots, 72-27, 73-23.

...crew smoke-protective devices, 76-5, 78-4, 83-14, 89-5, 89-8, 89-11.

...decompression hazards, 67-14, 70-12, 99-4.

...design changes to reduce injuries, 71-3, 72-7, 83-8.

...displays, 98-9, 98-12.

...ditching studies, 78-1, 91-6, 98-19.

...escape slides, studies of, 98-3, 99-10.

...evacuation, 62-9, 65-7, 66-42, 70-16, 70-19, 72-30, 77-11, 78-3, 78-23, 79-5, 79-6, 80-12, 81-7, 89-5, 89-12, 92-27, 95-22, 95-25, 96-18, 98-19, 99-10, 99-30, 00-11.

...evacuation models, 94-11, 97-20.

...fire, smoke protection after accidents, 67-4, 70-16, 70-20, 78-4, 83-10, 85-10, 89-5, 89-8, 89-11, 89-12.

...fires, toxicity of combustion products, 71-41, 77-9, 85-5, 86-1, 86-3, 86-5, 89-4, 91-17, 95-8.

...flight inspection, evaluation, 95-18.

...flight manuals, 91-7.

...flight training devices, 94-25, 95-6.

...floor proximity marking systems, 98-2.

...GPS displays, 98-9, 98-12, 99-9, 99-13, 99-26, 00-4.

...head impact kinematics, 92-20.

... Highway-in-the Sky (HITS) display, 00-31.

...inspection, 89-9, 94-12, 95-14.

...instrument display, 75-12, 98-28, 00-8, 00-31.

...interior wall padding and neck injury potential, 93-14.

...landing, simulated night approaches, 77-12, 78-15, 79-4, 81-6.

...maintenance, 89-9, 90-14, 91-16, 92-3, 93-5, 93-15, 94-12, 95-14, 95-31, 96-2.

...medical incidents inflight, 00-13.

...neck injury potential, 93-14.

...noise effects measurement, 71-1, 72-32.

... noise effects on birds, 62-4.

...noise levels, 68-21, 68-25, 70-6.

... nongyropscopic blind flight instrument, 66-32.

...oxygen system design, 78-9.

...ozone concentrations and effects, 79-20, 80-9, 89-

...padding for crash protection, 66-40.

...performance characteristics, perceived by ATCSs, 00-24.

...propeller paint schemes conspicuity, 78-29.

...radioactive material shipments, 82-12.

...readability of emergency signs in smoke, 79-22.

...restraint installation, 66-33, 67-13, 72-15.

...restraint system evaluation, 69-3, 69-4, 69-5, 71-12, 72-3, 72-6, 78-6, 78-12, 78-24, 79-17, 80-3, 81-10, 82-7, 94-19, 95-2, 95-30, 98-11, 99-5.

...seat cushion flotation, 66-13, 98-19.

...seat evaluation, 78-6, 78-24, 79-17, 80-3, 81-10, 82-7, 83-3, 90-11.

...seat impact injuries, 66-18, 72-15, 89-3.

...simulator operation using drugs, 64-18.

...size of exits in evacuation, 99-10.

...SST anticollision lights, 70-9, 70-15, 71-42.

...stall warning device, 66-31.

...standards for advanced aerospace systems, 71-33.

...sunscreen-treated windows, 78-28.

...toxicity of engine oil thermal degradation, 83-12.

...water spray system, 98-4.

...wheel-well passengers, 96-25.

Airport

...cues for approach and landing, 79-4, 79-25, 81-6, 82-6.

...medical services, 65-3, 71-10.

...precautionary emergency evacuation data, 99-30.

Airway facilities personnel

...human factors, 94-5.

...job attitudes, 77-21, 79-11, 83-7.

Airway Science Curriculum Demonstration Project

...air traffic control specialists, 91-18.

...initial evaluation, 88-5.

Airworthiness Inspectors

... assessment of job performance, 87-4.

Alcohol

- ...alcoholic airline pilot rehabilitation, 85-12.
- ...altitude effects on blood levels, 70-5.
 - on performance, 68-18, 79-26, 82-3, 85-5, 88-2.
- ...ataxia test battery effects, 79-9.
- ...complex performance effects, 69-14, 79-7, 85-5, 88-2, 94-24, 95-7.
- ...congener effects, 79-7, 79-9.
- ...detection methods, 91-12.
- ...disorientation-related responses, 71-6, 71-16, 71-20, 71-34, 71-39, 72-34.
- ...findings in general aviation accidents, 66-27, 66-29, 68-16, 69-2, 78-31, 80-4, 95-28, 98-5.
- ...hangover effects, 79-7, 79-26.
- ...instrument flight performance effects, 72-4.
- ...low doses and performance, 94-24, 95-3, 95-7.
- ...postmortem in fatal accidents, 92-24, 98-5, 00-21.
- ...problem solving effects, 72-11.
- ...readiness to perform testing, 93-13, 95-24.
- ...tests for alcoholism after intoxication in non-alcoholics, 83-2.
- ...visual functions effects, 78-2, 79-15.

Altitude

- ...alcohol effects, 68-18, 79-26, 82-3, 85-5, 88-2.
- ...antihistamine effects on performance, 68-15.
- ...antihistamine-decongestant preparations effects, 78-19, 78-20.
- ...blood alcohol levels effects, 70-5.
- ...blood donation effects on tolerance, 84-4.
- ...chamber reactions, 77-4, 90-12.
- ...civilian training need,91-13.
- ...cosmic radiation, at SST altitudes, 71-26, 80-2.
- ...cosmic radiation, crewmembers and passengers, 92-2, 00-33.
- SST altitudes, 71-26, 80-2.
- ...decompression hazards, 67-14, 70-12, 99-4.
- ...decompression, performance after, 66-10.
- ...heat effects on performance, 71-17.
- ...human tolerance, 62-6.
- ...marihuana effects on performance, 75-6.
- ...oxygen masks, efficiency of, 62-21, 66-7, 66-9, 66-20, 67-3, 67-9, 72-10, 79-13, 80-18, 85-10, 89-10, 93-6, 98-27.
- ...oxygen need, 66-28, 78-9.
- ...ozone concentrations and effects, 79-20, 80-9.
- ...penetrating eye injuries effects, 62-12.
- ...performance effects, 66-15, 71-11, 82-3, 82-4, 82-10, 83-15, 85-3, 85-5, 88-2, 97-7, 97-9.
- ...portable oxygen system, 98-27.

- ...propranolol effects on tolerance, 79-10, 80-10.
- ...smokers, effects on, 97-7.
- ...tolerance after crash diet, 81-2, 81-8.
- ...tolerance of beta blocked hypertensives, 92-19.
- ...tolerance with pulmonary disease, 77-16.
- ...tolerance with sickle cell trait, 76-15, 78-30.
- ...visual fields effects on glaucoma patients and the elderly, 91-1.
- ...work tolerance effects, 63-33, 82-3.
- ...wheel-well stowaways, 96-25.

Animal transportation

- ...freezing and subfreezing temperature effects on dogs, 87-3.
- ...heat and humidity effects on dogs, 77-8, 81-11, 84-5, 87-8.

Anthropometry

- ...forensic, 79-2.
- ...adult face, 78-14, 93-10.
- ...adult female, 83-16.
- ...air traffic controllers, 65-26.
- ...center of gravity, 62-14, 65-23, 69-22.
- ...faces of children for oxygen mask design, 66-9.
- ...female crewmember facial anthropometry, 83-14.
- ...flight attendants, 75-2, 75-13.
- ...flight inspection pilots and technicians, 95-18.
- ...head and face of adults, 93-10.
- ...human pelvis, 82-9.
- ...shoulder slope, 65-14.
- ...weight distribution when sitting, 62-1.

Anthropomorphic dummies

- ...criteria for crashworthiness, 96-11.
- ...design, 82-9, 83-16.
- ...evaluation, 78-6, 78-24, 79-17, 83-3.
- ...3- and 6-year-old dummies, 76-9.
- ...thoracic mass, determination, 96-7.

Anticollision lights

- ...effects of backscatter, 72-8.
- ...exposure effects under simulated IFR conditions, 66-39.
- ...SST, 70-9, 70-15, 71-42.

Aphakia

- ...accident risk assessment, 95-11.
- ...incidence in airmen, 91-14, 92-14.

Arousal

- ...by distracting stimuli, 71-7.
- ...nystagmus effects, 62-17.

- ...simulated radar control task, 75-8, 77-18, 81-12, 88-1.
- ...vestibular responses effects, 63-29.

Attention

- ...anticollision observing responses, 73-6.
- ... auditory distraction effects, 72-14.
- ... conspicuity of flashing and color targets, 90-3.
 - target blink amplitude, 97-10, 99-8.
- ...personality and physiological correlates, 73-14.
- ...self-estimates of distractibility, 72-25.
- ...psychophysiological indices, 99-28.
- ...simulated radar task, 77-18, 78-11, 79-12, 80-17, 81-12, 82-1, 82-16, 86-4, 88-1, 89-1.
- ...switching in readiness to perform, 95-24.
- ...time-sharing ability, 76-1, 78-33.
- ...visual taskload effects on CFF change during complex monitoring, 85-13.
- ...visual taskload effects on complex monitoring, 88-1, 90-3, 94-26, 95-23, 96-9, 99-28.

Audiology

- ...advanced and ATC selection, 90-13.
- ...auditory fatigue, 63-19, 65-1, 65-2.
- ...binaural beat perception, 63-17.
- ...cockpit noise intensities, 68-21, 68-25.
- ...ear-protector ratings, 73-20, 75-11.
- ...earphone transient response, 63-7.
- ...interaural intensity difference limen, 67-10.
- ... noise audiometry, 71-1.
- ...noise effects on aircrew personnel, 72-32.
- ...speech intelligibility improvement, 70-6, 72-31, 73-13, 76-3.
- ...table of intensity increments, 66-4.
- ...temporary threshold shift, 79-16.

Automation

- ...advanced and ATCS selection, 90-13, 92-26, 97-19, 98-23.
- ...boredom and monotony as stressors, 80-1.
- ...complacency on radar monitoring task, 82-1.
- ...complex monitoring performance predictors, 80-17, 86-4.
- ...flight progress strips, 92-31, 94-3, 95-8, 96-5.
- ...general aviation, pilot responses to autopilot malfunctions, 97-24.
- ...physiological stress in controllers, 82-17.
- ...radar performance with and without computer aiding, 89-1.
- ...recovery of radar monitoring performance following startle, 83-13.
- ...visual taskload effects on CFF change during

complex monitoring, 85-13.

...visual taskload effects on complex monitoring, 88-1.

Aviation maintenance

...human factors, 89-9, 90-14, 91-16, 92-3, 93-5, 93-15, 94-12, 95-31, 96-2.

Aviation medical examiners

- ...and drug testing program, 92-15.
- ...performance, 84-7.

Ballistocardiography

- ...bibliography, 65-15.
- ... research and current status, 64-12.
- ...stroke volume relationship, 65-8.

Behavior

- ...coronary-prone Type A and complex monitoring performance, 86-4.
- ...Type A and ATCS training performance, 94-13.

Benzodiazepines

...analysis in forensic urine samples, 96-14.

Birds

...possible sonotropic effects of a commercial air transport, 62-4.

Blood

- ...altitude effects on alcohol levels, 70-5.
- ...autoregulation of renal flow, 63-32.
- ... cerebrovascular disease detection, 65-4.
- ...cholinesterase measurement, 67-5.
- ...clot dissolution therapy, 64-5.
- ...comparison of serum cholinesterase methods, 70-13, 72-12.
- ...cyanide, 94-7.
- ...donation effects, 84-4.
- ...erythrocyte volume spectra, 63-8.
- ...hemoconcentration with endrin poisoning, 66-11.
- ...oxygen saturation, 66-7, 66-15, 66-20, 67-3, 67-9.
- ...phospholipids, 71-2, 73-21, 73-22.
- ...plasma catecholamine determination, 66-6, 71-15.
- ...pressure changes in ATC population, 71-19, 72-20, 78-39, 84-3.
- ...pressure changes in third-class certificate holders, 72-26.
- ...pressure levels of active pilots, 84-3.
- ...pressures by rapid indirect method, 70-21.
- ...pulmonary flow with glyceryl trinitrate, 64-11.
- ...pulmonary thromboembolism, 64-7.

- ...sickle cell disease and trait, 76-15, 78-30, 80-20.
- ...storage stability of human blood cholinesterases, 70-4.
- ...tests for alcohol abuse, 83-2.

Cabin safety

- ...cabin simulator, experimental, 97-18.
- ...computer evacuation models, 94-11, 97-20.
- ...data bank, 79-23, 82-8.
- ...subject index, 84-1, 85-1.

Calcium

...activity and circadian rhythm in excretion, 68-4.

Caloric irrigation

- ... after habituation to rotation, 63-13.
- ...alcohol effect on response, 71-6.
- ...arousal effects on nystagmus, 62-17.
- ...elicitation of secondary nystagmus, 63-3.
- ...nystagmus after habituation, 63-14, 64-14, 65-19, 67-2.

Cane

...used by blind passengers, 80-12.

Carbon monoxide

- ...carboxyhemoglobin standards, 98-21.
- ...cause of aircraft accidents, 68-16, 69-2, 82-15, 00-9
- ...levels in aircraft accident victims, 70-16, 80-11, 00-9.
- ...relative toxic hazards of materials, 77-9.
- ...times to incapacitation of rats, 89-4, 93-7.

Cardiovascular

- ... age and physical training effects, 63-18, 64-1.
- ...antihistamine-decongestant preparations effects, 78-20.
- ...ballistocardiographic research, 64-12, 65-8, 65-15.
- ...blood donation effects, 84-4.
- ...blood pressure measurement, 66-16, 66-36, 70-21, 84-3.
- ...cerebrovascular disease detection, 65-4.
- ...changes in ATC population, 71-19, 72-20, 78-39, 84-3.
- ...changes in third-class certificate holders, 72-26.
- ...coronary heart disease detection, 74-6, 78-38.
- ...dextroamphetamine effects on heart rates, 75-14.
- ...endrin effects, 63-16, 66-11.
- ...evaluation with treadmill and step test, 64-3.
- ...function in aviation stress protocol, 78-5.

- ...glyceryl trinitrate effects on pulmonary vasculature, 64-11.
- ...health, age, and performance, 64-4.
- ...heart rates during instrument approaches, 70-7, 71-24, 75-12.
- ...heart rates in air tanker pilots, 68-26.
- ...heart rates in ATCSs, 71-2, 73-21, 73-22, 74-11.
- ...heart rates in student pilots, 67-15, 69-12.
- ...heart rates with complex vigilance tasks, 69-8, 75-8, 86-4.
- ...heart rates with simulated sonic booms, 71-29.
- ...in-flight incapacitation, 87-7.
- ...physiological responses on cross-country flights, 71-23.
- ...post mortem findings after accidents, 69-18, 80-8, 85-6.
- ...prediction of heart rates under stress, 69-7.
- ...prevalence among civil airmen, 89-2.
- ...problems associated with aviation safety, 78-38.
- ...recognition of posterior infarction, 64-19.
- ...rehabilitation after infarction, 64-2, 66-17, 66-21.
- ...responses to hyperpyrexia, 64-8.
- ...risk factors, 90-7.
- ...startle effects on heart rates, 69-21.
- ...stress effects on heart rates, 68-17.
- ...thromboembolic disease treatment, 64-5.
- ...transducer for heart sounds, 68-3.

Case reports

- ...in-flight loss of consciousness, 63-21.
- ...insecticide exposure, 63-24.
- ...physical conditioning after infarction, 66-21.
- ...pulmonary thromboembolism, 64-7.
- ...quinine elimination, 94-16.
- ...rheoencephalography in cerebrovascular disease detection, 65-4.
- ...seizures inflight, 64-6.

Center of gravity

- ...adults, 62-14.
- ...children, 65-23.
- ...infants, 69-22.

Certification, aeromedical

- ...airmen attrition, 72-13, 73-8.
- ...alcoholic airline pilots rehabilitation, 85-12.
- ...analysis of denial actions, 68-9, 74-5, 76-10, 78-25, 80-19, 83-5, 84-9, 85-9, 86-7, 90-5.
- ...aphakia, 91-14, 92-14, 93-11, 95-11.
- ...aviation medical examiner performance, 84-7.
- ...contact lens use, 90-10, 00-18.
- ...diabetic conditions, glucose concentrations in transportation accidents, 00-22.

- ...disease prevalence and incidence, 73-8, 81-9, 84-8, 89-2, 90-7.
- ...errors in height and weight data, 73-10.
- ...estimate of active airmen, 68-5.
- ...exams of first-class certificate holders by senior AMEs, 71-38.
- ...gender differences in refractive surgery, 00-23.
- ...glare, 94-15.
- ...glaucoma, 91-1.
- ...intraocular implants, 92-14, 93-11.
- ...photorefractive keratectomy, 98-25.
- ...procedures, 71-25, 82-14.
- ...radial keratectomy, 98-25, 00-19.
- ...radial keratotomy, 99-6, 00-19.
- ...refractive surgery, 00-19, 00-23.
- ...sickle cell disease and trait, 76-15, 80-20.
- ...tests for alcohol abuse, 83-2.

Charts

...readability, 77-13, 78-17.

Circadian periodicity

- ...bibliography of shift work research, 83-17.
- ...disruption of intercontinental flights, 65-16, 65-28, 65-29, 65-30, 68-8, 69-17.
- ...effects of shifts in wake-sleep cycle, 75-10, 76-11, 86-2.
- ...excretion of magnesium and calcium, 68-4.
- ...rotating shift work, 86-2, 99-2.

Civil Aeromedical Institute (CAMI)

...historical vignettes, prefaces to 87-1, 97-1, 98-1, 01-1.

Clothing

...effects on drag forces, 63-9.

Cold

- ...effect on dogs shipped by air transport, 87-3.
- ...effect on manual performance, 68-13.
- ...exposure after water spray, 98-4.
- ...skin temperature to predict tolerance, 71-4.
- ...thermal balance, 66-23.
- ...thermal protection by life preservers, 85-11.

Color

- ...conspicuity of radar targets, 90-3.
- ...highlighting targets, 92-6.

Color vision

- ...air traffic control specialists performance, 83-11.
- ...clinical tests as predictors of practical tests, 73-18, 75-1, 92-28, 92-29, 95-13.
- ...defective and color highlighting, 92-6.
- ...defective and signal lights, recognition, 71-27, 71-32.
- ...impairment by sunscreen materials, 78-28.
- ...tests, 67-8, 85-7, 90-9, 93-17, 95-13, 96-22.
- ...test illuminant, 93-16.
- ...X-Chrom lens for improving, 78-22.

Communication

- ...ATC/pilot voice, 93-20, 95-15, 96-26, 98-17, 98-20, 99-21.
- ...binaural beat perception, 63-17.
- ...earphone response, 63-7.
- ...interaural intensity difference limen, 67-10.
- ...light aircraft, 72-31.
- ...organizational, and technology change, 99-25.
- ...predictor for empowerment, 98-24.
- ...role in aircraft maintenance and inspection, 90-10.
- ...role in promoting change within Airway Facilities Service, 83-7.
- ...speech intelligibility improvement, 70-6, 72-31, 73-13, 76-3.
- ...table of intensity increments, 66-4.
- ...tactile, 62-11, 62-16.
- ...voice, methods and metrics, 96-10, 96-20.

Contact lenses

- ...epidemiological study of certification, 90-10.
- ...monovision and airline accident, 00-18.

Cosmic radiation

...air carrier crew, exposure of, 80-21, 92-2, 00-33.

Crashworthiness

- ...dummy criteria, 96-11.
- ...energy-absorbing seat effectiveness, 83-3, 90-11.
- ...head impact and interior walls, 92-20, 93-14.
- ...occupant survival in general aviation accidents, 81-10, 82-7, 83-8, 98-3.

Deceleration

- ...bibliography, 63-30.
- ...cockpit delethalization, 66-3, 66-12, 72-6, 72-7, 72-15, 81-10.
- ...head impacts while wearing restraint systems, 72-6.
- ...human tolerance, 62-6, 83-3.
- ...illumination effects during angular deceleration, 68-28.

- ...impact injuries in pregnancy, 68-6, 68-24.
- ...kinematics of human body, 62-13.
- ...padding for crash protection, 66-40.
- ...rearward-facing seats, 69-13.
- ...restraint systems, 67-13, 69-3, 69-4, 69-5, 69-13, 72-3, 72-15, 80-3, 81-10, 82-7, 83-8, 99-5.
- ...seat impact injuries, 66-18, 72-15, 81-10, 82-7.
- ...side-facing seats, 69-13.
- ...survival of extreme vertical impacts, 62-19.
- ...survival of free-fall impacts, 63-15.
- ...survival of water impacts, 65-12.
- ...tolerances of face, 65-20.

Decision-making

- ...employee participation in, 91-10, 92-13, 92-17.
- ... "expert" pilot model, 97-6
- ...perceptions of aircraft performance characteristics by ATCSs, 00-24.
- ...personal minimums tool, 96-19, 98-6.
- ...skills in pilots, 98-7.
- ...training in pilots, 87-6, 96-19, 98-6.
- ... weather information, use of, 97-3, 97-23.

Decompression

- ...altitude chamber experience, 77-4, 90-12.
- ...effects on performance, 66-10.
- ...effects of propranolol on TUF, 79-10, 80-10.
- ...need for civilian training, 91-13.
- ...oxygen mask evaluation, 66-20, 67-3, 72-10, 79-13, 80-18, 96-4, 98-27, 00-6.
- ...pressurized small aircraft, 67-14.
- ...supersonic transports, 99-4.
- ...tolerable profiles for SST, 70-12.

Depth perception

- ...general, 62-15, 63-10, 63-20, 63-28, 64-13, 65-11, 65-32, 66-22, 66-24, 67-18, 67-20.
- ...light adaptation device, 66-38.
- ...monovision contact lenses in airline accident, 00-18.

Diet

- ...human tolerance, effects, 81-2.
- ...performance, effects, 81-8.

Disorientation

- ...accidents due to, 78-13, 95-1, 96-21.
- ...adaptation, 65-18, 65-24, 66-37, 67-2, 67-6, 67-7, 67-12, 67-19, 68-2, 68-28, 69-20, 74-3.
- ...alcohol effects, 71-6, 71-16, 71-20, 71-34, 71-39, 72-34.

...familiarization techniques, 70-17, 77-24. ...visually induced, 69-23, 70-2, 71-22.

Distraction

...auditory distraction and performance, 72-14. ...susceptibility, measurement of, 72-25.

Ditching

- ...flotation and survival equipment studies, 78-1, 85-11.
- ...frequency of occurrence, 98-19.
- ...infant flotation device, 71-37, 91-6.
- ...seat cushion flotation, 66-13, 95-20.
- ...water survival training programs, 98-19.

DNA

- ...detection of postmortem alcohol-producing microorganisms, 00-16.
- ...profiling for quality assurance, 98-18, 99-14.

Drugs

- ...aircraft accidents, role of, 68-16, 78-31, 85-8, 92-23, 94-14, 95-28, 96-14, 97-14, 98-10, 98-18, 99-29, 00-20, 00-21.
 - quality assurance of forensic findings, 99-11, 99-15.
- ...antihistamine effects, at altitude, 68-15, 78-19, 78-20.
 - on cognitive performance, 99-20.
- on shiftwork performance, 97-25.
- ...antimotion sickness, 81-16, 82-19.
- ...atropine and performance, 93-19.
- ...atropine and Phosdrin effects on vision, 73-4.
- ...benzodiazepines, forensic analysis, 96-14.
- ...butalbital, forensic analysis, 00-29.
- ...chlordimeform toxicity, 77-19.
- ...chlorpheniramine, forensic analysis, 99-29.
- ...complex performance effects, 69-9.
- ...detection and identification, 92-25, 96-17, 97-14, 98-18.
- ...dextroamphetamine effects during angular acceleration, 73-17, 76-12.
- ...dextroamphetamine effects during sleep loss, 75-
- ...glyceryl trinitrate effects on pulmonary vasculature, 64-11.
- ...lithium carbonate effects on performance, 77-17.
- ...marihuana, 73-12, 85-8.
- ...marihuana and altitude effects on performance, 75-6.
- ...melatonin, 98-10.
- ...methamidophos poisoning, 78-26.

- ...orthostatic tolerance effects, 63-34.
- ...performance effects in aircraft simulator, 64-18.
- ...propranolol effects on altitude tolerance, 79-10, 80-10.
- ...readiness to perform testing, 93-13.
- ...secobarbital effects during angular acceleration, 73-17.
- ...seldenafil (Viagra), method for detecting in postmortem samples, 00-20.
- ...selegiline metabolites, 97-14.
- ...testing programs and AMEs, 92-15.
- ...tranquilizer, effects on body temperature, 63-23, 66-14.
 - use in flight training, 69-12.
- ...triamterene in fatal accident, 92-13.
- ...use in fatigue, 63-12, 75-14.
- ...visual reflexes effects, 79-15.
- ...work capacity effects, 63-34.

Earphones

- ...headset interference tones, 92-4.
- ...transient response, 63-7.

Earplugs

...ratings, 73-20, 75-11.

Education

- ...aviation medical examiners, 84-7.
- ...factor, in air traffic controller selection, 76-6, 96-6.
 - in air traffic controller success, 76-6, 83-6.

Electrocardiogram

- ...amplitude/frequency analysis, 74-6.
- ...diagnosis of posterior infarction, 64-19.

Energy

- ...cost of treadmill work, 62-5.
- ...energy-absorbing seat effectiveness, 83-3, 90-11.

Environment

- ...cargo compartments, 81-11.
- ...effects of mass air transportation, 71-10.

Equipment

- ...air traffic situation assessment (SATORI), 93-12.
- ...alcohol detection, 91-12.
- ...anthropometry in design, 65-26, 75-2.
- ...anticollision lights, 66-39, 70-9, 70-15, 71-42, 72-8.
- ...ARTS-III effects on controller stress, 76-13.
- ...blood pressure measurement, 66-16, 70-21.

- ...compact instrument display, 75-12.
- ...crew smoke-protective devices, 76-5, 78-4, 78-41, 83-14, 89-8, 89-11.
- ...disorientation familiarization, 70-17.
- ... Emergency Escape Breathing Device, 92-18.
- ...emergency lighting, 66-42, 79-22, 80-13, 81-7.
- ...escape slides, strength, 98-3.
- ...evaporative water loss, 67-17.
- ...fire, smoke protection, 67-4, 70-20, 78-4, 83-10, 85-10, 89-5, 89-8, 89-11, 89-12.
- ...flotation and survival, 78-1, 85-11.
- ...GPS displays, 98-8, 98-12, 99-9, 99-13, 99-26, 00-4.
- ...head-up displays, 98-28.
- ... Highway-in-the-Sky (HITS) display, 00-31.
- ...infant flotation device, 71-37, 91-6.
- ...instrument readability by senior pilots, 77-2, 77-7.
- ...lapbelt restraint in pregnancy, 68-24.
- ...light adaptation device, 66-38.
- ...medical kits, 91-2, 91-3, 00-13, 00-13.
- ...nongyroscopic blind flight instrument, 66-32.
- ...oxygen, 62-21, 66-7, 66-9, 66-10, 66-20, 67-3, 67-9, 72-10, 78-4, 79-13, 80-18, 83-10, 85-10, 89-5, 89-10, 93-6, 95-17, 96-4, 98-27, 00-6.
- ...padding for crash protection, 66-40.
- ...performance testing, 66-19.
- ...personnel lifting devices, rotorcraft, 98-13.
- ...protective for aircraft accidents, 65-7, 66-3, 66-12.
- ...restraint systems, 67-13, 69-3, 69-4, 69-5, 72-3, 72-6, 83-8, 94-19, 99-5.
- ...seat cushion flotation, 66-13.
- ...secondary container alternative for transportation of infectious substances, 95-29.
- ...stall warning, 66-31.
- ...transducer, 68-3.
- ...upper torso restraint acceptance, 71-12.

Evacuation, passenger emergency

- ...acoustic signals for exit location, 79-5.
- ...air carrier accidents, 62-9, 65-7, 70-16.
- ...bibliography, 63-30.
- ...cabin simulator, experimental, 97-18.
- ...computer models, 94-11.
- ...Emergency Escape Breathing Device, 92-18.
- ...emergency lighting, floor, 98-2.
- ...escape slides and platforms, 96-18, 98-3.
- ...handicapped passengers, 77-11.
- ...history of smoke/fume protective breathing equipment, 87-5.
- ...human external loads, 98-13.
- ...injuries, 79-6, 79-23, 82-8, 99-30.
- ...motivation of passengers, 96-18.
- ...passenger flow rates between compartments, 78-3.

- ...passenger workload and protective breathing, 87-2, 89-5.
- ...precautionary, 99-30, 00-11.
- ...railroad accident, 73-1.
- ...readability of emergency signs in smoke, 79-22, 80-13, 81-7.
- ...seating configuration, 89-14, 92-27, 95-22.
- ...simulation by computer models, 72-30, 78-23, 94-11, 97-20.
 - experimental cabin, 97-18.
- ...SST mockup tests, 70-19.
- ...size of exits, 99-10.
- ...tests using L-1649, 66-42.
- ...tests using protective smoke hood, 70-20, 89-12.
- ...type III exits, 92-27,95-22, 95-25.
- ...water survival training programs analysis, 98-19.

Exercise

- ...ausculatory and intra-aortic pressures, 66-36.
- ...human tolerances, effects on, 82-4, 82-10.
- ...magnesium and calcium excretion, effects on, 68-4.
- ...myocardial infarction, before and after, 64-2.
 - effects after, 66-17, 66-21.
- ...tolerance at altitude, 63-33.
- ...treadmill work, energy cost of, 62-5.
- ...air traffic controller selection, 63-31, 74-8, 78-7, 83-6.
- ...ATCS, correlation with age and performance, 67-1, 73-7.
- ...pilots in general aviation accidents, 77-10.
- ...relation to reported symptoms of ATCSs, 65-6.

Eye

- ...age and binocular fusion time, 66-35.
- ...airman visual acuity, midair collisions, 75-5.
- ...alcohol effects on eye movements, 72-34.
- ...anticollision lights, 66-39, 70-9, 70-15, 71-42, 72-8.
- ...aphakia, prevalence in civil airmen, 91-14, 92-14, 93-11.
- ...bifocal effects on radar monitoring, 82-16.
- ...contact lenses, 90-10, 00-18.
- ...cockpit visual problems of senior pilots, 77-2, 77-7, 77-13, 77-14, 78-17.
- ...color vision and signal lights, 71-27, 71-32, 73-18, 75-1, 78-22, 93-17.
- ...color vision tests for ATCS, 83-11, 85-7, 90-9, 92-29.
- ...depth perception, 63-10, 63-28, 67-20, 00-18.
- ...equidistance tendency, 65-11.
- ...fatigue effects on binocular fusion time, 69-1.
- ...glare tests, 94-15.

- ...glaucoma, visual field and altitude, 91-1.
- ...lateral movements in student pilots, 67-15.
- ...movements during simulated air traffic control, 94-26, 95-23, 96-9.
- ...neural control of ciliary muscle, 63-5.
- ...occupational vision, en route centers, 96-12, 96-27.
- ...optokinetic stimulation, 70-2, 70-10, 71-22.
- ...pathology in accident airmen, 81-14, 83-18.
- ...penetrating injuries, 62-12.
- ...photic stimulation, 66-39.
- ...photorefractive keratectomy, 98-25.
- ...propeller paint schemes conspicuity, 78-29.
- ...pupillary movement with fatigue, 65-9.
- ...pupillary reflex with age, 65-25.
- ...radial keratectomy, 98-25, 00-19.
- ...radial keratotomy, 99-6, 00-19.
- ...reaction time, flash luminance and duration, 67-24.
- ...refractive surgery and aeromedical certification, 00-19.
- ...senior pilots, cockpit visual problems, 77-2, 77-7, 77-13, 77-14, 78-17.
- ...simulation of objects moving in depth, 65-32.
- ...size and distance perception, 62-15, 64-13, 66-22, 66-24, 67-18.
- ...spatial extent, perception of, 63-20.
- ...spiral aftereffect test, 64-9, 64-10, 64-17, 68-10, 69-15, 71-31.
- ...target detection, highlighted, 97-10, 99-8.
- ...tests for color vision, 67-8, 83-11, 93-16, 93-17.
- ...two-flash thresholds, 68-20, 70-15, 71-42.
- ...vision through sunscreen materials, 78-28.
- ...visually induced disorientation, 69-23, 70-2, 71-22.
- ...X-Chrom lens for improving color vision, 78-22.

Fatigue

- ...air tanker pilots, 68-26.
- ...antihistamine-decongestant preparations effects, 78-20.
- ...auditory, 63-19, 65-1, 65-2.
- ...aviation activities, 65-13, 81-13.
- ...binocular fusion time effects, 69-1.
- ...Composite Mood Adjective Check Lists to measure in ATCSs, 71-21.
- ...8- vs. 10-hr. work schedules, 95-32.
- ...eye blink-rate measures, 94-17, 94-26, 99-28.
- ...intercontinental jet flights, 65-16, 65-28, 65-29, 65-30, 68-8, 69-17.
- ...mitigation with Spartase, 63-12.
- ...plasma catecholamine determination, 66-6, 71-15.
- ...pupillary movement with, 65-9.

- ...readiness to perform testing, 93-13, 95-24.
- ...rotating shift work, 86-2, 99-2.
- ...shift effects on wake-sleep cycle, 75-10, 76-11, 85-2, 95-12, 95-19.
- ...sleep deprivation effects, 70-8, 75-14, 85-3.
- ...tolerance after crash diet, 81-2.
- ...tolerance after exercise, 82-4, 82-10.
- ...visual, during vigilance task, 94-26, 96-9.
- ...visual taskload effects on CFF change during complex monitoring, 85-13.

Federal Air Surgeon

- ...review of 1966 program, 67-25.
- ...review of 1976 program, 76-8.

Fire

- ...crew smoke-protective devices, 76-5, 78-4, 78-14, 78-41, 83-14.
- ...effects in air carrier accidents, 62-9, 65-7, 70-16.
- ...flammability of toiletries in oxygen, 63-27.
- ...passenger protective breathing devices, 67-4, 70-20, 83-10, 85-10, 87-2, 87-5, 89-5, 89-8, 89-11, 89-12.
- ...smoke effects on identifying emergency signs, 79-22, 80-13, 81-7.
- ...toxicity of products in aircraft fires, 7 1-41, 77-9, 85-5, 86-1, 86-3, 86-5, 89-4, 90-15, 90-16.
- ...toxicity of seat fire-blocking materials, 86-1.
- ...vs. non-fire forensics, 00-9.

Flight attendants

- ...anthropometry, 75-2.
- ...functional strength, 75-13.
- ...injuries, cabin safety data bank, 79-23, 82-8.
- ...ozone effects, 79-20.
- ...water survival training programs, 98-19.

Flotation devices

- ...infant, 91-6.
- ...methods of seat cushion use, 95-20.
- ...personal devices, 98-19.

Fuel

...biocidal additive, 67-21.

G forces

- ...aerobatics effects, 72-28, 82-13.
- ...simulation with lower body pressure box, 79-8, 82-3, 82-4.
- ...tolerance after crash diet, 81-2.
- ...tolerance effects of antihistamine-decongestant preparations, 78-20.

Galactic cosmic radiation

...effect on air carrier crewmembers, 92-2, 00-33.

Global positioning system (GPS)

...design considerations, 98-9, 98-12, 99-13, 99-26, 00-4.

Handicapped persons

- ...blind passengers, 80-12.
- ...pilot positions in radar training, 80-5.

Health Awareness

...survey of FAA programs, 00-3.

Hearing

- ...acoustic signals for emergency evacuation, 79-5.
- ...auditory fatigue, 63-19, 65-1, 65-2.
- ...binaural beat perception, 63-17.
- ...cockpit noise intensities, 68-21, 68-25.
- ...conservation with earplugs, 73-20, 75-11.
- ...earphone transient response, 63-7.
- ...headset interference tones, 92-4.
- ...interaural intensity difference limen, 67-10.
- ...noise audiometry, 71-1.
- ...noise effects on aircrew personnel, 72-32.
- ...speech intelligibility improvement, 70-6, 72-31, 73-13, 76-3.
- ...table of intensity increments, 66-4.
- ...temporary threshold shift, 79-16, 92-4.

Heat

- ...altitude effects on performance, 71-17.
- ...complex performance effects, 69-10, 72-17.
- ...dogs shipped by air transport, 77-8, 81-11, 84-5, 87-8.
- ...human tolerances, 70-22, 71-4.
- ...maintenance of thermal balance, 66-23.
- ...manual performance effects, 68-13.
- ...measurement of evaporative water loss, 63-25.
- ...tolerance limits for rats and mice, 86-8.
- ...tranquilizer effects on loss and conservation, 63-23, 66-14.

Hijacking

...deterrence, 78-35.

Human

- ...adult female anthropometry, 83-16.
- ...angle of shoulder slope, 65-14.
- ...body center of gravity, 62-14.
- ...body kinematics on deceleration, 62-13.

- ...center of gravity, 62-14, 65-23, 69-22.
- ...child body models, 76-9.
- ...DNA profiling, 98-18.
- ...mass distribution of children, 76-9.
- ...pelvis spatial geometry, 82-9.
- ...physical fitness testing, 63-6.
- ...responses to hyperpyrexia, 64-8.
- ...survivability of free-fall impacts, 63-15, 65-12, 68-19.
- ...tolerances, 62-6, 71-3, 71-4, 71-13, 81-2, 82-3, 82-4, 82-10.
- ...tolerances to facial impact, 65-20, 66-12, 66-40.
- ...tolerances to heat, 70-22, 71-4.

Human factors (also see: Performance)

- ...accident reporting system Human Factors Analysis and Classification System, 00-7.
- ...air traffic control operational errors/deviations, role of shiftwork and fatigue, 99-2.
- ...air traffic sector complexity and operational errors, 98-14.
- ...Air Traffic Selection and Training (AT-SAT) simulation, 00-2, 00-12.
- ...assessment of complex performance, 69-6, 69-16.
- ...auditory startle responses, 88-4.
- ...aviation maintenance, 89-9, 90-14, 91-16, 92-3, 93-5, 93-15, 94-12, 95-14, 95-31, 96-2.
- ...aviation safety, 63-35, 66-8, 66-25, 66-27, 70-18, 71-9, 71-10, 72-2, 73-5, 80-6, 92-3, 94-5, 94-27, 99-7.
- ...CDTI/ADS-B operational evaluation, 00-30.
- ...crew resource management, FAA aircrews, 96-24.
- ...decision making, preflight, 96-19, 97-3, 97-23, 98-7.
- ...emergency evacuation, 65-7, 70-16, 95-25, 96-18, 94-11, 97-20, 98-19, 99-10, 99-30.
- ...flight progress strips, 95-4, 95-9, 96-5, 98-26, 00-5.
- ...flight simulator research, 96-15, 96-16, 97-9, 97-24, 98-12, 98-28.
- ...GPS use, 98-9, 98-12, 99-9, 99-13, 99-26, 00-4.
- ...job task taxonomy, 93-1, 95-16.
- ... operational demonstration of flight inspection aircraft, 95-18.
- ...photic stimulation responses, 66-39.
- ...rotorcraft personnel lifting devices, 98-13.
- ...SATORI, 93-12, 97-13, 98-14.
- ...severe weather flying, 66-41.
- ...situation awareness and performance in air traffic control, 99-3.
- ...target blink amplitude, attention-getting value, 97-10, 99-8.
- ...workstation design, flight inspection aircraft, 95-18.

Hydrogen ion concentration

...conversion table from pH, 68-23.

Hyperventilation

...human tolerances, 62-6.

Hypothermia

- ...passengers, 94-10, 95-20.
- ...wheel-well stowaways, 96-25.

Hypoxia

- ...and beta-blocked hypertensives, 92-19.
- ...blood donation effects, 84-4.
- ...civilian training need, 91-13.
- ...human tolerance, 62-6, 63-33.
- ...interaction with marihuana, 75-6.
- ...oxygen need, 66-28.
- ...performance decrement, 66-10, 66-15, 71-11, 71-17, 97-9.
- ...propranolol effects, 79-10, 80-10.
- ...sickle cell trait susceptibility, 76-15, 78-30, 80-20.
- ...supersonic transport, decompression in, 99-4.
- ...visual field and glaucoma, 91-1.
- ...wheel-well stowaways, 96-25.

Identification

- ...DNA profiling of accident victims, 98-18, 99-14. ...sex and race diagnosis from cranial measurements,
- 79-2.

In-flight health care

- ...medical emergencies, 97-2, 00-13.
- ...medical kits, 91-2, 91-3, 97-2, 00-13.

Illusions

- ...spiral aftereffect, 64-9, 64-10, 64-17, 68-10, 69-15, 71-31.
- ...visual, 70-2, 71-22, 77-12.

Injuries

- ... agricultural aircraft accidents, 72-15, 80-3.
- ...analysis in railroad accident, 73-1.
- ...brain tolerances to concussion, 71-13, 74-4.
- ...cabin safety data bank, 79-23, 82-8.
- ...cockpit delethalization, 66-3, 66-12, 71-3, 72-7, 81-10, 82-7.
- ...correlation with kinematic behavior, 62-13.
- ...criteria for aircraft crashworthiness, 96-11.
- ...decompression of small aircraft, 67-14.
- ...emergency and precautionary evacuations, 79-6, 79-23, 82-8, 99-30, 00-11.

- ...eye, 62-12.
- ...facial tolerances to impacts, 65-20.
- ...head impacts while wearing restraint systems, 72-6, 92-20.
- ...impact in pregnancy, 68-6, 68-24.
- ...in free falls, 63-15.
- ...neck, 93-14.
- ...padding for crash protection, 66-40.
- ...precautionary evacuations, 99-30.
- ...prevention in aircraft accidents, 71-3, 94-19.
- ...produced by restraint systems, 69-5, 89-3.
- ...rearward-facing seats, 62-7, 69-13.
- ...restraint systems to prevent, 67-13, 69-3, 69-4, 69-5, 69-13, 72-3, 82-7, 83-8, 98-11.
- ...seat impacts, 66-18.
- ...side-facing seats, 69-13.
- ...smoke and fire, 62-9, 70-16.
- ...vertical crash forces, 62-1.
- ...vertical impact in seated position, 62-19.
- ...water impacts, 65-12, 68-19.

Instruments

- ...attitude indicators, 73-9.
- ...compact display, effects on performance, 75-12.
- ...GPS design considerations, 98-9, 98-12, 99-26, 00-4.
- ...head-up displays, 98-28.
- ...Highway-in-the Sky (HITS) displays, 00-31.
- ...information priorities, 00-26.
- ...navigational display formats, 96-16, 00-8.
- ...radiation detection, 71-26.
- ...readability by senior pilots, 77-2, 77-7.

Job attitudes

- ...air traffic controllers, 74-7, 74-12, 75-3, 79-11, 91-10, 00-17.
- ...Airway Facilities Service, 77-21, 79-11, 83-7.
- ...aviation business operators, 87-4.
- ...burnout, 92-7.
- ...diversity training, 95-10.
- ...empowerment, perceptions of, 98-24.
- ...exchange ideology, 91-11.
- ...gender, equity, and satisfaction, 92-9.
- ...goal congruence, 92-8.
- ...intent to leave job, 91-15.
- ...organizational change, and cynicism, 99-27, 00-14.
- ...organizational communications, and trust, 99-25.
- ...organizational politics, perceptions of, 92-10.
- ...participation in decision-making, 92-17.
- ...safety behavior, 97-8.
- ...safety perceptions, 99-19.

Judgment

- ...decision-making in pilots, 97-3, 97-23, 98-7.
- ...training in pilots, 87-6, 98-6.

Kidney

- ...autoregulation mechanism, 63-32.
- ...effects of acute arterial occlusion, 63-22, 65-27.
- ...effects of increased venous pressure, 62-18, 63-1.
- ...effects of pesticides, 63-26, 66-11.

Lighting

- ...cabin, 79-22, 80-13, 81-7, 98-2.
- ...cockpit, 77-2, 77-13, 77-14, 78-17.

Magnesium

...activity and circadian rhythm in excretion, 68-4.

Management

- ...crew resource, FAA flight crews, 96-24.
- ...empowerment, predictors of perceived, 98-24.
- ...ergonometric interventions to reduce worker stress, 99-17.
- ...job task analysis for supervisors, 91-5.
- ...matrix teams, commitment, 93-18.
- ...organizational change, and cynicism, 99-27, 00-14.
- ...organizational commitment, 92-21.
- ...organizational communication, and technology change, 99-25.
- ...training effectiveness, 75-9, 78-32.
- ...training needs, 90-2.
- ...workplace safety behaviors, influence on, 97-8.
 - employee safety perceptions, 99-19.

Medical kits

...used in flight, 91-2, 91-3, 97-2, 00-13.

Motion sickness

- ...susceptibility, 76-14.
- ...treatment effects, 81-16, 82-19.

Motivation

- ...airway facilities personnel, 77-21.
- ...factors in ATC work, 71-30, 74-12.
- ...passengers, in aircraft evacuations, 96-18.

Neurology

- ...alcohol effects on ataxia test battery, 79-9.
- ...alcohol effects on visual functions, 78-2, 79-15.
- ...brain tolerances to concussion, 71-13, 74-4.
- ...central factor in auditory fatigue, 63-19.

- ...chlordimeform toxicity, 77-19.
- ...conditions associated with aviation safety, 81-3.
- ...drug effects on performance, 64-18.
- ...endrin effects, 63-16, 70-11.
- ...in-flight vertigo and unconsciousness, 63-21.
- ...neuropsychological test battery, 92-11, 95-7.
- ...nucleus rotundus, 77-22.
- ...organophosphate insecticide effects, 63-24, 72-29, 73-3, 73-4, 79-15.
- ...photic stimulation, 66-38.
- ...pupillary movement, 65-9, 65-25.
- ...rheoencephalography in cerebrovascular disease detection, 65-4, 67-11.
- ...seizures in flight, 64-6.
- ...spiral aftereffect test, 64-9, 64-10, 64-17, 68-10, 69-15, 71-31.
- ...studies at GCRI, 64-1.
- ...vestibular tests, 75-4.

Noise

- ...aircrew personnel effects, 72-32.
- ...auditory fatigue, 63-19, 65-1, 65-2.
- ...birds, effects on, 62-4.
- ...ear-protector ratings, 73-20, 75-11.
- ...intensity in aircraft cockpits, 68-21, 68-25, 95-18.
- ...performance effects of simulated radar task, 79-24, 83-13.
- ...performance impairment, 72-14.
- ...simulated sonic boom effects, 71-29, 72-19, 72-24, 72-35, 73-16, 74-9.
- ...sonic boom startle effects in field study, 73-11.
- ...speech intelligibility improvement, 70-6, 72-31, 73-13, 76-3.
- ...temporary threshold shift, 79-16.

Nystagmus

- ...adaptation effects, 66-37, 67-6, 67-7, 67-12, 67-19, 69-20.
- ...alcohol effects, 71-6, 71-16, 71-20, 71-34, 71-39, 72-34.
- ...antimotion sickness drug effects, 81-16.
- ...arousal effects, 62-17, 63-29.
- ...caloric habituation, 63-14, 64-14, 65-18, 67-2.
- ...dextroamphetamine and secobarbital effects, 73-17.
- ...habituation to rotation, 63-13, 65-24, 68-2.
- ...illumination effects during angular deceleration, 68-28.
- ...optokinetic stimulation, 70-2, 70-10, 71-22.
- ...secondary, elicitation by irrigation, 63-3.
- ...sleep deprivation, during, 86-9.
- ...translations of reports, Tech. Pub. #1, 64-16, 65-17, 66-2.
- ...vertical, 68-2.

Orthostatic tolerance

- ...alcohol effects at altitude, 82-3.
- ...and beta blocked hypertensives, 92-19.
- ...physical exertion effects, 82-4.

Oxygen

- ...equipment studies, 79-13, 80-18, 89-10, 92-18, 92-22, 95-17, 98-27, 00-6.
- ...flammability of toiletries, 63-27.
- ...need at altitude, 66-28, 97-9.
- ...need for training among civilians, 91-13.
- ...system design, 78-9.

Oxygen masks

- ...crew smoke-protective devices, 76-5, 78-4, 78-14, 78-41, 83-14, 89-8, 89-11.
- ...design for children, 66-9.
- ...disposable, 66-7.
- ...donning time after decompression, 66-10.
- ...evaluation, 62-21, 66-7, 66-20, 67-3, 67-9, 72-10, 78-4, 79-13, 80-18, 83-10, 85-10, 87-5, 89-5, 93-6, 96-4, 98-27, 00-6.

Ozone

- ...chronic effects, 80-16.
- ...effects under simulated flight conditions, 79-20, 80-9.
- ...review of effects, 89-13.

Passengers

- ...blind, cane use in emergency evacuation, 80-12.
- ...child restraints, 94-19, 95-30.
- ...cold/wet exposure, 94-10, 98-4.
- ...emergency evacuation, computer model, 72-30, 78-23, 94-11, 97-20.
 - experimental cabin, 97-18.
 - precautionary, 99-30, 00-11.
 - seating configurations, 89-14.
 - size of exits, 99-10.
- ...emergency lighting, floor, 98-2.
- ...flow rates between compartments, 78-3.
- ...handicapped emergency evacuation, 77-11, 80-12.
- ...head injury analysis, 92-20.
- ...human external loads, rotorcraft, 98-13.
- ...illness and injuries, cabin safety data bank, 79-23.
- ...injuries, during emergency evacuation, 79-6, 79-23.
 - during precautionary evacuation, 99-30.
- ...medical kits, use of, 91-2, 91-3.
- ...neck injury analysis, 93-14.
- ...oxygen masks, 79-13, 80-18, 95-17, 96-4.
- ...ozone effects, 80-9, 89-13.

- ...protective breathing devices, 67-4, 70-20, 83-10, 85-10, 87-2, 87-5, 89-5.
- ...sport parachutists, 98-11.
- ...water spray exposure, 98-4.
- ...wheel-well stowaways, 96-25.

Patients

- ...air transport with eye injuries, 62-12.
- ...civilian air ambulance services, 71-18, 82-5.
- ...human external loads, 98-13.
- ...supplemental oxygen from Molecular Sieve oxygen concentrators, 92-22.

Perception

- ...anticollision lights, 66-39, 70-9, 70-15, 71-42.
- ...approach angle in simulated night landings, 81-6, 82-6.
- ...auditory fatigue, 63-19.
- ...binaural beat, 63-17.
- ...Broca-Sulzer phenomenon, 68-27.
- ...color, 67-8, 83-11, 90-9.
- ...depth, 63-10, 63-28, 65-11, 65-32, 67-20, 00-18.
- ...highlighted targets on displays, 97-10, 99-8.
- ...induced decrements, 93-19.
- ...interaural intensity difference limen, 67-10.
- ...matching loudness to flash brightness, 67-16.
- ...peripheral visual cues, 68-11, 68-12, 68-22.
- ...propeller paint schemes, 78-29.
- ...reaction time, flash luminance and brightness, 67-24.
- ...size and distance, 62-15, 64-13, 66-22, 66-24, 67-18.
- ...spatial extent, 63-20.
- ...spiral aftereffect, 64-9, 64-10, 68-10, 69-15, 71-31.
- ...tactile, 62-11, 62-16.
- ...two-flash thresholds, 68-20, 70-15.
- ...vision through sunscreen materials, 78-28.

Performance (also see: Human Factors)

- ...accident experience, physical defects, 76-7, 77-20, 79-19, 81-14, 83-18.
- ...age effects, 95-3, 95-7, 99-20, 99-22.
- ...age index for pilots, 77-6, 78-16, 78-27, 83-15, 85-3.
- ...age 60 rule, 94-20, 94-21, 94-22, 94-23.
- ...air traffic controllers
 - age effects, 61-1, 62-3, 65-21, 67-1, 71-36, 73-7, 81-12, 84-6, 99-18, 99-23.
- aptitude tests for prediction, 65-19, 68-14, 71-28, 71-36, 71-40, 72-18, 79-3, 84-2, 84-6, 88-3, 89-6, 94-4, 97-15, 98-23, 99-16, 00-2, 00-12.

- color perception effects, 83-11, 90-3.
- computer experience and AT-SAT performance, 00-2.
- evaluation, 61-1, 65-22, 98-23.
- experience as predictor, 63-31.
- flight service station training, 86-6.
- flashing target effects, 90-3, 97-10, 99-8.
- incident reporting, 65-10.
- job task taxonomy for en route, 93-1.
- measurement in air traffic selection and training (AT-SAT) simulation, 00-2, 00-12.
- memory in air traffic control, 97-22, 98-16.
- navigation displays, 00-8.
- Multiple Task Performance Battery for selection, 72-5, 74-10.
- operational errors/deviations, role of shift work and fatigue, 99-2.
- pass-fail in FSS training program, 79-18.
- personality factors, relation to, 70-14, 89-7.
- radar simulator, 65-31, 75-8, 77-18, 78-11, 80-15, 80-17, 82-1, 82-16, 83-9, 83-13, 86-4, 88-4, 89-1, 90-3, 95-23.
- sex differences, 72-22.
- situation awareness, 94-27, 98-16, 99-3.
- video game experience as a predictor, 97-4.
- ...airworthiness inspectors, 87-4.
- ...alcohol effects, 95-3, 95-7.
- ...antihistamine effects, at altitude, 68-15, 78-19.
 - on performance, 97-25, 99-20.
- ...attitude indicators (flight instrument), 73-9.
- ...attitude questionnaires to predict under stress, 69-7.
- ...aural glide slope cues for instrument approaches, 71-24.
- ...aviation medical examiners, 84-7.
- ...chronic disulfoton poisoning effects, 69-19.
- ...cockpit instrument display, compact, 75-12.
 - GPS, 98-9, 98-12, 99-9, 99-13, 00-4.
 - head-up, 98-28.
 - Highway-in-the-Sky (HITS), 00-31.
- ...cognitive appraisal of stress effects, 68-17.
- ...cognitive style and learning, 99-12.
- ...crash diet effects, 81-8.
- ...decompression effects, 66-10.
- ...dextroamphetamine effects during sleep loss, 75-14.
- ...distractibility effects, 72-25.
- ...distracting stimuli effects, 71-7, 72-14.
- ...drug effects during angular acceleration, 73-17, 82-19.
 - in aircraft simulator, 64-18.
 - on complex performance, 69-9, 75-14, 77-17, 78-19, 97-25, 99-20.
- ...eye blink-rate measures, 94-17, 94-26, 96-9, 99-28.
- ...flight instructors and accidents, 96-3.

- ...flight simulation, 96-16, 97-9, 97-24, 98-12.
- ...forest fire retardant missions, effects of, 68-26.
- ...gender effects and antihistamine, 99-20.
- ...heart disease and age effects, 64-4.
- ...heat and altitude effects, 71-17.
- ...heat effects on complex performance, 69-10, 72-17.
- ...hypoxia, decrement due to, 66-15, 71-11, 82-10, 83-15, 85-3, 85-5, 97-9.
- ...impairment by alcohol, 66-29, 69-14, 71-20, 71-34, 72-4, 72-11, 72-34, 78-2, 79-7, 79-26, 82-3, 83-2, 85-5, 88-2, 94-24, 95-3, 95-7.
- ...instrument flying using peripheral visual cues, 68-11, 68-12, 68-22.
- ...interaction of alcohol and altitude, 88-2.
- ...intercontinental flight effects, 65-16, 65-28, 65-29, 65-30, 68-8, 69-17.
- ...marihuana effects, 73-12, 75-6, 85-8.
- ...measurement, 77-15, 78-33, 78-34, 84-2, 98-23, 99-22, 00-2, 00-5.
- ...mental task effects on auditory fatigue, 65-1, 65-2.
- ...monotonous task correlates, 73-14, 75-8.
- ...napping and night shift performance, 00-10.
- ...noise effects on simulated radar task, 79-24.
- ...Phosdrin effects, 72-29, 73-3.
- ...physical conditioning program effects, 66-17, 66-21.
- ...physical exercise effects, 82-4, 82-10.
- ...physiological measures on perceptual-motor tasks, 69-8.
- ...pilot tracking during successive approaches, 72-9.
- ...pseudopilots in radar training, 80-5.
- ...psychophysiological indices, 99-28.
- ...readiness to perform, 93-13, 95-24, 97-5.
- ...reliability of individual subjects, 78-37.
- ...rotating shifts, 96-23, 99-2.
- ...sector complexity and operational errors, 98-14.
- ...shifts in wake-sleep cycle, effects, 75-10, 76-11.
- ...signal rate effects on monitoring, 69-6, 69-16, 97-10.
- ...simulated autopilot malfunctions, 97-24.
- ...simulated glidepath indicators, 79-4, 79-25, 81-6, 82-6.
- ...situation assessment through re-creation of incidents (SATORI), 93-12, 97-13, 98-14.
- ...situation awareness, effects, 99-3, 00-31.
- ...sleep deprivation effects, 70-8, 85-3.
- quality and ATC performance, 00-10.
- ...smoking effects, 80-11, 83-4, 97-7.
- ...sonic boom effects, 71-29, 72-19, 74-9.
- ...startle effects, 69-21, 73-11, 73-16, 79-24, 83-13, 88-4.
- ...stress-related decrements, 93-19.
- ...student pilots, 67-15, 69-12.
- ...tasks for operator-skills research, 66-19.

- ...teamwork training, 99-24.
- ...time-sharing ability, 76-1, 99-22.
- ...tracking and complex performance, 72-21.
- ...tracking, dextroamphetamine, sleep loss, 76-12.
- ...video game experience, on ATC selection tests, 97-4.
- ...visual search with and without radar sweepline, 79-12.
- ...visual taskload effects on CFF change during complex monitoring, 85-13.
- ...visual taskload effects on complex monitoring, 88-1, 90-3, 95-23.
- ...work in heat and cold, 66-23, 68-13.

Personnel, FAA

- ...airway facilities personnel, job attitudes, 77-21, 79-11, 83-7.
- ...Airway Science Curriculum Demonstration Project, evaluation of, 88-5.
- ...airworthiness inspectors, job performance ratings of, 87-4.
- ...biological rhythms and rotating shift work considerations, 86-2.
- ...correlates of satisfaction with training, 91-9.
- ...decision making, equity, and job satisfaction, 91-10.
- ...effectiveness of management training, 75-9, 78-32, 92-16.
- ...electronics technicians, 97-19.
- ...empowerment, predictors of perceived, 98-24.
- ...ergonomic interventions to reduce work stress, 99-17.
- ...flight inspection aircrews, crew resource management, 96-24.
- ...flight service station, organizational climate, 97-12.
- ...health awareness programs, survey evaluation, 00-3.
- ...intent to leave and job satisfaction, 91-15.
- ...identification of management training needs, 90-2, 92-16.
- ...identification with occupation, 92-21.
- ...job task analysis for FAA supervisors, 91-5.
- ...job task taxonomy, en route, 93-1.
- ...maintenance, 89-9, 90-14, 91-16, 92-3, 93-5, 93-15, 94-12, 95-14, 95-31, 96-2.
- ...matrix teams, 93-18.
- ...organizational change, and cynicism, 99-27, 00-14.
- ...organizational commitment, 92-21.
- ...organizational communication, and technology change, 99-25.
- ...organizational support, perceptions of, 92-13.
- ...safety perceptions following safety awareness program, 99-19.
- ...team implementation and diversity climate, 00-27.
- ...test fairness for selection, 79-3, 96-13, 99-16.

Subject and Report Number

Pesticides

- ...aerial application aircraft accidents, 66-27, 66-30, 68-16, 78-31, 80-3.
- ...biochemical effects of lindane and dieldrin, 62-10, 63-4.
- ...chlordimeform toxicity, 77-19.
- ...cholinesterase determination, 67-5.
- ...CNS effects of organophosphates, 63-24, 69-19, 79-15.
- ...comparison of serum cholinesterase methods, 70-13, 72-12.
- ...dieldrin effects on liver, 66-5, 66-26.
- ...endrin effects, 66-11, 66-26, 66-34, 70-11.
- ...endrin, mechanisms of action, 63-16, 63-26.
- ...methamidophos toxicity, 78-26.
- ...organophosphates effects on reproduction, 70-3.
- ...Phosdrin effects on performance, 72-29, 73-3.
- ...Phosdrin effects on vision, 73-4.
- ...storage stability of human blood cholinesterase, 70-4.
- ...symptoms and treatment of poisoning, 62-8.

Physical fitness

- ...age relationship, 63-18.
- ...ATC students, 71-8.
- ...field test for, 63-6.
- ...myocardial infarction, 64-2, 66-17, 66-21.
- ...neuropsychological screening, 92-11.

Physiology

- ...autonomic and performance, 93-19.
- ...backscatter, responses to, 72-8.
- ...blood donation effects, 84-4.
- ...cabin water spray, following, 98-4.
- ...crash diet effects, 81-2, 81-8.
- ...evaporative water loss device, 67-17.
- ...gas pressure in tissue, 63-11.
- ...high altitude training, need for, 91-13.
- ...measures during complex task performance, 69-8, 82-10.
- ...neural control of the ciliary muscle, 63-5.
- ...protection at high altitude, 99-4.
- ...sleep deprivation responses, 70-8, 75-14.
- ...smoking withdrawal responses, 83-4.
- ...thermal balance, 66-23.
- ...tolerances to heat, 70-22, 71-4.
- ...wheel-well stowaways, 96-25.

Pilots

- ...accident experience, physical defects, 76-7, 77-20, 79-19, 81-14, 83-18.
- ...accident predisposition, 72-2, 73-5.

- organizational factors, 00-28
- ...active population, estimate of, 68-5.
- ...aerial applicator protection, 66-30, 72-15, 80-3.
- ...age index, 77-6, 78-16, 78-27, 82-18.
- ...age 60 rule, 94-20, 94-21, 94-22, 94-23.
- ...ages of those in aircraft accidents, 67-22, 70-18, 77-10, 94-22.
- ...alcohol effects on performance, 66-29, 72-4, 78-2, 79-7, 79-26, 83-2.
- ...alcoholic airline pilots rehabilitation, 85-12.
- ...altitude tolerance with pulmonary disease, 77-16.
- ...analysis of certification denial actions, 68-9, 74-5, 76-10, 78-25, 80-19, 83-5,84-9, 85-9, 86-7, 90-5, 90-7.
- ...anticollision observing responses, 73-6.
- ...attitudes toward safety, 95-27.
 - toward safety training, 97-16, 98-6, 99-7.
- ...attrition, 72-13, 73-8.
- ...blood donation effects, 84-4.
- ...blood pressure levels, 84-3.
- ...cardiovascular health changes in third-class certificate holders, 72-26.
- ...cockpit visual problems, 77-2, 77-7, 77-13, 77-14, 78-17.
- ...color vision and signal lights, 71-27, 71-32, 73-18, 75-1, 93-17.
- ...communication, 96-10, 96-20, 96-26, 98-17, 98-20, 99-21.
- ...computer-based flight simulator, 96-15.
- ...computer-based training, 94-25, 95-6, 96-8, 97-11.
- ...control force capabilities of females, 72-27, 73-23.
- ...coronary atherosclerosis in fatal accidents, 80-8, 85-6.
- ...crew resource management, flight inspection aircrew, 96-24.
- ...decision-making skills, 98-7.
- ...decision-making training, 87-6, 96-19, 98-6.
 - "expert" pilot training model, 97-6.
 - use of weather information, 97-3, 97-23.
- ...disease prevalence and incidence, 73-8, 81-9, 84-8, 89-2.
- ...drug effects in aircraft simulator, 64-18.
- ...exams of first-class certificate holders by senior AMEs, 71-38.
- ...experience in controller selection, 74-8.
- ...fatigue, 81-13.
- ...flight information accessed by pilots, 00-26.
- ...flight physiology training, need for, 91-13.
- ...G effects of aerobatics, 72-28, 82-13.
- ...heart rates during instrument approaches, 70-7, 71-24, 75-12.
- ...heat effects on performance in a flight simulator, 72-17.
- ...judgment training, 87-6.

- ...longevity and survival of retired airline pilots, 95-5.
- ...marijuana in general aviation fatal accidents, 85-8.
- ...medical standards, 71-25, 82-14.
- ...navigation displays using text and graphics, 00-8.
- ...neuropsychological screening, 92-11.
- ...noise effects on hearing, 72-32.
- ...occupations, 69-11, 77-10.
- ...ozone effects, 80-9, 89-13.
- ...performance, on glidepath indicator systems, 79-4, 79-25, 81-6, 82-6.
 - GPS displays, 98-9, 98-12, 99-9, 99-13, 99-26.
 - head-up displays, 98-28.
 - Highway-in-the Sky (HITS) display, 00-31.
 - simulated autopilot malfunctions, 97-24.
- two attitude indicators, 73-9.
- ...peripheral visual cue response, 68-11, 68-12, 68-22.
- ...physician accidents, 66-25, 71-9.
- ...physiological responses on cross-country flights, 71-23.
- ...physiological studies in air tankers, 68-26.
- ...pulmonary function, 77-3.
- ...risk factors for cardiac events, 90-7.
- ...safety climate, pilot perception of, 00-28.
- ...safety training, evaluation, 97-16, 98-6, 99-7.
- ...satisfaction with ATC services, 90-6.
- ...severe weather flying, 66-41.
- ...shoulder harness, use of, 95-2.
- ...smoking effects on performance, 80-11, 83-4.
- ...status variables with accidents, 70-18.
- ... stress, domestic-based and perceived performance, 00-32.
- ...stress in student pilots, 67-15, 69-12, 76-2.
- ...suicide, 72-2, 73-5.
- ...tracking performance during successive approaches, 72-9.
- ...type airman certificate related to accidents, 67-23.
- ...vertigo, 67-19.
- ...visual acuity, midair collisions, 75-5.
- ...voice communication, 93-20.
- ...workload, 77-15, 81-13.

Pregnancy

- ...crewmember radiation exposure, 92-2, 00-33.
- ...emergency air transport, 82-5.
- ...impact injuries, 68-6, 68-24.
- ...organophosphate pesticide effects in rats, 70-3.

Propellers

- ...paint schemes conspicuity, 78-29.
- ...propeller-to-person accidents, 81-15, 93-2.

Protective breathing equipment

...evaluation, 62-21, 66-7, 66-20, 67-3, 67-9, 72-10, 78-4, 79-13, 80-18, 83-10, 85-10, 87-5, 89-5, 93-6, 96-4, 98-27, 00-6.

Psychology

- ...accident proneness, 93-9.
- ...automation and pilot performance, 97-24, 00-8.
- ...CogScreen, neuropsychological test, age effects, 99-22.
- ...cognitive style and learning, 99-12.
- ...Composite Mood Adjective Check List to measure stress effects, 71-14, 71-21, 73-22.
- ...cultural diversity awareness training, 95-10.
- ...diversity climate, 00-26.
- ...empowerment, predictors of perceived, 98-24.
- ...expertise method in aeronautical decision- making, 97-6.
- ...flight inspection aircraft, preferences, 95-18.
- ...job attitudes, airway facilities personnel, 77-21, 79-11, 83-7.
- ...memory in air traffic control, 97-22, 98-16.
- ...motivation in aircraft evacuation, 96-18.
- ...organizational factors, 90-2, 91-5, 92-8, 92-9, 92-10, 92-13, 92-17, 92-21, 94-2, 98-23, 99-25, 99-27, 00-14, 00-16, 00-26.
- ...personality assessment, 71-35, 91-8, 93-4.
- ...pilot attitudes toward safety, 95-27, 98-7, 99-7.
- ...psychological autopsy, 72-2, 73-5.
- ...psychophysiological indices of alertness, 99-28.
- ...safety behaviors on the job, management influence, 97-8, 99-19.
- ...Shipley Institute of Living Scale with ATCSs, 92-30.
- ...situational awareness, 94-27, 97-13, 97-22, 98-16, 99-3, 00-31.
- ...Sixteen Personality Factors test with ATCSs, 97-17.
- ...stress and anxiety in air traffic controllers, 80-14, 81-5, 89-7.
- ...stress, domestic-based and perceived pilot performance, 00-32.
- ...stress and physical symptoms in employees, 99-17.
- ...Type A behavior, 86-4, 94-13.
- ...use of PC-based training devices, 94-25, 95-6, 96-8, 96-15, 96-16, 97-11.
- ...validity coefficients in ATCS selection, 00-15.

Pulmonary

- ...disease, altitude tolerance, 77-16.
- ...function testing, 64-1, 71-8, 77-3.
- ...glyceryl trinitrate, vascular effects of, 64-11.
- ...hyperpyrexia, responses to, 64-8.
- ...ozone effects on function, 79-20, 80-9, 89-13.

- ...protection from smoke, fire, 67-4, 78-4, 83-10, 83-14, 85-10.
- ...thromboembolism, 64-7.

Radiation

- ...calibration of Concorde detection instrument, 71-26.
- ...cosmic and air carrier crewmembers, 92-2, 00-33.
- ...measurements at SST altitudes, 71-26, 80-2.
- ...RBE of fast neutrons, 78-8.
- ...transport limits for radioactive material, 82-12.

Renal function

- ...acute arterial occlusion effects, 63-22, 65-27.
- ...autoregulation mechanism, 63-32.
- ...insecticide effects, 63-26.
- ...venous pressure effects, increase of, 62-18, 63-1.

Research, aeromedical

- ...aging studies at GCRI, 64-1.
- ...aims and accomplishments, 62-20, 67-25.
- ...alcohol effects review, low dose, 94-24.
- ...ballistocardiography, 64-12, 65-8, 65-15.
- ...bibliography of acceleration studies, 63-30.
- ...bibliography of shift work research, 83-17.
- ...butalbital, distribution of fluids and tissues, 00-29.
- ...carboxyhemoglobin standard, 98-21.
- ...DNA detection of postmortem ethanolproducing microorganisms, 00-16.
- ...DNA profiling, 98-18, 99-14.
- ...history, CAMI, prefaces to 87-1, 97-1, 98-1, 01-1.
- ...index of international publications, 93-3.
- ...index of OAM reports, 63-2, 64-20, 66-1, 68-1, 70-1, 72-1, 74-1, 77-1, 79-1, 81-1, 83-1, 87-1, 90-1, 92-1, 94-1, 96-1, 97-1, 98-1, 99-1, 00-1, 01-1
- ...medical care, inflight, 00-13.
- ...medical incidents inflight, 00-13.
- ...needs, 63-35, 71-10.
- ...plans, for NAS operator selection, 97-19.
- ...postmortem ethanol analysis, internal standard, 98-5.
- ...radiation, galactic, 92-2, 00-33.
- ...quinine elimination, 94-16.
- ...translated material, Tech. Pub. #1, 64-16, 65-17, 66-2, 68-7, 71-5, 76-4, 81-4.

Restraint

- ...acceptance of upper torso restraint, 71-12.
- ...bibliography, 63-30.
- ...center of gravity, 62-14, 65-23, 69-22.

- ...child, 94-19, 95-30.
- ...cockpit delethalization, 66-3, 71-3, 72-6, 81-10.
- ...comparison of systems, 67-13, 69-3, 69-4, 69-5, 69-13.
- ...effectiveness in agricultural aircraft accidents, 72-15, 80-3.
- ...evaluation, 78-6, 78-24, 79-17.
- ...head impacts while wearing, 72-6.
- ...infant and child systems, 78-12.
- ...kinematics with seatbelt restraint, 62-13, 92-20.
- ...lapbelt effects on pregnant female, 68-24.
- ...push-button buckles, 99-6.
- ...shoulder harness benefits, 72-3, 82-7, 83-8.
- ...shoulder harness design, 65-14.
- ...sport parachutists, 98-11.
- ...upper body restraint installation, 66-33.

Rheoencephalography

...cerebrovascular disease detection, 65-4, 67-11.

Seat

- ...child and infant seat evaluation, 78-12, 94-19, 95-30.
- ...comfort, 62-1.
- ...cushion flotation, 66-13, 95-20.
- ...energy-absorbing, 83-3, 90-11.
- ...evaluation, 78-6, 78-24, 79-17, 80-3, 81-10, 82-7, 83-3.
- ...fire-blocking materials toxicity, 86-1.
- ...injury potential, 66-18, 71-3, 72-15, 82-7, 83-8, 89-3.
- ...pitch and evacuation, 92-27.
- ...placement and Type III exits, 95-22.
- ...pressure distribution, 62-1.
- ...rearward-facing, injuries, 62-7, 69-13.
- ...side-facing, impact injuries, 69-13.

Seatbelts

- ...center of gravity in design, 62-14, 65-23.
- ...cockpit delethalization, 66-3, 71-3.
- ...evaluation of different systems, 67-13, 69-3, 69-13.
- ...impact injuries due to, 69-5.
- ...impact injuries to pregnant females, 68-24.
- ...kinematics of restrained subjects, 62-13.
- ...push-button buckles, 99-6.

Shift work and shift rotations

- ...attitudes of ATCSs, 73-2.
- ...bibliography of shift work research, 83-17.
- ...8- vs. 10-hour work schedules, 95-32.
- ...5-day and 2-2-1 pattern, 73-22, 75-7, 95-12, 95-19, 96-23.

- ...performance effects, shifts and antihistamines, 97-25.
 - shifts and fatigue, 99-2.
- ...review, 86-2.
- ...sleep in air traffic controllers, 77-5, 95-12, 95-19, 99-2, 00-10.
- ...steady and 2-2-1 shifts, 85-2.
- ...symptoms reported for ATCSs, 65-5, 65-6.
- ...translations of reports, 81-4.

Shoulder harness

- ...acceptance tests, 71-12.
- ...angle of shoulder slope in design, 65-14.
- ...benefits, 72-3, 82-7, 83-8.
- ...cockpit delethalization, 66-3, 72-6, 81-10.
- ...comparison of types, 67-13, 69-3, 69-4, 69-5.
- ...effectiveness in agricultural aircraft accidents, 72-15, 80-3.
- ...failures, 81-10.
- ...head impacts while wearing, 72-6.
- ...installation in general aviation aircraft, 66-33.
- ...use of, 95-2.

Sickle cell trait

- ...aeromedical significance, 76-15, 80-20.
- ...research protocol, 78-30.

Simulation

- ...air traffic controller radar task, 65-31, 75-8, 77-18, 78-11, 79-12, 79-24, 80-15, 81-12, 82-1, 82-16, 83-9, 83-13, 90-3, 94-17, 94-26, 96-9, 99-3, 00-2, 00-5.
- ...air traffic controller color perception and job performance, 83-11, 90-9, 92-6.
- ...Air Traffic Selection and Training (AT-SAT) , 00-2.
- ...aircraft passenger emergency evacuation, 72-30, 77-11, 78-23, 96-18, 97-18.
- ...approach control and communication, 98-17.
- ...autopilot malfunctions and pilot responses, 97-24.
- ...aviation stress protocol, 78-5.
- ...flight, PC-based, 96-15, 96-16.
 - and performance, 97-9.
- ...GPS displays, 98-9, 98-12. ...head-up displays, 98-28
- ... Highway-in-the Sky (HITS) display, 00-31.
- ...+Gz, 79-8.
- ...movement of objects in depth, 65-32.
- ...navigation display formats, 96-16.
- ...night approaches to landing, 77-12, 78-15, 79-4, 81-6, 82-6.
- ...operator skills research, 66-19.
- ...pilot workload, 77-15, 82-10, 83-15.

- ...sonic booms, 71-29, 72-19, 72-24, 72-35, 73-16.
- ...stress in ground trainer use, 76-2.
- ...transfer of training, 69-24.
- ...visual glidepath indicator systems, 79-4, 79-25, 81-6, 82-6.

Skin

- ...conductance with sonic booms, 71-29.
- ...evaporative water loss, 63-25.
- ...flammability of toiletries, 63-27.
- ...galvanic skin response, 64-18.
- ...tactile communication, 62-11, 62-16.
- ...temperature to predict tolerances to heat and cold, 71-4.
- ...thermal stress following cabin water spray, 98-4.

Sleep

- ...air traffic controllers, 77-5, 95-12, 95-19, 00-10.
- ...deprivation, 70-8, 85-3.
- ...dextroamphetamine effects during sleep loss, 75-14.
- ...loss, and performance, 93-19.
- and vestibular response, 86-9.
- ...shift work effects in sleep-wake cycle, 75-10, 76-11.
- ...sonic boom effects, 72-19, 72-24, 72-35.
- ...work schedule effects, 95-32, 99-2, 00-10.

Smoke

- ...air carrier accidents, 62-9, 65-7, 70-16.
- ...crew protective devices, 76-5, 78-4, 78-14, 78-41, 83-14, 89-8, 89-11.
- ...emergency signs, effects on reading, 79-22, 80-13, 81-7.
- ...passenger protective breathing devices, 67-4, 70-20, 83-10, 85-10, 87-2, 87-5, 89-5, 89-12.
- ...toxicity, 95-8.
- ...toxicity of thermal degradation products of engine oils, 83-12.

Smoking

- ...aviation safety, effects on, 80-11, 97-7.
- ...smoking/withdrawal effects, 83-4.

Sonic booms

- ...autonomic responses, 71-29, 72-35, 73-16, 74-9.
- ...sleep, effects during, 72-19, 72-24, 72-35.
- ...startle effects, 73-11, 73-16, 74-9.
- ...tracking performance effects, 71-29.

Stells

...warning device, 66-31.

Standards

- ...advanced aerospace systems, 71-33.
- ...aeromedical, 71-25, 71-33, 82-14, 00-19.
- ...carboxyhemoglobin, 98-21.
- ...color vision for air traffic controllers, 83-11, 90-9.
- ...escape slides, inflatable, 98-3.
- ...floor proximity marking systems, 98-2.
- ...neurological and neurosurgical conditions, 81-3.
- ...postmortem ethanol analysis, internal standard, 98-5.
- ...quality assurance in forensic toxicology, 99-11, 99-15.

Stress

- ...air tanker pilots, 68-26.
- ...air traffic controllers, 71-2, 71-21, 73-15, 73-21, 73-22, 74-11, 75-7, 76-13, 77-23, 78-5, 78-18, 78-40, 80-14, 82-17.
- ...assessment with State-Trait Anxiety Inventory, 72-23, 81-5, 91-8.
- ...aviation stress protocol—simulation, 78-5.
- ...Composite Mood Adjective Check List, to measure, 71-14, 71-21.
- ...domestic-based and pilots' perceived performance, 00-32.
- ...ergonomic interventions, 99-17.
- ...evaporative water loss device, 67-17.
- ...flight inspection crews, 81-13.
- ...+Gz, 79-8.
- ...heart rate and performance effects, 68-17, 69-21.
- ...heart rates during instrument approaches, 70-7, 71-24, 75-12.
- ...job and burnout, 92-7.
- ...measurement of evaporative water loss, 63-25.
- ...monotony with automation as a stressor, 80-1.
- ...performance prediction by attitudes, 69-7.
- ...performance under auditory distraction, 72-14.
- ...physiological responses on cross-country flights, 71-23.
- ...plasma catecholamine determination, 66-6, 71-15.
- ...severe weather flying, 66-41.
- ...situational in accident causation, 72-2, 73-5.
- ...student pilots, 67-15, 69-12, 76-2.
- ...symptoms reported by air traffic controllers, 65-5, 65-6.
- ...urinary metabolites, 78-18, 78-40, 85-2.
- ...wake-sleep cycle shifts, 75-10, 76-11.

Suicide

...aircraft accident cause, 72-2, 73-5.

Supersonic transport

- ...anticollision lights, 70-9, 70-15, 71-42.
- ...decompression profiles, 70-12, 99-4.
- ...evacuation tests, 70-19.
- ...radiation at SST altitudes, 71-26, 80-2.
- ...sonic boom effects, 71-29, 72-19, 72-24, 72-35, 73-11, 73-16, 74-9.

Temperature

- ...cold effects on shipped dogs, 87-2.
- ...changes in cold water with prototype life preserver, 85-11.
- ...complex performance effects, 69-10, 71-17, 72-17.
- ...evaporative water loss, 63-25, 67-17.
- ...heat effects on shipped dogs, 77-8, 81-11, 84-5, 87-8.
- ...heat tolerance limits of rats and mice, 86-8.
- ...human tolerance, 62-6, 70-22.
- ...hyperpyrexia, 64-8.
- ...liver damage effects by dieldrin, 66-5.
- ...maintenance of thermal balance, 66-23.
- ...manual performance effects, 68-13.
- ...tranquilizer effects on body temperature, 63-23, 66-14.

Tests

- ...air traffic controller selection, 61-1, 62-2, 65-19, 65-21, 68-14, 71-28, 71-36, 72-5, 72-18, 74-10, 77-25, 78-7, 79-3, 79-14, 79-21, 80-7, 82-11, 84-2, 84-6, 90-4, 90-8, 90-13, 91-9, 94-4, 94-9, 96-13, 97-4, 97-15, 98-23, 99-16, 99-23, 00-2, 00-12.
- ...alcohol abuse, 83-2.
- ...aptitude measures, of military ATCS trainees, 71-40. of female ATCS trainees, 72-22.
- ...ataxia, alcohol effects, 79-9.
- ...ballistocardiography, 64-12, 65-8, 65-15.
- ...cholinesterase activity, 67-5.
- ...color vision, 67-8, 71-27, 71-32, 73-18, 75-1, 83-11, 85-7, 90-9, 92-29, 93-16, 93-17, 95-13.
- ...complex human performance, 69-6, 69-16, 72-5, 72-21.
- ...CogScreen, age effects, 99-22.
- ...Composite Mood Adjective Check List, 71-14, 71-21, 73-22.
- ...correlation with experience in ATCS selection, 63-31.
- ...directional headings, 72-18, 90-8.
- ...distraction susceptibility, 71-7.
- ...emergency evacuation, 65-7, 66-42, 70-19, 70-20, 77-11, 78-3, 79-5, 89-5, 89-14, 92-27, 95-22, 95-25, 96-18, 99-10.
- ...energy-absorbing seat effectiveness, 83-3, 90-11.
- ...escape slides, inflatable, 98-3.

- ...fairness, 79-3, 96-13, 98-23, 99-16.
- ...flight service station training, 79-18, 86-6.
- ...neuropsychological battery, 92-11, 99-22.
- ...performance, 66-19, 97-5, 00-2.
- ...performance after decompression, 66-10.
- ...performance, age and disease, 64-4.
- ...performance and age, 65-21, 71-36, 81-12, 99-23.
- ...performance and personality factors, 70-14.
- ...performance with hypoxia, 66-15, 71-11, 82-10, 83-15.
- ...personality assessment, 71-35, 93-4.
- ...physical fitness, 63-6, 63-18, 63-33, 64-3, 66-17.
- ...proficiency in post mortem forensic toxicology, 99-11.
- ...pupillary movement, 65-9, 65-25.
- ...readiness to perform, 93-13, 95-24.
- ...scanning and monitoring, 92-12, 94-8.
- ...Shipley Institute of Living Scale, 92-30.
- ...Sixteen Personality Factors test, with ATCSs, 97-17.
- ...spiral aftereffect, 64-9, 64-10, 64-17, 68-10, 69-15, 71-31.
- ...stain for dieldrin and endrin, 66-26.
- ...State Trait Anxiety Inventory, 72-23, 76-13, 80-14, 81-5, 89-7, 91-8.
- ...Stroop test, 71-7, 72-14.
- ...supervisory, air traffic control, 92-16.
- ...system for combustion toxicology, 77-9.
- ...vestibular during physical exams, 75-4.
- ...video game experience, 97-4.

Thorax

...effective mass determination, 96-7.

Tobacco

...effects on aviation safety, 80-11, 83-4.

Tolerance

- ...brain, to concussion, 71-13, 74-4.
- ...cold stress in dogs, 87-8.
- ...decompression for SST, 70-12.
- ...face, to impact, 65-20, 66-12, 66-40.
- ...flight stresses, 62-6, 81-2.
- ...free-fall impacts, 63-15.
- ...heat for rats and mice, 86-8.
- ...heat stress in dogs, 77-8, 81-11, 84-5, 87-8.
- ...hot environments, 70-22.
- ...hypoxia, propranolol effects, 79-10, 80-10.
- ...impacts in water, 65-12, 68-19.
- ...intercontinental flights, 65-16, 65-28, 65-29, 65-30.
- ...orthostatic, 63-34, 82-3, 82-4., 92-19.
-+Gz, 79-8, 81-2.

- ...prediction for thermal environments, 71-4.
- ...vertical impact, 62-19.
- ...work at altitudes, 82-3.

Toxicology

- ...butalbital, forensic analysis, 00-29.
- ...carbon monoxide, 89-4, 93-7, 94-7, 94-18, 98-21, 00-9.
- ...combustion products of cabin materials, 77-9, 85-5, 86-1, 86-3, 86-5, 89-4, 90-15, 90-16, 91-17, 93-7, 93-8.
- ...DNA detection of ethanol-producing
- microorganisms in postmortem samples, 00-16.
- profiling, quality assurance in forensic, 98-18, 99-14.
- ...fatal aircraft accident findings, 78-31, 80-11, 82-15, 92-23, 92-24, 94-14, 97-14, 98-5, 99-29.
- ...glucose levels, abnormal, 00-22.
- ...hydrogen cyanide, 93-8, 94-7, 94-18.
- ...hydrogen sulfide, 00-34.
- ...melatonin, 98-10.
- ...metabolites, 95-26, 97-14.
- ...methodology, single extraction urine screening, 96-17.
- ...ozone toxicity, 80-16, 89-13.
- ...postmortem ethanol analysis, internal standard, 98-5.
- ...proficiency testing, 99-11.
- ...sildenafil (Viagra), method for detecting in postmortem samples, 00-20.
- ...thermal degradation of engine oils, 83-12.
- ...time to incapacitation, 89-4, 93-7, 93-8, 94-7.
- ...quality assurance and quality control, 99-11, 99-15.

Training

- ...air traffic controllers, 78-10, 79-3, 79-18, 80-5, 80-15, 82-2, 83-9, 84-6, 88-3, 89-6, 89-7, 91-9, 91-18, 94-8, 95-16, 97-15, 98-8, 98-22, 98-23, 99-16, 00-12.
- ...aviation medical examiners, 84-7.
- ...biographical factors in ATCS success, 83-6, 84-6.
- ...correlates of satisfaction with, 91-9.
- ...crew resource management, flight inspector aircrew, 96-24.
- ...devices, 96-6.
- ...disorientation familiarization, 70-17, 77-24.
- ...diversity awareness, 95-10.
- ...flight, PC-based training, 94-25, 95-6, 97-11.
- ...flight instructors, 96-3.
- ...flight physiology, need for, 91-13.
- ...flight service station, 86-6, 91-4.
- ...judgment training for pilots, 87-6, 98-6.

- ...maintenance personnel, 91-16, 93-5, 95-14, 95-31, 96-2.
- ...management training, effectiveness of, 75-9, 78-32.
- ...needs for managers, 90-2.
- ...personality factor in ATC, 93-4.
- ...physiological, 10-year chamber experience, 77-4.
- ...reception of distorted speech, 73-13.
- ...resource management, controller/crew, 95-21.
- ...safety seminars for pilots, evaluation, 97-16, 99-7.
- ...situation awareness, 94-27.
- ...stress in pilot training, 67-15, 69-12, 76-2.
- ...supervisory, air traffic control, 92-16.
- ...teamwork, 99-24, 00-24.
- ...test fairness, 79-3, 96-8, 99-16.
- ...tracking performance during successive approaches, 72-9.
- ...transfer from simulation, 69-24, 94-25, 95-6.
- ...water survival programs, analysis, 98-19.

Translations

- ...aviation medicine, general, 64-16, 65-17, 66-2, 68-7, 71-5, 72-16, 73-19, 76-4, 81-4.
- ...color vision tests, 67-8.
- ...nystagmus and vestibular function, Tech. Pub. #1, 1963.

Turbulence

- ...effects of severe weather flying, 66-41.
- ...injuries, cabin safety data bank, 79-23, 82-8.

Vertigo

- ... Coriolis stimulation, 67-19.
- ...flicker, 66-39.
- ...illumination during angular deceleration, 68-28.
- ...in-flight case with unconsciousness, 63-21.
- ...production by spiral aftereffect, 64-9, 64-10, 64-17.

Vestibular function

- ...adaptation, 66-37, 67-6, 67-7, 67-12, 67-19, 69-20, 74-3.
- ...alcohol effects, 71-6, 71-16, 71-20, 71-34, 71-39, 72-34, 79-9.
- ...arousal effects, 62-17, 63-29.
- ...caloric habituation, 63-14, 64-14, 65-18, 67-2.
- ...dextroamphetamine and secobarbital effects, 73-17.
- ...habituation to rotation, 63-13, 65-24, 68-2.
- ...motion sickness susceptibility, 76-14.
- ...rotation device, 64-15.
- ...secondary, tertiary, and inverted primary nystagmus, 63-3.
- ...sleep loss effects, 86-9.

...tests during physical examinations, 75-4.

...translation of reports, Tech. Pub. #1, 64-16, 65-17, 66-2, 72-16, 73-19.

Vibration

...bibliography, 63-30.

Video games

...experience and air traffic scenario test score, 97-4.

Vigilance

- ...eye blink rate and fatigue, 94-17, 94-26, 96-9, 99-28.
- ...hypoxia effects, 71-11.
- ... napping and ATC performance, 00-10.
- ...psychophysiological indices, 99-28.
- ...simulated ATC tasks, 77-18, 78-11, 80-17, 94-6, 94-26, 95-23.

Vision

- ...acuity, pilots in midair collisions, 75-5.
- ...age and binocular fusion time, 66-35.
- ...alcohol effects, 78-2, 79-15.
- ...anticollision lights, 66-39, 70-9, 70-15, 71-42, 72-8.
- ...aphakia, accident risk assessment, 95-11.
- ...aphakia, incidence in airmen, 91-14, 92-14, 93-11.
- ...artificial lens implants, 92-14, 93-11.
- ...atropine and Phosdrin effects, 73-4.
- ...bifocal effects on radar monitoring, 82-16.
- ...Broca-Sulzer phenomenon, 68-27.
- ...chart readability, 77-13, 78-17.
- ...color, diagnostic tests, 67-8, 71-27, 71-32, 73-18, 75-1, 93-16, 93-17, 95-13.
- ...color perception and ATCS job performance, 83-11, 85-7, 90-3, 92-6, 92-28, 92-29.
- ...contact lenses in an airline accident, 00-18.
 - in certification, 90-10, 00-18.
- ...cues for approach and landing, 79-4, 79-25, 81-6, 82-6.
- ...deficiencies in accident airmen, 81-14, 83-18, 93-11.
- ...disorientation, 69-23, 70-2.
- ...drug and pesticide effects on visual reflexes, 79-15.
- ...fatigue effects on binocular fusion time, 69-1.
- ...fixation effects on nystagmus, 67-12.
- ...gender differences in refractive surgery, 00-23.
- ...glare, 94-15.
- ...glaucoma, visual field and altitude, 91-1.
- ...illusions, 70-2, 71-22, 77-12, 78-15.
- ...instrument readability by senior pilots, 77-2, 77-7.
- ...light adaptation device, 66-38.

- ...matching flash loudness and brightness, 67-16.
- ...monitoring performance on simulated radar task, 80-17, 81-12, 82-16, 90-3, 94-17, 94-26, 96-9.
- ...occupational vision, 96-12, 96-27.
- ...ophthalmic lenses for air traffic controllers, 96-12, 96-27.
- ...perception of depth, 63-10, 63-28, 67-20.
- ...perception of size and distance, 62-15, 64-13, 65-11, 66-22, 66-24,67-18.
- ...perception of spatial extent, 63-20.
- ...peripheral visual cues, 68-11, 68-12, 68-22.
- ...photorefractive keratectomy, 98-25.
- ...presbyopic individuals, 77-14.
- ...propeller paint schemes conspicuity, 78-29.
- ...reaction time, flash luminance and brightness, 67-24.
- ...radial keratectomy, 98-25.
- ...radial keratotomy, 99-6, 00-19.
- ...readability of emergency signs in smoke, 79-22, 80-13, 81-7.
- ...refractive surgery, 99-6, 00-19, 00-23.
- ...search performance with radar sweepline, 79-12.
- ...smoke-protective goggles, 76-5, 78-41, 83-14.
- ...spiral aftereffect, 64-9, 64-10, 64-17, 68-10, 69-15, 71-31.
- ...stimulation during angular deceleration, 68-28.
- ...sunscreen materials effects, 78-28.
- ...test for monitoring and scanning, 92-12, 94-8.
- ...two-flash thresholds, 68-20, 70-15, 71-42.
- ...X-Chrom lens to improve color vision, 78-22.

Warning signals

- ...blink amplitudes and attention, 97-10, 99-8.
- ...color and flashing radar targets, 90-3.

Water survival

- ...flotation, use of seat cushion, 95-20
- ...life preserver evaluation, 85-11.
- ...training programs, analysis, 98-19.

Weight

- ...accident rate relation to body weight, 70-18.
- ...ATCS population, changes in, 71-19, 72-20.
- ...errors in stated estimates, 73-10.
- ...third-class certificate holders, changes in, 72-26.

Work

- ...age effects on tolerance, 63-33.
- ...alcohol effects, 82-3.
- ...altitude effects on tolerance, 63-33, 82-3.
- ...anxiety relation to workload in ATCSs, 73-15, 77-23, 80-14, 81-5.
- ...blood pressure effects, 66-36.
- ...capacity, after myocardial infarction, 64-2, 66-17, 66-21.
 - of ATCS students, 71-8.
 - related to age, 63-18.
 - with step test, 64-3.
- ...distractibility with monotony, 72-25.
- ...domestic-based stress, effects on work environment, 00-32.
- ...drug effects on performance, 63-12, 63-34.
- ...energy cost on treadmill, 62-5.
- ...fitness, field test for, 63-6.
- ...human tolerance, 62-6.
- ...measurement, of air traffic controller workload, 98-15.
 - of pilot workload, 77-15, 81-13.
- ...monotonous task performance correlates, 73-14.
- ...motivation of ATCS, 73-2.
- ...organizational climate, FSS, 97-12.
 - -FAA, 98-24.
- ...passenger workload and protective breathing requirements, 87-2.
- ...safety climate, 97-8, 99-19.
- ...shift rotation effects, 65-5, 65-6, 81-4, 82-17, 83-17, 85-2, 86-2.
- ...shift work and performance, 97-25, 99-2, 00-10.
- ...sickle cell trait effects, 80-20.
- ...strength and endurance of female pilots, 72-27, 73-23.
- ...strength of flight attendants, 75-13.
- ...thermal balance in heat and cold, 66-23, 68-13.
- ...workload effects, on complex performance, 83-15.
- flight progress strips, 98-26.

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